Strong sections of industrials who still imagine that men can be mere machines and are at their best as machines if they are mere machines are already menacing what they call 'soulless' education They deride the classics, and they are mildly contemptuous of history, philosophy, and English. They want our educational institutions, from the Oldest University to the youngest elementary schools, to concentrate on business or the things that ore patently useful in business. Technical instruction is to be provided for adolescent artisans; book-keeping and shorthand for prospective clerks; arid the cleverest we are to set to 'business methods' to modern languages (which can be used in correspondence with foreign firms), and to science (which can be applied t industry) French and German are the languages, not of Montaigne and Goethe, but of Schmidt Brothers, of Elberfeld, and Dupont et Vie., of Lyons. Chemistry and Physics are not explorations into the physical constitution of the inverse, but sources of new dyes, new electric light filaments, new means of maki8ng thins which can be sold cheap and fast to the Nigerian and the Chinese. For Latin there is a limited field so long as the druggists insist on retaining it in their prescriptions. Greek has no apparent use at all, unless it is s a source polishes. The soul of man, the spiritual basis of civilization-what gibberish is that?

a) what kind at education does the witter deal with? The writer is dealing with business related things and methods which have been taken the place of classical education to thermore, classical education is usted as a source of business education (3) What kind of education does the writer favour? How do you know 9 the writer favours the classical education because 4t deal Whuman being as a living being not as a madhere He es afoutst Industrials and forstnesses which consider human being as a machine In the passage, he has given more emphasis on human as we study in classical

rephrase this sentence education that is how some to know the lelad at education the water farours. 3) where does the writer express most bitterly wis feelings about the neglect of classics? The writer expresses must Letterly Les fedlings most bitterly about neglect of classics on different places like, the educational Enstitutes are concentrate to geve tousiness education, itechnical education is provided to the youngsters to set business method, French and German are not there is no sense of this the language of Montagne andwrite a clear goethe at 8 chmidt boother, Elberfeldsetc, Chemistry and physics are the sources as making cheap things for business, later is using in doug perscolption and Greek es using as a sovoce polish.

These give the areas in which the writer bitterly expresses his feelings. Explain the full significance af the last sentence? The best sontence of this pressage 12 putting a bitter gruestion about human spirit He writer raises gruestion to make people understand about Importance of Elgusical éducation quel human being Moreover, writer and spirit to get Socially answers are not satisfactory answers are not satisfactory there is lack of clarity and and coherence need improvement 6/20