

جسے انسان کے لئے دیکھنے والے افراد اور جو انسان کی طرف سے اس کا تصور کرنا چاہیے۔

Q. Suggest a suitable title for the passage and make a precis.

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Atomic Energy promises vast possibilities (امکانات) to mankind. Einstein introduced theory of atom which tells that matter (mass) and energy (طاقت) can be converted (پیدا کرنا) into each other and energy has thousand of uses. The problem was how to split atom (atom کو بٹھانا) and get energy and it was made possible in 1938 by Hahn and Strassmann. Then came self-sustaining (مستقل ہم رہنے والی) nuclear chain reaction. Although atomic reactors are not perfect machines and one per cent of total energy is - reduced through them, (تمہارے ہمراں) even this amount is enormous (کافی) . One pound of uranium gives energy equivalent (معادل) to three million pounds of coal. Better reactors will produce more energy with lesser cost and longer duration in future. The uses of atomic energy are manifold (کافی تر کے اونچے) . It can bring peace and prosperity (خوشحال) to the world if used wisely, but simultaneously (ایک ہی وقت میں) it can destroy this earth if used for destructive purposes. It depends upon man to avail (نفع اٹھانا) it positively and properly.

میں توجہ:

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## Title: Atomic Energy: Merits and Demerits

### Matter

According to Einstein's theory of atom, matter and energy are interconvertable and it has numerous uses. In 1938 Hahn and Strassmann solved the problem of getting energy from atom. Then nuclear chain reaction was introduced. Large amount of energy dissipates from nuclear reactor. Atomic energy can bring peace and prosperity but it can also cause destructions to the world if not used properly.