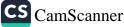
DATE : ___/__/_ What are the political and admini-strative implications of Eighteenth Amendment to the 1973 constitution. Q. 01. INTRODUCTION The 18th amendment to the Constitution of Paleistan, enacted on April 19,2010 is regarded as one of the most transfo-regarded as one of the most transfo-rmative legal and political reporms in the contry's history. It emerged as one of the concen-tration of power in the hands of the executive, a legary of military regimes, and sought to restore the parliamentary character of the Constitution. By repealing the controversial 17th Amendment and revising over 100 provisions of the Consti-tution, the Eighteenth amendment reale-Fined the balance of power between the pederation and the provinces, paving the way for demor cratic consolidation and administrative decentralization. However, this significant reform also presented challenges, including capacity gaps, inter-government ntal alisputes, and coordination issues, which required careful management to ensure its success



DATE : ___/__/_ Political Implications OF 02. 18th Amendment Judicial Independence Strengthening Protection Of Fundamente Pights Politica O Parliamentory Democracy Implicationss Democratic Stability Enhancing Provincial Autonomy 2.1 Strengthening Parliamentary Democracy Repeal Empowe-Restoration of Parliamring the entary Sovereighty 58(2)(6) Prime Minister (a) Restoration Of Parliamentary Sovereignty The amendment reversed the



DATE:_ -1_1_ authoritarian filt creater 64 past ndments, shipting ame-Parliament (B) Repeal OF Article 58(2)(b): President's power to dissolve The National Assembly was abolished, the ability and protection politico. ensuring dismissa from Mention the ar bitrary article (C) Empowering the Prime Minister numbers. Executive powers were concentrated amended Frime Ministeras the office of the 20 pasliamentary references Pakistan" realtrining character Enhancing Provincial Autonomy 02-2 Strengthening Abolition or the Concurrent List the Concurrent list: (a) Abolition · Legislative powers over 47 subjects, education and labor Procluding transferred the provinces, governance locali enabling



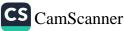
(b) Strengthening Federalism Provinces gained the authority to agristate and execute policies indepen-lently, postering sett-sule and regional egislate dently develo 2-3 Judicial Independence Transporent Appointments Reduced Political Influence. Add and a Transparent Appointments: highlight A judicial Commission and larligments ntary Committee were establisheds against ensure marit-based judicial appointments (b) Reduced Political Influence: The process of judicial selection judicial independence and separation powers 2.4. Protection Of Fundame-al Rights



DATE : -D Right to Education (Article 25-A) -> Right to Information (Article 19-A) **Right** and Las To Education:. see compulsory education for children aged 5-16 was declared AGANS constitu. a tional right (6) Right 10 Information: Citizens empowered to access were information Dublic effices, ensuring Trom erountebiliti Transparence Implications Administrative 03. 18th Amendmen Strengthened government Devolution Adminis-Powers Inter-governr lications Coordination P Fiscal Administrative Decentra-Restaucturin



DATE : ____/___ 3.1. Devolution OF Powers Transper of Munctions Localized Governance (a) Transfer Of Function Ministries and departments. Managing devolved subjects like bealth, education, and agriculture were shipted From the perleval government to the Provinces. (b) Localized Governance Provinces gained administrative control, allowing decisions to be tailored to local needs and priorities 3.2 Fiscal Decentralization (a) thereased Provincial Revenues + Automomy in Budgeting cas Increased Provincial Revenues The 7th NFC Award allocated larger shares of redeval resources to provinces empowering them to province devolved empowering responsibilitres



DATE : -(a) Autonomy in Budgeting Provinces could independently allocate resources, enabling region-specific development programs. 3.3 Administrative Restructuring Reorganization capacity Building Enstitute Challengo, 10 Reorganization Of Institutions New provincial departments were created to manage devolved punctions, requiring institutional renorms (b) Capacity Challenges Provinces raced shortages of inprastructure, and skilled personnel to uneven implementation of leading reporm 3.4 Strengthened Local Governance. 1. Empowered local Soches 2. Improved Service Delivery



101 Empowered Local Boolies Local governments were expected to handle devolved services but inconsistent implementation iseated gaps in governance (b) Improved Service Delivery While local autonomy faciliated quicker decision-making disposities in resources hampered effective service delivery 03. CONCLUSTON The 18th amendment restored parliamentary democracy strengthened provinced autonomy, and promoted judicial rodependence in Parkingin. It also devolved administrative powers and ensured fiscal decentralization. Despite challenges in implementation and coordination, it remains a vital step toward strengthening democracy and pederalism in the country, Also discuss the negative implications. Improve the references and the . paper presentation part

