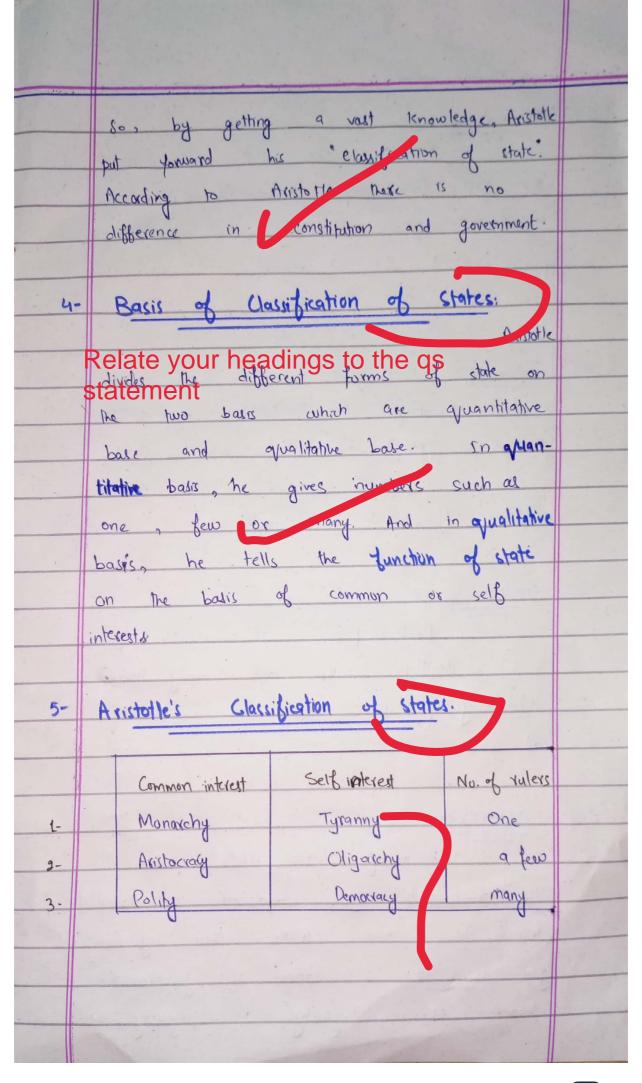
2 2 10	Time : 50 minutes.	
	QUESTION No 1:-	
	Axistotle was a realist not an idealist Elaborate with reference to this theory of ends and function of the state.	
1-	INTRODUCTION:-	
	The student of Plato, Aristotle was a man who believed in realistic Theory not an ideal approach. He put forward	
	many theories related to different fields of life. Some theories were precedent of Plato's theories but some theories were contradictory. While put forwarding the	
	classification of state, plato gave the concept of ideal state but postotle gave the concept concept of real state. The classification	
	of states of Asistotle is known as the theory of ends.	

	Anistotle concept of state: According to Arcatotle, state has following characteristics: State is present by nature to fulfil the basic needs of a man. State complex objections State complex objections Tirst of all, a man establish a amily to fulfil its basic, material and
	According to Aristotle, State has following chance teristics: State is present by nature to Sulfil The basic needs of a man. State complex organization. State is organizations of associations First of all, a man establish a
	characteristics: State is present by rature to Bullfil The basic needs of a man. State complex organization. State is organization. Trist of all, a man establish a
	characteristics: State is present by rature to Bullfil The basic needs of a man. State complex organization. State is organization. Trist of all, a man establish a
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	Sulfil The basic needs of a man. State complex organization. State is organizations of associations First of all, a man establish a
	→ State complex organization. → State 13 org associations of associations → First of all, a man establish a
1	→ State 13 org associations of associations → First of all, a man establish a
4	→ First of all, a man establish a
4	- 11 2 - Public se basic material and
- 11	amily to fulfil its source, went and
-	biological needs Then he enlarges his
- 11	circle to 'village' to fulfil his other
	eeds. And finally the village give rise
	to a state.
- 1	-> State is prior to individual.
	-> State is neccessary for the survival
e	of life of individual
3-	Aristotle's 'theory of ends':-
	Aristotle's
T	Theory of ends is also known as
	lassification of state or government.
	Aristotle, before presenting his own theory
	of ends? studied the constitutions
	and political systems of almost 158 countries.



5.1	Monarchy:	
	Asistotle says that Monarchy is The best form of government. According	
	Acistotle, only one benevolant and selfless	
	person saled the government and perform. The tasks for the benefit of community	
5.2	Tyranny:	
	According to Aristotle, a monatch	
	became trearms if he works for his own interest valled than the	
	interest of whole community	
5.3	Aristocracy:	
	Avistocracy ,3 he power of	
	collectively work for the benefit of	
5.4	Oligarchy: According to Acottle	
	the axistocrate get corrupted or detoriated	
	from the main purpose the they will give rise to a form of government	
	known as Oligarchy in Oligarchy, The	

	some wealthy persond with only for the overall community	
5.5	Polity: The form of state that is suled by the poor people of the society These poor people by knowing their own circumstance work for the welfare of society.	
	Democracy: According to Aristotle, when the poor middle class people at addicted to wealth, They become corrupted and started function for their own class rather Than to serve whole of society. This form of government is known as	
	Axistotle gives six different form of governments that rule over the whole community either for the interest of common people or for the interest of third own. Aristotle draw the sketch	

