

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS PART-I(MCQS): MAXIMUM 30 MINUTES	PART-I (MCQS) PART-II	MAXIMUM MARKS = 20 MAXIMUM MARKS = 80
NOTE: (i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book. (ii) Attempt ALL questions from PART-II. (iii) All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different places. (iv) Write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper. (v) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed. (vi) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the question will not be considered.		

Q. 2. Write a précis of the following passage and suggest a suitable title:

(20)

Despite complaints from viewers, television commercials are not getting any more realistic. Their makers continue to present idealized people in unreal situations. The wide gaps between their fanciful depiction and the mundane realities of life in most cases make them appear funny as well as repulsive. A footballer suddenly starts scoring goals after consuming a particular energy-drink. A would-be groom avoids hugging his father-in-law because he recalls not having used a particular shampoo that morning. A busy manager leaves an important meeting to grab a dozen packets of his favourite cookies, and so on. The advertisers also persist in showing a version of male-female relationships that can hardly exist in two households in an entire city. A wife panics simply because a meddling neighbor points out that her husband's shirt is dirty, while another fears for her marriage because her finicky husband doesn't like her coffee. What do the advertisers know about us, or how we see ourselves, that make them continue to plunge millions of dollars into these kinds of commercials? They probably don't know that these glamorous and noisy clips in no way promote the product for which they are aired. The reported number of viewers may be heartening and tempting for the manufacturers of the products. It might also be the main reason for them to keep on hiring the advertisers for promoting these products. In fact, however, these advertisements are mostly watched either to laugh at, or because the viewers are unable to skip them by changing the channel as soon as they start.

Q. 3. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given at the end.

(20)

During the past two decades, there has been a mushroom growth of universities and other degree-awarding institutions in Pakistan, which our policy makers consider a source of pride and prestige. This increase in the number of universities and the students enrolled therein has been recurrently projected as a major parameter for quantifying national development. No one can deny the pivotal importance of education for the progress and prosperity of a nation. In the contemporary world human resource has emerged as the greatest asset of unequivocal primacy, and education aims at creating and enhancing that resource. But can it be done through higher education only, or even primarily through higher education? Looking at the developed countries of the world—almost all having progressed by virtue of better human resource—one can easily explore that they don't encourage massive enrolment in universities. In other words, they don't want the domain of higher education open to every member of the population. After completing the 12-year school education (which is both compulsory and free for everyone), students are counseled and assessed for choice of further studies according to interest and aptitude. Those with true interest in academics and research, along with the requisite scholarly aptitude, are encouraged to undertake long-term academic pursuits in universities, while the rest—an overwhelming majority—opt for short-term courses leading to certificates and diplomas in colleges and training institutes. The admission criteria and fee structure of these colleges and institutes vary according to a number of factors. The latter class acquire practical skills in their chosen areas of utilitarian nature, without any undue burden of theoretical discourses. Consequently, due to these marketable skills and practical training, they easily get employed, earn for themselves and contribute to national economy. On the other hand, we produce an unskilled lot of university graduates without even a basic understanding of their subject. They consider themselves highly qualified, but have no meaningful knowledge. Hence, instead of becoming an asset, they become a social and economic liability. We need to realize that, unlike the fundamental right of basic education, higher education should be treated as a privilege of the deserving ones. This realization is imperative for enabling our universities to produce scholars, scientists and researchers as done by the developed world.

Questions:

(4 marks each)

1. What can be inferred from the passage as the main goal of education?
2. What is the benefit of guiding students in the choice of careers?
3. Is the only direct question in the paragraph answered affirmatively or negatively?
4. Which sentence do you think to be the topic sentence of this paragraph, capturing its central point?
5. Which sentence looks redundant and out of place in the context of the paragraph, seeming a later addition rather than part of the original?

Poems

Date _____

Title:

Unrealistic Advertisement

Poems:

Broadcasting, despite concessions, is unrealistic. It depicts the situations far beyond the realities and that not only entertains people but also irritates them. Considering the husband-wife relationships in which wife is afraid of her husband for little issues is something that could not be observed in real society. What is the perspective behind making such advertisement is yet to be known? However, one reason could be that makers are unaware of the fact that such advertisement is not serving the purpose of promotion. In fact, these ads are watched for the entertainment as viewers' inability to skip them.

Original words 296

Poems words: 109

Comprehension:

Q2: What can be inferred from the passage as the main goal of education?
Answer: In today's modern world the greatest resource of the greatest importance is the human resource. The highly qualified and skilled human force which is called the human resource is produced through education. So the basic main of education is to create

SOLO

Teacher's Signature _____

and enhance the human resource.

Q No 2:

The common practice in the developed countries is that students after completing the education of twelve years are considered to pursue the careers according to their aptitude and interest in this way the majority of the students get success. So the benefit of counseling or guiding the students in the choice of careers is that students after guidance pursue the careers which best suit suits their aptitude and interests and they become skilled human resource not the burden on the economy.

Q3. Is the only direct question in the paragraph answered affirmatively or negatively?

The only direct question in the paragraph is that the aim of education is to create and enhance the human resource. But can it be done through higher education only, or even primarily through higher education? This question is answered negatively. For in the creation of human resource other factors are also of great importance including career counseling.

Q4. Which sentence do you think to be the topic sentence of this paragraph, capturing its central point?

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Answers: The sentence which could be the topic sentence of this paragraph is that in the contemporary world human resource has emerged as the greatest asset of unequivocal primary, and education aims at creating and enhancing that resource.

Q5: which sentence looks subordinate and out of place in the context of the paragraph, seeing a later addition rather than part of the original?

Answer: The sentence that looks subordinate here is that the admissions criteria and fee structure of these colleges and institutes vary according to a number of factors.

- Translation

- (1) You are still not aware of the peculiarities of this matter.
- (2) The meeting of the president with his counterpart was already scheduled.
- (3) My brother is an expert in astronomy; he is not an astrologer.
- (4) We should adapt ourselves according to the new situation.
- (5) Congregational prayer will soon be offered.
- (6) It is necessary to observe diplomatic rules.
- (7) Who will officially start the ceremony?
- (8) Sectarianism is the cause of many disputes.

(vii) Exhausting, Exhaustive

(viii) Virtual, Virtuous

Translate (ANY FIVE) of the following sentences into English by keeping in view figurative/idiomatic expressions.

(10)

- 1- آپ اس فیصلے کے مضمرات سے ابھی واقف نہیں۔
- 2- ✓ صدر کی اپنے ہم منصب سے ملاقات پہلے سے طے شدہ تھی۔
- 3- میرا بھائی ماہر فلکیات ہے، نجومی نہیں۔
- 4- ہمیں خود کو نئے حالات کے مطابق ڈھالنا چاہئے۔
- 5- نماز باجماعت جلد ادا کی جائے گی۔
- 6- سفراتی آداب کا خیال رکھنا ضروری ہے۔
- 7- تقریب کا باضابطہ افتتاح کون کرے گا؟
- 8- فرقہ پرستی کئی تعصبات کی جڑ ہے۔
