

"Why Nations Fail?"

Outline.

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B. Factors which makes nation fail :-

Which pushes nation to failure

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2. Political Instability.
3. Corruption.
4. Poor economic policies.
5. Mismanaged imports and exports.
6. External debt.
7. Lack of infrastructure.
8. Social inequality.
9. Ethnic and Religious conflicts.
10. Lack of education and awareness.
11. Health crisis.
12. Natural disasters.
13. External international

interference.

14. Global economic pressure.

15. Globalization

16. Security threats.

17. Historical traumas.

18. Leadership failure.

19. Demographic challenges.

20. Identity crisis.

21. Lack of technological advancements and innovations.

22. Lack of National integrity.

C. Conclusion.

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Why Nations Fail?

A nation divided against itself cannot stand. Nations need oneness to become a nation. Nation is a large diverse group of people united by common values, traditions, culture, history, territory and laws. Some of the key factors ~~causing~~ ^{Good well connected and simple sentence} leading to failure of a nation include: ~~weak institutions,~~ political instability, ~~and~~ corruption. Mis-managed imports and exports, external debts and lack of infrastructure are also leading towards the failure of a nation. Moreover, Ethnic and religious conflicts, lack of education and awareness, ~~and~~ natural disasters can also make a nation fail. In addition, external International interference, global economic pressures, and ~~and~~ security threats are also

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adding in the factors making a nation fail. Also, cultural divisions, historical traumas, Identity crisis and lack of technological advancements and innovations are enough to bring a nation on verge of destruction. Therefore, there are several political, economic, social, international, historical, cultural and environmental factors which are causing the decline of a nation.

One of the major reasons leading to the failure of a nation are weak institutions of that country. Institutions refer to organizations and systems that run a country. Ineffective governance, inefficient judiciary and bureaucracy are making the system of a nation fail. When system fails, nation fails because these institutions

Write such sentences as you have written in introduction

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are basically the machinery of a state. For instance, According to World Bank, 2019, the government institutions of Somalia collapsed due to weakness. Therefore, weakness of a country's institution is a cause of failure of a nation.

Another major reason that is comprising to the failure of a nation is political instability. Political instability is a situation where a country's government and system is vulnerable to disruption. Political rivalry between different political parties of a state causes political instability. This rivalry and frequent changing of political leadership is a reason for decline of a nation. For instance, the current political situation of Pakistan is a speaking evidence of political instability as a cause

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of decline. Therefore, ~~unstable~~ political system means ~~unstable~~ nation.

Similarly, corruption is also a reason for failure of a nation. Corruption is the abuse of power for personal gain through illegal ways. Corruption like bribery, money laundering, nepotism and fraud by the people running the system of a ~~state~~ ~~is~~ ~~causing~~ ~~a~~ ~~crisis~~ ~~in~~ ~~a~~ ~~nation~~.

This intransparency and corruption is major threat to a nation. For instance, Joe Biden states that "corruption is a cancer that steals from the poor, undermines institutions, and blasts hope." Hence, corrupt system leads to nation's failure.

Also, poor economic policies are shaping the failure of a nation. Poor economic policies are lack of proper management

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and policies of the economic system. Inflation, increasing taxes and lack of trade diversification are all because of lack of proper economic policies. This inefficiency of economic system leads to downfall of a nation. For example, over-taxation and inflation rise in Pakistan is leading to poverty. Hence, poverty is caused by poor economy and underdeveloped nation is a failed nation.

One more factor making a nation fail is mismanaged imports and exports. Mismanaged imports and exports refer to ineffective management of international trade. Over-importation and under-exportation are because of mismanaged economic systems. And this mismanagement is leading to demise of a nation. For reference,

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According to reports the exports for the year 2023 are 31 billion dollars while the imports of Pakistan for the year 2023 are 80.16 billion dollars. Consequently, mismanaged imports and exports are a burden on economy leading to collapse of a nation.

