

CSS Precious 2018

The Effects of Climate on Man

In Northern Europe, the author considers that the cold weather is beneficial for the people as it makes them energetic. While severe cold make people inactive and dull. While the hot weather is beneficial in the sense that it enables a person to remain active and energetic. In cold weather, one has to arrange things for one's comfort to adapt in the cold weather. On the other hand, in tropical area, man does not have to do such efforts to secure his survival. In such area, different seasons have various impacts on human nature. In summer, one is very

energetic and calm, but in
winter, one has to go through
mental and physical struggle.

Day: _____

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Lahore is not ^{only} the centre of Politics but also an ancient city of culture. It saw the zenith of the Mughal culture. ~~It~~ ~~was~~ also the ~~and~~ Sikhism. The tradition of knowledge, literature and Sufism reached at their climax in this city. Hazrat Ali Hajveri, known as Hazrat Day Dada Ganga Bakhsh, the writer of a famous book, "Kashaf-ul-Mehjoob", is also buried in Lahore. In the era of the British, the fashion of this city was also spread in the whole sub-continent. Its importance is still the same as it was before the emergence of Pakistan.

PART-II

Q. 2. Write a précis of the following passage in about 120 words and also suggest a suitable title:

It is in the temperate countries of northern Europe that the beneficial effects of cold are most manifest. A cold climate seems to stimulate energy by acting as an obstacle. In the face of an insuperable obstacle our energies are numbed by despair; the total absence of obstacles, on the other hand leaves no room for the exercise and training of energy; but a struggle against difficulties that we have a fair hope of over-coming, calls into active operation all our powers. In like manner, while intense cold numbs human energies, and a hot climate affords little motive for exertion, moderate cold seems to have a bracing effect on the human race. In a moderately cold climate man is engaged in an arduous, but no hopeless struggles and with the inclemency of the weather. He has to build strong houses and procure thick clothes to keep himself warm. To supply fuel for his fires, he must hew down trees and dig coal out of the earth. In the open air, unless he moves quickly, he will suffer pain from the biting wind. Finally, in order to replenish the expenditure of bodily tissue caused by his necessary exertions, he has to procure for himself plenty of nourishing food.

Quite different is the lot of man in the tropics. In the neighbourhood of the equator there is little need of clothes or fire, and it is possible with perfect comfort and no danger to health, to pass the livelong day stretched out on the bare ground beneath the shade of a tree. A very little fruit or vegetable food is required to sustain life under such circumstances, and that little can be obtained without much exertion from the bounteous earth.

We may recognize must the same difference between ourselves at different seasons of the year, as there is between human nature in the tropics and in temperate climes. In hot weather we are generally languid and inclined to take life easily; but when the cold season comes, we find that we are more inclined to vigorous exertion of our minds and bodies.

Q. 3. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow:

(20)

(vii) Shear, Sheer

(viii) Resister, Resistor

(vi) Waiver, Waver

(b) Use ONLY FIVE of the following in sentences which illustrate their meaning:

(5)

(i) Show and tell

(ii) Helter-skelter

(iii) To the death

(iv) Tilt at windmills

(v) Het up

(vi) The whole ball of wax

(vii) It's about time

(viii) Punch-up

Translate the following Urdu paragraph into English by keeping in view figurative/idiomatic expressions.

لاہور شہر سیاست ہی نہیں ٹائٹل کا بھی قدیم مرکز ہے۔ مغلوں کی ٹائٹل نے عروج کا زمانہ اس شہر میں دیکھا۔ سکھ ٹائٹل کا بھی یہی مرکز تھا۔ علم و ادب کی ثقافت بھی شہر کے حصہ میں آئی۔ اہل تصوف کا بھی یہی مرکز تھا۔ تصوف کی مشہور کتاب کشف المحجوب کے مصنف حضرت علی ہجویری المشہور حضرت داتا گنج بخش بھی اسی شہر مدفون ہیں۔ مگر یزوں کے دور میں بھی لاہور کا فیض پورے ہندوستان میں رائج ہوتا تھا۔ قیام پاکستان کے بعد بھی اس شہر کی اہمیت کم نہیں ہوئی۔