

Weak understanding of the topic

United Nations Organization: Redefining Peace in the 21st century, not it's achievements

Introduction:

Thesis statement: The UNO encourages international cooperation by providing a platform for dialogue, coordinating global efforts on climate change and pandemics, and advocating for economic and social progress. By fulfilling these duties, the UNO strives to establish a peaceful, fair and prosperous world, adhering to the principles of its charter and effectively responding to global challenges.

2. Background of the UN's Peacekeeping role.

3. Ground-Breaking Achievements made by UNO:

1) UN prevents conflicts through diplomacy, reducing human sufferings.

Case study: Ethiopia-Eritrea conflict

2) The UN peacekeeping missions & assist countries in transitioning from conflict to peace.

Case study: Peacekeeping operation in Sudan

3) The UN promotes disarmaments, reducing the number of small arms in conflict-prone regions and preventing genocide.

Case study: Destruction of Syrian weapons in 2014.

4) The UN protects civilians from violence and exploitation.

Case study: The UN's protection effort in the Central African Republic

5) The UN explores innovative solutions to address emerging peace challenges.

Case study: Airstrike Delivery in Syria

6) The UN recognizes the importance of women's participation in decision-making process.

Case study: Empowering of women in Afghanistan to participate in peacetalks

7) The UNO's humanitarian efforts have been crucial in providing aid to millions of people affected by conflicts.

Case study: UN's World Food Programme, UNICEF's efforts.

8) The UNO has also played a critical role in responding to global health crises.

Case study: Response to COVID-19 pandemic

9) The UNO's initiatives in environmental protection ^{are} also noteworthy.

Case study: UNEP, 1972

4) **Way Forward:** How the UNO can evolve to meet the demands of everchanging world

- 1) The UNO must give priority to the Sustainable development goals
- 2) The organization should be unbiased towards conflicts
- 3) The decision-making process of the Council should be transparent

5) **Conclusion:**

Practice: (Intro + 3 main Paragraphs + Conclusion)

"The United Nations is our one great hope for a peaceful and free world."
(Ralph Bunche)

The United Nations was conceived during the latter stages of World War II, with the primary aim of preventing future conflicts through collective security and diplomatic dialogue. According to Article 1 of the UNO Charter, the organization has four main objectives: maintaining international peace and security, fostering friendly relations among nations, promoting international cooperation to address economic, social, cultural and humanitarian issues. One of the UNO's most significant contributions has been in the realm of peacekeeping. Moreover, the UNO has played a crucial role in mediating peace agreements. The UNO has been at the forefront of promoting and protecting human rights since its inception. The UNO's humanitarian efforts have been crucial in providing aid to millions of people affected by conflicts, natural disasters and health crises. In recent years, the UNO has also played a critical role in addressing global health concerns. The UNO's commitment to sustainable development is epitomized by the adoption of the Sustainable Development Goals in 2015. Building on its achievements in

Sustainable development, human rights and peace-keeping, the UNO must continue to promote cooperation among nations to tackle pressing issues such as climate change, inequality and global health. While challenges persist, the UNO's commitment to its founding ideals provides hopes for a future where nations can collaborate to overcome shared obstacles and build a sustainable, peaceful global order.

Before understanding the role of UN in redefining peace, it is imperative to understand the background of the UN's peacekeeping role worldwide. The concept of an international organization to maintain peace emerged after the catastrophic destruction of two world wars. The League of Nations, formed after World War 1, was the first attempt to create such institution. However, its inability to prevent World War II underscored the need for a more robust and effective organization.

On June 26, 1945 the Charter was signed, and it came into force on October 24, 1945, a date now celebrated annually as United Nations Day.

One of the UNO's most significant contributions has been in the realm of peace-keeping. Over the past 80 years, the UNO has deployed numerous peacekeeping missions to conflict zones around the world. The UN's mediation efforts in the 2018

Ethiopia-Eritrea conflict prevented all-out war. The UN's preventive diplomacy helps prevent conflicts, reducing human sufferings and economic costs. Therefore, UN prevents conflicts through diplomacy, reducing human sufferings.

Moreover, the UNO has been at the forefront of promoting and protecting human rights since its inception. The adoption of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights in 1948 marked a significant milestone in the history of human rights. Drafted by representatives from different legal and cultural backgrounds, the declaration set out fundamental human rights to be universally protected. Over the years, the UNO has established various bodies to monitor and address human rights abuses.

In a nutshell, the UNO can evolve to meet the demands of the changing world by focusing on the Sustainable Development Goals, resolving conflicts through peacemaking efforts and maintaining neutrality in decision-making. Although the UNO has played a pivotal role in resolving conflicts, addressing humanitarian crises, and passing resolutions on various disputes, there is a need for reforms to regain its relevance in the multipolar world.

"The UN's role is to help nations build Peace, justice and prosperity" (Boutros-Ghali)