

## Ques 1

What are the main characteristics of UK's current political system? Has this system been successful in creating effective mechanism to ensure adequate public participation in affairs of state.

## Answer

### 1. Introduction:

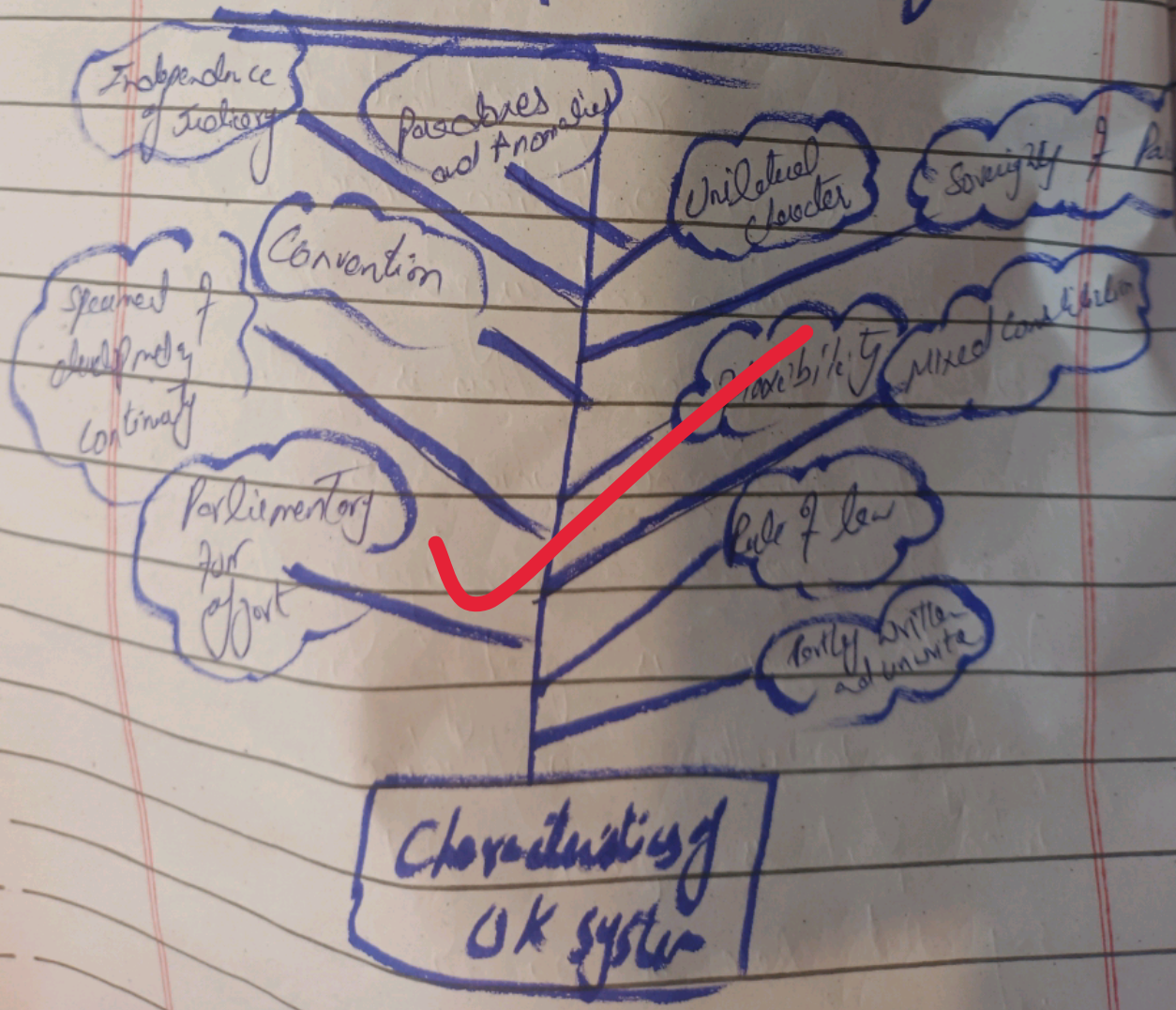
De Tocqueville remarked that English people has no constitution. There is convention, custom and usages. In current UK political system, there is parliamentary form of government which is in unitary character. There is a sovereignty of parliament. In UK, there is partly written and partly unwritten constitution. But unwritten part is more real's why say that there is no constitution. There is lot of flexibility in its constitution. Independence of Judiciary, Rule of

Law



law, specimen of development and continuity and paradoxes and Anomalies are also the characteristics of UK's current political system. Use of law has been successfully in creating efficient mechanism to ensure adequate public participation in affairs of state

## 2. Characteristics of UK political system





a. Mixed Constitution

UK's political system is a mixed constitution. English constitution is mixture of monarchial, democratic and autocratic principle. The institution of kingship is Monarchy, House of Lord and House of Representation of Parliament gives an autocratic government. The presence of House of Commons is a democratic government. However, UK's political system is mixed.

b. Role of Conventions:

The unwritten part of constitution is convention. which is changed according to the need of people. For example, if Queen refuse to assent then by convention, Queen cannot go against the advice of Cabinet.

Use specific and self explanatory headings

c. Partly written and Partly unwritten

In UK's political system, there is mostly



part is unwritten which called convention which has custom and usage. Although, British has certain regularly enacted laws. For example Petition of Rights (1628), Bill of Right (1689)

### d- A specimen of Development and Continuity:

The British Constitution is child of evolution.

