QNo. 01: (Political Science)

Explain Plato Theory of Justice How he tries to implement it through the Education System?

1. Introduction:

The concept of Justice occupies

the most important part of plato's The

Republic" he has freated Justice as

the bond which holds the society
together. Hence it is a knee sincipal

J social life The Republic deals with

the bond land knee Dimeipal of
social life for this reason republic is

called "A treatise concerning Justice"

By eloborating the doctorine of Justice

Dato wanted to come a the false notions

which the Society Spoead- Edeal

state is the highest manifestation of

the society. Diffquent social classes are

combined by the bond of Justice and

this make the ideal state a perfect "Justice is the vistue of ~ Plato.~ 2. Background of Platos Justice: the "Republic" represents plato's idea of Justice He mentioned a dialogue in his "Republic", where Socrates was "one side and there were various characters (a) According to "Cephalus": duties and paying one Odues." Plato's criticize his soint of views about justice, and shiel whether it would be right to return a weapon to a person who has turned mad, this is not justice (b) According to pole marches: Justice's do good to friends

and harm to the enemies." Justice to harm anyone, plato suggests it is not leasy to plato rejected polemous concept of Justice by Counting out that justice is a virtue Iso how can a vistue be harmful to someone (c) Acurding to thrasymarchus: Stronger, Might is Right." of the Plato does not agree with his concept and say Tustice is not for the strong I and the take function of a physician is to ceur the patient and not make money (d) According to Gulaucon: a fear? It is the need of the weak who constitutes the majority of the Society

Plates Criticisms -I dustice cannot be established through fear of power It should Justice According to Plate: - What is justice , if it is not spealeing the Tsuthing I paying debts good to friends and harm to enemies, the interest of the stronger or an agreement to obey the laws? All these emplaination defines justice as smothing apart from Human's Soul. Justice is an integral part dissertion of man's end. Thus point of this real tasky the construction of the Tust State and so the? discovery of the Principles of Justice in an individual. "Nothing is to preferred before Justice."

3\_ "Plato Theory of Justice" Plato Justice at Two levels: - Justice at individual level. - Justice at Society level (A) Plato's Justice at individual evel based upon human soul, and it has three elements (a) Reason/logic > Brain (b) Courage | bravery -> Heart (c) Hunger | Appetite -> Stomach. Rational Appetite

All three elements are present in Human soul but not in equal proportion in every soul Each is present in varying amount, but and to establish thistical at a choose their profession on the their soul. (B) Plate Justice at Society level: level boised on three classes, of society based on predominant Classification of Society:
Dociety may be divided relative amount of each force present in the individuals who domprise the community the three glabos are (a) Producess. (b) Soldiess. (c) Rulers.

(a) Astisan class/Producess: he men who are motivated constitute the largest class and class? community with material nevers
of life They are largest in
number and they are also
called "Men of copper." (b) Military Guardian class: motivated by the courage but they will still be dominated by the grandian classes consting of those John are dominated by the coverage. They are also known as "Men of Silver." (c) Ruler class/Philosopher Kings: dominated by the reasoning wisdom and they are ver smallest in number thay are also known as philosopher King

Men of gold."

Individual Virtues state (Rational) (Rulers) -> (Rulers) Spirit ex Courage Soldiers (Appetite) e- Hunger - Artisans) "Classification of Society" However plato is searching for
the product of class division and
specialization of functions. Her
define Tustical is "giving to
everyman his dee" and Unis due
is to be issigned the particular
fast which is best qualified by
his aptitude and Fracining to perform. The definition had no legal or juristic connotation- 9+ not concerned witho the rights

on an individual against a state It has nothing to Job with the Judicial procedures. To platos is obvious that the state which rules, soldier, Artisans is doing what he ought to be doings 15 the superior state. 4- Important Features of Plate
Theory of Justice: of plato theory of Justice. (i) Division of Society: upon lativision of society he obvided the class into three mein classes, higher class midd class and lower down In higher class philosopher wings are present produced and in the lover dan Astivers are produced-This is the important feature of plate theory of Justice

(iinternational Specialization: Character of the soul, the state in divided into three classes Every individual in the state will only perform assigned duty. It is the fortiding ormeinal that leach Undividual in the state should practice only one thing, and the thing should be the one o which the individual nature is best adapted— Use elaborate and self explanatory headings

(iii) Non-Interference: Moreover these three classes Should not interfere with each principal of the sure Justice is non-inserference. He views that state as a perfect whole In which egan individual component Junction not for its own salce, but for the well-being of the whole (iv) Communal Harmony: The preceding two conditions contribute to the Oreation of the harmonious atmosphere in the society this plato justice theory is precisely this harmony

5- Implementation of Plates Justice in Education System: Plato altacked Athenian System In Athens even through education was compulsory but I'll was

privately administered. To platog
the welfare of the state depends
apon the educational system and
It should be in the hounds

of state not privately education Morever there was only determentary education in Athens which according to plato was not adequate to Irain Statesman property. Education plan has two phases > Elemphry education -> Higher education -(i) Elementry Education: elementary education, for citizen cupto the age of 181, and 97

it is followed by two years military Training! one Gymnastic and Music Energie but all graining in the body care including diet. And essential of sound physique-Training in Music is to be directed less towards singing and instrumental music and more sowards the study of poetry and literature in general. All enisting literature is to Jobe revised to confirm the accepted. Standard-(ii) Higher Education:

Selective unening Fest well be conducted. These who well pars go fo the higher education and those who fail will remain producers— This group begins the programme at the age of and remain. the age of so and remains in it food 15 years if it members properly

ne devoted to years of 15 years

notherwises and Ashonomy the

final 5 years are spent in the

Study of chalectic or philosophy Here the first principles are Truth Jaunched Vext Screening Test:est welle be Taken, Those who par will go to further education and those who do not survive must be sent to girl and melitary administrative services in educational Training their practical Fraining and become Rulers or philosopher wing antill the age of 50. Food plate. At the age of 50 t Rules are produced willide and they don't need any law and they are seller under standing them. Laveis as follows scheme of plato

Birth to 6-years Elementary (7-18 years) 2 years 18-20 years Military Training Ist Screening Test I class (producers) Fail Pass =35years Higher education 2nd Sweening Test Soldiers) and class Pass Fail Rules 3rd class Ruless for Fraction - Pass-Training

6- Critical Analysis on Plato's Justice Theory: Justice was towards ideal approach and for the well the state but it has sor (i) Division of Society is not possible: (ii) Non-interference is impossible (iii) Ignores Haman Rights (ii) Static concept of Life. (v) Lack of opportunities. (vi) Too lengthy education system. (vii) Anti democratic (viii) Ignore some important subjects.

(b) Positive Aspects of Plate's Justice (i) Equal oppushinities for men and women in every field. (ii) Stress on education / fevour (iii) Division of society (iv) Specialization of society. (v) Foccus on wisdom and logics. (vi) Concept of Justice in Jociety.

Overall a good answer! 7. CONCLUSION: But is lengthy and will affect a principle of Inon-interference that class a various members of each and various elements in the soul of individual with more handing. with proper boundries, therefore I Justice conclusively plato Ideal State is based upm Justice and good education system