## Q. 2 Make a précis of the following passage and suggest a suitable title.

(15+5=20)

I speak of peace because of the new face of war. Total war makes no sense in an age when great powers can maintain large and relatively invulnerable nuclear forces and refuse to surrender without resort to those forces. It makes no sense in an age when a single nuclear weapon contains almost ten times the explosive force delivered by all of the Allied air forces in the Second World War. It makes no sense in an age when the deadly poisons produced by a nuclear exchange would be carried by the wind and water and soil and seed to the far corners of the globe and to generations yet unborn. Today the expenditure of billions of dollars every year on weapons acquired for the purpose of making sure we never need to use them is essential to keeping the peace. But surely the acquisition of such idle stockpiles, which can only destroy and never create, is not the only, much less the most efficient, means of assuring peace. I speak of peace, therefore, as the necessary rational end of rational men. I realize that the pursuit of peace is not as dramatic as the pursuit of war, and frequently the words of the pursuer fall on deaf ears. But we have no more urgent task. Some say that it is useless to speak of world peace or world law or world disarmament, and that it will be useless until the leaders of those nations, perceived to be hostile by us, adopt a more enlightened attitude. I hope they do. I believe we can help them do it. But I also believe that we must re-examine our own attitude, as individuals and as a nation, for our attitude is as essential as theirs. And every graduate of this school, every thoughtful citizen who despairs of war and wishes to bring peace, should begin by looking inward, by examining his own attitude toward the possibilities of peace. First, let us examine our attitude toward peace itself. Too many of us think it is impossible. Too many think it unreal. But that is a dangerous, defeatist belief. It leads to the conclusion that war is inevitable, that mankind is doomed, that we are gripped by forces we cannot control. Our problems are man-made. So let us persevere. Peace need not be impracticable, and war need not be inevitable. By defining our goal more clearly, by making it seem more manageable and less remote, we can help all peoples to see it, to draw hope from it, and to move irresistibly toward it.

Nuclear world: Peace is was The Lussent world dynamics left the only option choose over the nuclear world where powers posseses ten times greater than those used in second war whereas, the annual cost spendent on these weapons billions dollars, which certainly thermore, the peace can be more easily than the was It the leaders of these great powers adopt better attitude. Similarly, the attitude of the individuals of the nations also mallers equally. For peace keeping who has trust and wishes peace to the world should Start within and put equal efforts ght was is Mon-Made and imposed by some uncoatsollable forces who made mankind suffer. In to avoid was peace should be Words 431 main idea is picked and discussed but there is no dec coherence in the content be precis and to the point need improvement basic grammar needs attention

## Q. 5. (a) Punctuate the following text, where necessary.

while taking a nap on the porch one hot summer day hodga dreamed that a stranger promised to give him ten pieces of gold the stranger placed them in hodgas hand one by one until he reached the tenth piece which he hesitated to give him come on what are you waiting for said hodga you promised me ten just then he woke up he immediately looked at his hand and saw that it was empty he quickly shut his eyes again stretched out his hand and said all right ill settle for nine.

(05)

quacher was one day walking country road the was buddenly met by a highway a pristal, the man exclaimed four money on e my friend "said the quae cannot de lives my money Should be helping thee however, exchange is will give thee my pur ring the burge . The gracker rel of the pistopat the trobbess ead and said, "Now friend, my urse back or the weapon of for fire". Said the hopber " no powder in the bistop.

Q.7. Translate the following into English by keeping in view figurative/idiomatic expressions. (10) بزرگ نے بتایا کہ جنگل کے پار ایک پہاڑ ہے جہاں وہ پھول اُگنا ہے جس کی خوشبو سے انکھوں کی کھونی ہونی روشنی لوٹ آئی ہے ،مگر پہاڑ بہت بلند ہے اور اس پر بے شمار چٹانیں ہیں ،کانٹے دار جھاڑیاں ہیں اور بڑے بڑے پتھر ہیں جو راستہ روک لیتے ہیں ۔ اِس پہاڑ پر جانے کے لیے کئی لوگ آنے اور چلےگئے مگر ایسا کو نی شخص نہیں آیا جو پھول تک پہنچا ہو . شاید اِسی لیے دُنیا میں دکھ اور تکلیف ہے اور انسان روشنی کی تلاش میں ہے .

perhaps that is why there is sorrow and suffering... need improvement dont change the urdu context need improvement