Q. 3 Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow.

(20)

In barely one generation, we've moved from exulting in the time-saving devices that have so expanded our lives, to trying to get away from them- often, in order to make more time. The more ways we have to connect, the more many of us seem desperate to unplug. Like a teenager, we appear to have gone from knowing nothing about the world to knowing too much, all but overnight.

The average person spends at least eight and a half hours a day in front of the screen. The average teenager spends or receives 75 text messages a day. Since luxury, as any economist will tell you, is a function of scarcity, the children of tomorrow will crave nothing more than freedom, if only for a short while, from all the blinking machines, streaming videos and scrolling headlines that leave them feeling empty, and too full all at once. The urgency of slowing down - to find the time and space to think - is nothing new, of course, and wiser souls have always reminded us that the more attention we pay to the moment, the less time and energy we have to place it in some larger context. Even half a century ago, Marshall McLuhan warned, "When things come at you very fast, naturally you lose touch with yourself."

Yet few of those voices can be heard these days, precisely because 'breaking news' is coming through perpetually on the news channels, and Meena is posting images of her summer vacation and the phone is ringing. We barely have enough time to see how little time we have. And the more that floods in on us, the less of ourselves we have to give to every snippet.

We have more and more ways to communicate, as Thoreau noted, but less and less to say. Partly because we are so busy communicating. And - as he might also have said - we are rushing to meet so many deadlines that we hardly register that what we need most are lifelines. So what to do? The central paradox of the machines that have made our lives so much brighter, quicker, longer and healthier is that they cannot teach us how to make the best use of them; the information revolution came without an instruction manual. All the data in the world cannot teach us how to sift through data; images don't show us how to process images. The only way to do justice to our onscreen lives is by summoning exactly the emotional and moral clarity that cannot be found on any screen.

Maybe that is why more and more people, even if they have no religious commitment, seem to be turning to yoga or meditation, or tai chi; these are not New Age fads so much as ways to connect with what could be called the wisdom of old age. A series of tests in recent years has shown that after spending time in a quiet rural setting, subjects "exhibit greater attentiveness, stronger memory and generally improved cognition. Their brains become both calmer and sharper." More than that, empathy, as well as deep thought, depends on neural processes that are "inherently slow". The very ones our high-speed lives have little time for.

QUESTIONS:

- (1) According to the author, what is likely to become a scarcity in the future?
- (2) What ability have people lost thanks to the constant inflow of data?
- (3) Why does the author say, "We have more and more ways to communicate, but less and less to say"?
- (4) Why are people taking an active interest in old-age fads?
- (5) Why is modern man unable to empathise with others?

comprehension symock According to Author, Luxury is a function of scarcity. He has nightighted the paradox that inspite of having bulk of electionic media of future generation would get empty and full at the same time. A lot of information intake through beight electionics desices, video straming and scrolling me news would create scapulg the time. of time · People would get less time to intract with their sewes and pay attention to personal grooming · we are unable to THIS IS ENOUGH FOR ANS less time we have to live · Technological advancement has provided us opportunities to communitate but we can't talk more due to less time. This provides an impetus to the confinement of freedom · of people. u) The to constant intake of alata people rove lost attility to pay attention to the moment. They are not fairing into a world the present due to err away laborably of time and because Due less

for planning in the larger context. People have jost ability to live in present for the reason that they are panying more attention to the future I. And during this/ process we have also lost workfeet with iii) Author has told the aftermath of technological advancement in modern niord. Attrought, we have become successful enough to create new ways of communication with the parage of time but
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to meet deadlines but life lines
are the ones on that are needed
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people are talking an active intering mediation as been practiced through hat from busy routine. These practices we regarded as ways to connect to
the weisdom of old age in modern
times. Study has ghown that people
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show in humans. It flows ship with
time and attention but we have
embrorised onceiver in this fastgrowing would to an extent that
we forget to pay attention to
there traits. Resultantly, a lessempathized society is established.

DEAR STUDENT THIS IS NOT ESSAY PAPER
ANS SHOULD BE 6 LINES MAX
NOT MORE THAN THAT
BE PRECIS AND TO THE POINT IN ANS
NEED IMPROVEMENT IN BASIC GRAMMAR 7/20