Also, external debts are yet another aspect enhancing the failure of a nation. External debts are foreign or international debts, borrowed by a country from foreign lenders. These high external loans are a burden on the economy. This heavy burden is suppressing the sovereignty, sustainability and currency of the borrower nation. For reference, in 2017, the external debt of Venezuela reached 143 billion dollars resulting in severe economic crisis, hyperinflation and widespread poverty. Resultantly, foreign poverty.

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loans are leading to the collapse of a nation.

Lack of infrastructure is yet another reason for the fall of a nation. Lack of infrastructure means insufficient basic facilities needed to lead a happy life and state. Inadequate access to quality education, good transportation facilities and clean drinking water are all because of lack of proper infrastructure and management. This inadequacy of basic life facilities is a key factor in making a nation inadequate for survival in this adequately facilitated world. For example, anonymous states that "A country's infrastructure is a reflection of its commitment to its people and its future." Therefore, poor infrastructure shapes failed nations.

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In addition to social inequality, ~~social inequality~~ also pushes a nation towards the path of failure. Social inequality refers to discrimination between the people of same region, on the basis of gender, race and ethnicity. This discrimination within same people leads to unequal opportunities, resources, education and lack of exposure. This leads to accumulation of all privileges with one group of society while completely depriving the other group. For instance, Nelson Mandela said, "Social inequality can lead to social unrest and social unrest can lead to the downfall of a nation." Hence social injustice is majorly contributing to downfall of a nation.

Another cause of nation's failure are ethnic and religious conflicts. Religious and ethnic conflicts

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refer to disputes between individuals or groups from different religions and ethnic backgrounds living in a same region. These disputes among masses on basis of culture, beliefs and languages gives rise to violence. And violence leads to destruction and riots. Kofi Annan said, "Ethnic and religious conflicts are like a cancer that can destroy the fabric of our society. We must work together to find a cure." Thus, ethnic and religious conflicts divides a nation and a divided nation falls.

Also, lack of education and awareness of a nation makes that nation fail. Lack of education and awareness means lack of knowledge, skills and understandings. This lack of awareness limits opportunities. And this limitation in turn leads to no chances for

development and progress. For reference someone said, "Education is the backbone of a nation; without it, the nation will crumble." Consequently, ignorant nations eventually fails.

Similarly, health crisis also ~~serve as a cause of~~ failure of a nation. Health crisis refers to emergency health situation that affects public such as pandemics and epidemics etc. Health crisis causes economic downturn, life loss, discrimination and poverty. This leads to disrupted communities. Covid-19 pandemic and its effects on the world is speaking evidence of it. So, health system emergencies weakens a nation greatly.

likewise, natural disasters are also a major aspect of failure of a nation. Natural disasters are naturally occurring events that

Some of your sentences are totally out of grammar

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cause destruction such as floods, earthquakes, wildfires and landslides etc. Natural disasters badly impacts infrastructure, economy and causes displacement of masses. This havoc leads to a poor nation. For evidence, every year millions of people in Pakistan are affected due to floods. Therefore, natural disasters also destroys nations along with its infrastructure.

Furthermore, external international interference by super powers of the world also brings a nation on the borderline of failure.

External international interference points towards the influence of foreign governments and non state actors in the internal affairs of a country. The intervention by international bodies in a state's political, economic and military affairs plays

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a role of an obstacle in its way of progress and development. This occupation, invasion and disturbance leads to weakening of a nation. As an example the international sanctions imposed on North Korea in the 1950s could be taken which lead to widespread poverty and human rights abuse in North Korea. Ultimately, proving that meddling by others in a nation's own affairs destabilizes a nation.

Besides that global economic pressure is also contributing to the demise of a nation. Global economic pressure is the pressure exerted on the economy of a state by global economy. Fluctuation in prices of commodities, Tariffs, changes in currency rates are all because of global economy. This pressure and

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between world economic systems / or

interlinkage ^ leads to unemployment and financial instability. US-China trade war is an example of this. Hence global economy also shape the future of a nation either success or failure.

