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- Q. 7.** Critically evaluate the reasons for the revival of insurgency in Pakistan. How Pakistan-Afghanistan relations are affected by this? Find out ways.
- Q. 8.** Gaza human crises has become a classic example of war crimes by Israel but the champion of Human rights is silent. Find out the reasons and explain how it would affect US relations with the Muslims world?

Best of Luck for CSS-2025

Q. NO. 7

1. Introduction:

"Terrorism is the only cause of inter states conflicts, I am worried in the future huge wars be fought among the nation states due to the sponsoring militants against one another?" Ban Ki moon said before

the United Nations. The same is the case among Asian Nations.

Afghanistan has been accused for allowing terrorism to carry out attacks against Pakistan. The new wave of terrorism erupted after the withdrawal of U.S forces in 2022, short time policies of the state, political instability and negotiation with the TTP. Consequently, the continued the attacks of terror on Pakistan resulted hardest responses towards Kabul.

The hot bed of terrorism con-

ended by mutual cooperation among the regional powers, Afghanistan's cooperation to stop allowing its soil against Pakistan so on and so forth.

2. Reasons for the revival of insurgency in Pakistan:

Numerous factors are responsible for the revival of insurgency in Pakistan:

1. Short time policy of the state:

According to ISPR soon after Operation Zarb-e-Azb the control regions of KP were handed over to the local forces. It was the demand of the natives of KP and its government. The Pakistan military left the region for the region's armed forces such as P.C and local police. The lack of capabilities of Police of KP to fight the

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TTP and failed short time policies of the state enabled the terrorism to re-gain.

2. U.S forces withdrawal:

U.S military had full control over the soil of Afghanistan. The terrorists were oppressed militarily in the country who were unable to move freely towards any area. According to U.S State Department U.S forces and Pakistan Army used to share data over the existence of terrorism in the region. When the U.S troops left the country, the terrorists re-gained and started their operation in Pakistan and inspired by the victory of Afghan Taliban.

3. Political instability in Pakistan:

Pakistan has been facing political instability since its

creation. According to the **Reuters**, the terrorists in KP and Baluchistan have utilised and benefited from the political instability. Therefore, gained a the capability to persist against the state.

4.

Negotiation with TTP:

TTP wants to re-verse the 25th or Amendments of the Constitution of 1973. This is a far cry dream for the state. When the U.S left Afghanistan, Pakistan sent a group of scholars to negotiate with TTP brokered by Afghan Taliban. The short ceasefire and mass migrants to Pakistan allowed the terror to regain in the country. According to **UNICF** thousands of refugees came to Pakistan soon after the fall of Kabul.

3. Insurgency affected Pakistan - Afghanistan relations:

Afghanistan's non-cooperative behaviour to stop the militants from its soils pushed Pak-Afghan relations to the worst level. Islamabad has adopted toughest policy towards Kabul due to the worst attacks of terrorists in Pakistan.

1. Pakistan's air strikes in Afghanistan:

Pakistan Air Force carried out raid inside Afghanistan.



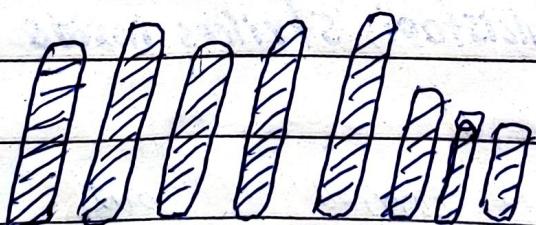
Figure 0.1 Pakistani strikes inside Afghanistan

The raid was carried out in Khost and Paktika provinces

of Afghanistan against TTP
 Gul Bahdur group and its camps.
 Consequently, these actions of strikes responded from Kabul notorious.
 Border clashes between Afghan
 Troops and Pakistan forces erupted especially in Chaman. Thus, it affected the ties between Pakistan and Afghanistan.

2. Ban on transit Trade:

The operation and thus non-cooperative behaviour of Kabul has made Pakistan to ban the transit trade. According to WTO Statement that the both sides have experienced millions of loss in the import and exports.



2016 2018 2019 2020 2021 22 2023 2024

Figure 0.2 - Import and Export between Pak-Afghan

3. Pakistan's Plan to deport Afghan Refugees:

Pakistani Government announced soon after the tension increased between Pakistan and Afghanistan to expell Afghans. According to Pakistani authorities 600000 Afghan Refugees have been deported to Afghanistan. Also, the Government of Pakistan is planning to expell 700000 Afghans who have Afghan Refugee cards too. Thus, the terrorism has profoundly impacted the ties.

4. Pakistan exposed Afghan on international level:

Pakistan has raised the issue of T.T.P and Afghan Taliban open support to terrorists on numerous platforms such as SCO, OIC and UN. By the real struggles of Pakistan's representative to the

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UN, Munir Akram. The 33rd Report has submitted to the UNSC. The report clearly ascribed Afghan Taliban support militarily and financially to TTP and ISK.

4. ~~5.~~ Finding ways to encounter the terrorism and establish peace:

10. Operation Azm-e-Istikam:

Operation Azm-e-Istikam must be carried out so as to vanish the militants from the country. According to PIPS terrorists have carried out 10700 attacks and killed 1600 civilians and troops since 2022-24. This strong hold terrorism should be scolded through operation nation wide. Thus, peace can be achieved.

2. Regional cooperation:

Pakistan should seek help from SCO and UN to pressure the Afghan Taliban to respect the **Doha Peace Agreement of 2020.**

This will at least enable the Pakistani military to push back the militants from our territory.

3. Mutual cooperation between Pakistan and Afghanistan:

Strikes, clashes and ban on transit ~~can~~ can just bring losses to both nations. Pakistan and Afghanistan sit together and solve the issue through diplomacy. Thus, mutual understandings can be achieved.

4. U.S and NATO support:

Pakistan should seek the

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the support of West to carry out operation inside the country against terrorism. The new wave of terrorism is the Failure of U.S and NATO in Afghanistan. It is the duty of White House to assist Pakistan diplomatically and militarily against terrorism. Thus, this support should be achieved by Pakistan.

5.

Conclusion:

Terrorism is an act of violence that can be reduced and eliminated through cooperation and unity among the nations. Thus, it is the most urgent aspect to be eliminated.