

26/6/2024

# Essay

Day: \_\_\_\_\_

## Gender Discrimination

### Outline

#### I- Introduction

Thesis statement: Undoubtedly, multiple reasons are responsible for rising gender discrimination including low participation of women and third gender in politics. Gender discrimination has severe impacts on a country. However, it can be eradicated by applying different methods:

#### II- Causes of Gender Discrimination:

- A- Low participation of women in politics
- B- Lack of economic empowerment of women and third gender
- C- Mass illiteracy
- D- Social and political constraints
- E- Weak rule of law
- F- Misinterpretation of religion
- G- Imbalanced quota system

H- Character assassination of women and third gender

### III- Consequences of Gender Discrimination:

A- Low economical and social progress

B- Reduce human development and well being

C- Dominance of patriarchal systems and power dynamics

D- Increased conflicts and violence

### IV- Some suggested measures to overcome Gender Discrimination:

A- Improve political participation of women and third gender

B- Provision of education to women and third gender

C- ~~Implementation~~ Establishment of women study centres

D- Implementation of labor laws

### 4- Conclusion:

Gender discrimination has become a debate of a ~~the~~ town. It is a pervasive issue which affects individuals, communities and societies worldwide. Multiple reasons are responsible for gender discrimination including low participation of women and third gender in politics. In addition, low empowerment of women is also a cause of gender discrimination. Similarly, lack of education opportunities is also widening the gender gap among all genders/sex. Not only this but ~~also~~ social and cultural constraints are also responsible for gender discrimination. Moreover, weak rule of law and misinterpretation of religion are much contributing in gender discrimination.

The rising gender discrimination has resulted in poor social and economic progress. Moreover, it has also reduced ~~social~~ human development and well being. Likewise, it has resulted in conflicts and violence in multiple societies across the globe. However, the increasing gender discrimination can be tackled by applying different methods including improving political participation of women and third gender. Moreover, equal opportunities should be given to all sex in education sector. Similarly, labour laws should be implemented to protect women and establishment of women studies centres should be ensured in order to alleviate gender

discrimination. In fact, multiple reasons are responsible for gender discrimination including low participation of women and third gender in politics. Gender discrimination has severe impacts on a country. However, it can be eradicated by applying different methods.

To begin with, low participation of women in politics is one of the main causes of gender discrimination. Though every political party has women wings, they have no command on policies. In general women wings are mainly used during political campaigns and majority of them are elected as polling agents during elections. Even some women

get the opportunity of ruling but they only belong to the clan of political party. Such as Maryam Nawaz Sharif and Aniza Bhutto Zardari. Some how the ruling/activities of Aniza Bhutto are appreciated as she has enacted many laws in Sindh for protection of women. Briefly, the major problem of gender discrimination is low participation of women in politics.

Moreover, women and third gender are not given equal opportunities in labour market. Even salaries of women are less as compared to their male counterparts. In addition, their production is not appreciated in agriculture sector. As per the

economic survey the most working labor in agriculture sector are women in Pakistan. The reason is they are given less salary and their working hours are also more than men. In addition, in other sectors of the government the number of women and third gender are also less than ~~women~~ male because of dominance of patriarchal. In short, ~~the~~ participation of third gender and women are less in production sector of a country.