

The intensity of climate change has increased to a level that <sup>it</sup> seems to threaten the social cohesion now. It has stated <sup>?</sup> either new or summer in community level tensions. The climate change in the form of floods, heatwaves, sea water intrusion, glacial melt, <sup>and</sup> droughts is causing mass displacement, food insecurity and other issues. As a result, it needs immediate addressal by the state.

• The peace, order and stability of any society depends upon the harmony, <sup>and</sup> mutual understanding among its people. Climate change tries to disrupt the very balance of these cohesive forces by causing conflicts. Although it is not the direct cause, it does manipulate the societal fault lines. Owing to resource depletion, commercialization of lands, the competition among people is increasing day by day. Several case studies suggest that climate change affected <sup>Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs)</sup> face discrimination, competition and sometimes violence too.

There is no single solution to such climate conflict nexus which demands a comprehensive strategy to be implemented. Primarily to address climate induced conflicts, there need <sup>is</sup> to <sup>of</sup> be an effective local government system. The local government should be well equipped by the state so that it could make community level

policy

stakeholders

policy making by engaging all stakeholders.  
The NGOs, academis, universities, and political parties must include this problem in their programmes, researches, manifestos to affectively address it.

\* Conclusively, it is imperative upon each of us specially rights organisation to call for state's immediate attention on such pressing issue.