What the future of oratory in general will be it is impossible to forecast. The English word 'orator' seems to have fallen on evil days. It is rarely used without a slightly derisory accent as when men say with curious emphasis, 'I am no orator as Brutus is'. The orators of ancient times felt themselves to be engaged on a task of the highest worth and value. They were 'shaping works for all the future' and "offering themselves to be examined by all-testing Envy and Time", as one of the ancient writers said when defending and praising the scrupulous care taken by Demosthenes. Today, the care and attention given to the art of public speaking has sensibly declined. Sir Winston Churchill was, in many respects, a survivor from the golden age of oratory. No doubt it could be said of him as was said of the great orator of ancient times, 'he adopts no thought, no word at random, but takes much care of both the arrangement of his ideas and the graciousness of his language". English oratory is adorned with many famous names and among them Churchill stands extraordinarily high. For more than fifty years he has expressed himself on great national and international matters, and the volumes of his speeches are a history in themselves. Many of his speeches will live as examples of human speech at its highest and best, and they will be woven into the fabric of our own history and the history of the world.

## Diatory in Ancient Times

the future of oratory. The orators of ancient times considered it a task of ancient times considered it a task of highest prestige. During the public spends, highest prestige. During the public spends, a time were utmost care was taken as they were no sense chapters the future passing through all of this sentence tests. Now a days, a titlle estart of made while speaking publicly. In shade while speaking publicly. In illustrating example from past in Churchill who always presented a careful connection of his ideas and his speech. His speeches that he presented on national and international stages will always air as linchpin in woulds history. be precise and to the receiver. history. be precis and to the point use simple to the point stance word count is essential part of precis precis seems incomplete need improvement

John Lock reflects the new situation in England more than ever when he goes on to argue that the reason men come together to live in a society, with laws, is for the preservation of their property. Since men are driven into society, it follows that the power of that society 'can never be suffered to extend further than the common good. And this common good can only be determined by standing laws, statues, that all are aware of and agree to, and not by extemporary degrees of, say, an absolute sovereign. Moreover, these laws must be administered 'by indifferent and upright judges'. Only In this way can the people (and rulers) know where they are.

In an important amendment to the idea of absolute monarchy. Lock said that the king can never suspend the law. Finally, Lock gave voice to the main anxiety of the rising commercial classes in England (fear of something which they saw happening in France, in state intervention in trade), that no power can take from a man his property without his consent.

A soldier may be commanded by a superior in all things, save the disposal of his property. In the same way, a man has property in his own person, meaning that a man's labor is his property too. The most important consequence of this, Lock says is that people can be taxed only with their consent. (We recognize this now in the doctrine 'No taxation without representation.)

## Lock's Concept of Society

sentence is unclear john Lock presented his stance on formation of society that is for the presention of man's property. The read power of society extends to common good that can be achieved by laws and these laws must be supposed by impartial judges. This is the only way impartial judges. This is the only way are the people to recognize where they are this ideas of kings limited power for suspension of a law gave ruled to commercial classes in Englands that no one take a man's property or make a man to pay tax without his consent.

no coherence and symmetry in the content sentences are too long and have no clear meaning word count is missing last sentence is not correct sentence structure is not correct not satisfactory 0/20 max 2 qs are checked in one assignment resubmit the rest

اس کرہ ارض پر زندگی کو تباہی پربادی اور غیر فطری اور غیر طبعی موت سے بچانے کے لیے بقائے باہمی کے اصولوں کی پابندی ایس ناگزیر ہے کہ انسان تو انسان جیوان بھی ایس کا شعور رکھتے ہیں ہیں جنگلی جیات کا معمولی مشاہدہ کرنے والوں کو یہ بھی علم ہے کہ مختلف انواع کے جانور باہم مل کر رہتے ہیں۔ چارے پانی کی تلاش میں احتماعی سفر کرتے ہیں سینکڑوں ہزاروں کی تعداد میں۔ اکٹھے رہتے ہیں اپنی خوراک کے حصول کی جدوجہد میں ایک دوسرے کو فنا کر دینے کی کوشش بھی نہیں کرتے ۔ درندے اگر چرندوں کو چیر پھاڑ کر کھا جاتے ہیں تو اس لیے کہ وہ اگر ایسا نہ کریں تو ان کی بقا خطرے میں پڑ جائے گی تاہم ان کی چھوک مٹ جاتی ہے۔ درندوں کے برعکس انسان ہیں تاہم ان کی بھوک مٹ جاتی ہے۔ درندوں کے برعکس انسان ہیں کہ ان کی بھوک ان کی زندگی میں کبھی مثنی نظر نہیں آتی ان کا پیٹ جیتے جی ممکن جد تک سے پڑپ کر لینے کے باوجود نہیں بھرتا تو قبر کی مٹنی سے بھرتا ہے۔ تاہم تاریخ کے مطالعے سے یہ بھی معلوم ہوتا ہے۔ کی کہھی کوئی دور ایسا نہیں ریا جو انسانوں میں باہمی محبت کے جوت دگانے والوں کی جدو جہد سے خالی

## Translation:

Adheretice de principles of mudual coexistence is erucial do save this truth from devastation and unnatural and actificial death. Humans and animals alite possess this conciousness. Observers of wildlife know that different species of animals live together in harmony. They move together on search of food and water. Hemotred and thousands of animals living dogether do not even duy do haim one another for sake of food. They only prey on each other when their survival is in alarger and stop to do so when their hunger is satisfied. Humans, unlike the animals, never seem to be satisfied even after their stomach absorb to bein . It's the soil of grave which makes them satisfy. However, 9t 55 evident from the history that there has been no such era devoid of those who struggled to awaken mutual love among