



Outline:-

I. Introduction:

- Pakistan as a developing state.

II. Pathways to Progress

a. Economic stability.

i. Industrialization

ii. Promotion of Agriculture.

iii. Use of smart energy resources.

b. Political stability.

- i. Political awareness.
- ii. Transparency.
- iii. Accountability.

c. Educational Reforms.

- i. Updating Syllabus.
- ii. Literate population.
- iii. Cheap education.

d. ~~Infrastructure development~~

Unequal infrastructural development

e. Autonomous Judiciary

- i - Rule of law.

f. Institutional Reforms.

III. Conclusion.

Introductions:-

"A nation which does not know what it was yesterday, does not know what it is today, nor what it is trying to do." (Woodrow Wilson)

Therefore, to progress ^{its} a state must know about ~~its~~ strengths and weaknesses, what they achieved in the past and how did they achieve it. In

light of all these ~~questions~~ ^{Queries} a state can find the ways to its progress.

Likely, Pakistan, as a nation has been strong enough to gain independence and survive amid harsh regional

dynamics. Therefore, gathering that same ^{That guide better} morale and integrity, there are certain areas that can ~~provide~~ ^{provide} pathways towards

progress for Pakistan, such as, stabilizing the political and economic situation, promotion of education, developing infrastructure etc.