Globalization also causes the failure of a nation. Globalization is the interconnectedness and interdependence of countries in terms of economy, societies and cultures. Cultural homogeneity, dependence on foreign capital and loss of domestic industries are all due to globalization. Globalization is mainly destroying the roots of nation. Noam Chomsky says that globalization has created a situation where corporations have more power than nations. Therefore, globalization makes nations

powerless and powerless and rootless nations are a complete failure.

Moreover, security threats also destroys a nation. Security threats refers to military attacks, terrorism, insurgency and cyber attacks. All these activities by the non-state actors and foreign governments gives rise to riots.

Riots has the power to uproot a nation. The insurgency in balochistan by separatists groups could be taken as a case study. That's why security threats to nation means threats to its survival.

Historical traumas too is a factor causing downfall of a nation. Historical traumas are psychological and social wounds imposed on people by past events. Genocide, colonization, war and mass displacement are all shaping

historical traumas. These historical traumas and violent events cause social fragmentation among people, countries and nations and weaken national unity. As an example, The Partition of India and Pakistan in 1947 can be taken, which still impacts Pakistan-India relations. Hence proved that historical traumas can significantly contribute to the failure of a nation.

Leadership failure is also an aspect which makes a nation fail. Leadership failure simply is the failure of a leader to effectively manage and run a state or nation. Insincere and dishonest leaders, leaders lacking vision and leaders who are not capable of adapting to changing circumstances all makes a nation fail. People

lose trust in their leaders which leads to disunity among nation. There is a quote which says that when leaders fail to lead, nations fail to thrive. Therefore, directionless and leaderless nations face destruction.

Demographic challenges is another challenge faced by nations which makes them fail. Demographic challenges means fluctuation in the statistical figures of a population. Increase in aging population, increase in youth or even decline in population all adversely affects a nation. More aged population means lack of potential labour and increase of burden on economy while youth bulge means increased unemployment and lack of adequate resources. For instance, Increasing population of

Pakistan has disturbed the stability of the country in many ways. So, changes in demographics is also shaking a stability of a nation.

Identity crisis is another reason for nation's demise. Identity crisis means when a nation is confused about its identity, values, and goals.

Influence of others, historical traumas and polarization, all shapes nations that are confused about their identity. This confusion and uncertainty of nations disrupts their base and background. Henry Kissinger said, "A nation that is unsure of its identity is a nation that is unsure of its future." It follows that nations which lack identity holds dark future, hence; failed.

Along with all that, lack of technological advancements

and innovations also plays a crucial role in the failure of a nation. Lack of technological advancements and innovations points towards outdated infrastructure, limited technological access and lack of creativity and inventions. This lack of adaption of new ways of life limits economic growth and competitiveness. Nations lagging in this rat race of advancement are also left behind in progress. For reference, Afghanistan's lack of technological advancement and innovation has made it economically stagnant. In short, nations which do not match the pace of world in advancements eventually fails.

Another major feature that when a nation lacks is a failed nation and that is national integrity.

National integrity is the state of oneness of the people of a nation. When nations give importance to unity and harmony they prevail. Those nations which lack integrity their existence is endangered. As there is a quote that says, "United we stand, divided we fall." Hence, nations divided against itself are failed nations.

To conclude, all the factors discussed above, whether political, cultural, social or environmental all comprise to the downfall of a nation in one way or another. If nations ~~find~~ ^{find} solutions to extinguish all these factors in time then surely no nation will fail. Poor economic policies, social inequality and intransparency are the cats

to the stability of a nation. Health crisis and natural disasters also adds up to it. Globalization, lack of modern values and leadership failure also shapes the failure of nations. Demographic challenges faced by a nation, cultural division and poor economy

Write with proper subject, verb and object

lack of national integrity and lack of identity shakens the roots of a nation and makes it fail. Meanwhile, historical rivalries and dysfunctional government makes a nation crumble into pieces.

Nations fails because firstly the people making the nation fails as humans. All the institutions of that nation are run by these failed humans.

So, in order to prevent a nation from failing, humans

Piz work in your basic sentence structure

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need to 're-construct' their 'inner-selves', only then the survival of a nation could be made possible. Because as said, "A nation is not made by its government, but by its people."