#### Main point that

"The British Constitution is not a complete thing but a process of growth"

So, it is time to time changed according to the need of people.

### 3- Flexibility

UK's Political system is flexible in nature, not rigid because it is unwritten and time to time changing are unhappened according to the needs



## 4- Parliamentary form of govt

UK's political system is parliamentary form of government. Therefore, its head of state and head of government is different.

### Sovereignty of Parliament:

In UK, Parliament is supreme. All its powers are accorded to its <sup>surrounded</sup>

### De l'ine marks

The British Parliament can do anything but make a man a woman and

women a man. It's laws are not challenged by it is de vry or right

### Unity and independence of

### Judiciary

All power assign to parliament so it is in unity character and in UK's political system judiciary are independent to pass any judgement



### 3- Rule of Law and Paradoxes and Anomalies

In UK's political system, there is rule of law, everyone is equal before the law. The British Constitution is symmetrical in form. It is full of paradoxes and anomalies.

### 3- Mechanism to ensure public participation in affair of state

In UK's political system, rule of law as given essential liberty of English people to participate in affair of state. According to Dicey, it has following implications.

i- No one be punished except for breach of law.



It means that no citizen of English government can be arrested, detained or imposed without fair and proper trial in court of law. Cases are tried in open court to which public has free access. The accused has right of being defended by a counsel of his own choice.

### 2 Equality before law

No person is above law and every person whatever his rank or condition, is subjected to ordinary law of realm. Government officials are bound to obey the ordinary law, which governs the private citizens. The ministers are responsible before the ordinary courts of law.

### 3 Fundamental right of people.

In UK's political system, fundamental



rights of people are guaranteed. Right to life, Right to vote, Right to hold no official office, right to property etc. All rights are given which is necessary for their life. However, public participation in affairs of state is ensured in UK's political system.

The second part of the answer is missing.

### Critical Analysis:

In UK's political system, although all powers are surrounded by the parliament, but it is limited because of the independence of Judiciary and it must be responsible to the people. Because all laws are passed according to the need of people. Unwritten constitution is not effective because people can do anything if there is no proper written laws are available that make restrictions. In UK's system it is good because Rule of Law because fundamental rights <sup>must be</sup> first priority of people. If all laws

Relate your headings and arguments to the question statement

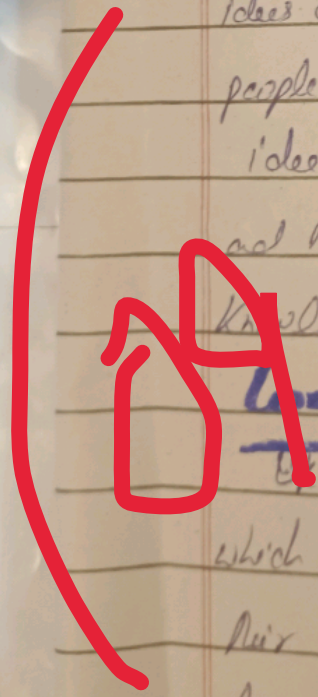


are according to the people, so there must be guaranteed their rights. Participation of public in affairs of state is little bit good, good in that sense, they know what is happened in the state, the system of government work properly or not. Although it is little bad in sense and knowledge because all person are <sup>not</sup> believe equally.

Therefore, there is <sup>must be</sup> a person who is well-known about policies and judgement which is good for the people. There must be such democratic government in which different ideas and discussion are help under the people. and by their suggestion, one idea is picked which is best for the people and this can be do such who have enough knowledge.

Conclusion:

The political system having various characteristics which make this system very effective for their people. And in this system, there is also right to participate in affair of state as given to the people.





Q#2:

Have Pakistan's economic ties with other regional countries improved due to infrastructure development projects undertaken under China-Pak economic corridor component of BRI?

Ans:

اس سوال میں BRI کے تحت چینی پاکستان کے ساتھ دیگر ممالک کے ساتھ اقتصادی تعلقوں کو بہتر بنانے کے لیے مختلف منصوبوں کو نافذ کر رہا ہے۔

Q#3

Yes

Bilateral relation with China are a pivotal component of Pak's foreign policy. Let us see primary driving factors in this relationship?

Ans:

Both the answers will have different subheadings as per the qs statement. But the essence will be mostly same.

Factors:

- (1) Economic Cooperation
- (2) Strategic Alliance
- (3) Regional Stability
- (4) Military
- (5) Political
- (6) Energy needs

Some factors like Energy, Border etc are common to both Q#2 and Q#3. In this context, we can give examples like Gwadar port, CPEC, etc. to illustrate the economic and strategic importance of the relationship.



Q45  
Provide outline of Pk's Federal system of govt. Why has such approach been chosen? How successful in ensuring administrative efficiency.

Ans:

Secretary Additional Secretary  
This outline of composition of Federal system ←  
کی بنائی ہے

the way people interested in governing units Why chosen ←  
Articles 1-13 Provincial Federal ←

administrative Efficiency Benefit of Federal  
Yes

Q46

S

Provide assessment of how Quaid employed political legalism to strengthen the drive towards the creation of Pk.

Ans

① Quaid & Muslim League

② Quaid reaction on Nehru report

③ Delhi Proposal.

④ 3rd June 1947.

⑤ Political Deliberation  
Discuss

And more as well

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Ats request to Sir, Please tell me  
in all above question where am I  
wrong and which part need to  
more focus and where am I lack.  
~~Go with it~~ and also tell me about Presentation.

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