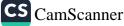
atline Pathways to Pakistan's Prosperity ) Introduction: at a critical point -Pakistan is in history, ready to realize its enormous Potential And is about to prosper at largh. Program, Posperity has three dimension; economics social, and cultural all of which are interemeted and necessary for bog term progress 0 2) An overview of the challenges hindering Pakistans prosperity:-20) Pakistan faces ongoing political instability with frequentiquement changes and This is not a --- ribne) Valid reference (The 26) Pakistan has faced multiple conomic crisibincluding high inflation and Significant deputorden (Pakistan has entered into more than 20 IMF aggreemants since the 1980s, IMF country ports 2c) Climate change negatively impacts Pakistan's prosperity (Over 1700 Fabilities and million people were at cted during 2022 floody events, WH-ON a si a si a si D. K. O. K. O. K. C.



20) A low literacy rate in Petison affects economic growth and job opportunities making it harder for proto in me their lives. Cliteracy rate in Patiston is approximakely 62.3% Pakitons Commic survey 2023-2024) 2e) law and order is sure in Patistan iocluding challenges like crime and terrorism. (Pakistan reported 6188 cases of terrorismon related voilence in 2023, Giloba Travorism adtabase (GTD)) 2F) Inadequate health facilities in Pakiston limit cress to esceptial Service CRakistan has 1300 hosp tals and 5,600 health unters highlighting the country's infrastructure W.H.O report in 7023) 3) Key Driver's of Properiby:-3a) Economic growth and diversification (Jn 2023, Patistan's economy grew by approximating 1.5%, ubr blant Report)



Relevant and well organised good Developments in infrastructure separts activities (China Pakista Frommic Conidor (PEr bes added 100 kilometers of ner highways improving bucines efficiency Economic survey of Blackon 2023-2 3.) Imavation and technogy adoption to advance productivity (Approximately \$300 rillion inforeign duect investment (FDJ) in 2022, Pakiston becig of Investment) 30) Human capital development to build a productive workforce (In 2023, Patistan spont approximately 2.5% of its GDP on education? World Benk Report 3e) Social and institutional reforms to imprave governing and strengthen Institutions (In 2023, Pakistan improved its work Good quite appropriate effectiveness with a scape of approximately 50 aut of 100, World Bank Reports)



4) Stregetic Priorities For Advancement 4a) Romating transporte in Pakistan is crucial lo political stabuty of Relistan (Noter trapet of 55 preflecting an increase in public enjagement in 20 elections, Election Comission of Pakistan) 46) Implementing effective policies and attacting foreign involtments to grow the Growmy. (Pakistan attracted about \$1:0 bilion in foreign direct injectment (FDI) in 2022, world bank report) 4c) Investing in regrevable energy enhancing infustructure to miligate environmental impacts. (Patislan's grai to generate 30% of its electricity from renewable sources by 2030, Patista no National Climate (hange policy 2021) 4d) Jacreasing education funding cam precome the proven of low literary rate. st increase in (Pakistan cum a primary school encolloperil vote of Past Syears, Rulcietan - Preav of Statistics)



4e) Improvent in law enforcement and judicial institutions (In 2023, Poteston police educed 75% of major criminal cases, Rikistan Rueau of statistics) 4f) Expansion of heathacare network (Palcistan expanded it's healthcare hetubeks with the addition of 200 whealth centers in 2023, hillo repat). Long term Vision and implementation: Realismy Greating Sustainable development SDGs) integration) (Pakiston has committed to acting 17 SDGIS by 2030, Garron of Pakistan Report) -Sb) Policy consistency and reforms (The government has introduced over 50 policy reforms in reacht years, Palcistan board of incestment) Sc) Public = Private Partnership (PPPS) (Pakistan has implemented over 200 PPP projects in infrastructure, health Care and education, Asian Development Bank) e Ree BUT ALOU ALOU ALOU



54) Investment in Renewable energy (Pakistan aims to generate 30% of its electricity from renewable Sources by 2030, international renewable energy agency IRENA) se) Regional reoperation and Trade with neighborring countries Chalcistan trade with China and India constitutes loter 20% of its total trade) Conclusion :-

