## CHALLENGES TO FREEDOM OF SPEECH IN PAKISTAN: RELIGIOUS EXTREMISM AND MEDIA CENSORSHIP

OUTLINE :

Well attempted

1) Introduction

Thesis statement & freedom of speech in Panistan is subjected to many challenges especially of religious entremism and media censorship. Nevertheless, some houstie approaches need to be taken to address this long festering issue.

- 2) Freedom of speech as basic human right and its perspective in Paristra
  - · Article 19 of the Constitution of Panistan.
  - 3) Religious Exkernism as a major challenge to freedom of Speech in Pakistan
    - a. Misuse and manipulation of blasphony laws. · Asia Bibi Case of 2009.
    - Violence and intimadation by extremist groups
      - · Shia Muslims of Hazara community
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    - d Restrictions of Artistic freedom by harassing scholars.
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5)	tfleets	imposed on Pakistan tue to lack of access
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		affected Egypt's government and public.
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	8	Conclusion

"I may not agree with what you have to say, but I will defend to the death your right to say it."

(- Voltaire)

Man is born with few rights that are not confined to geographical and regional restrictions but are same and ever lasting for entire humanity and freedom of spelin is one of them It is the birth right of every human being that they have the comprese liberty to express their thoughts, opinions and viewpoints without any internal pressure informenately access to this right has never been a bed of roses. in human history Despite living y The so called modern era of 21st century, this issue still persists to a quite large extent Pakistan also faces hinderance to provision of this barece yet constitutional right of public. The manipulation of blaspherry laws followed by the ucolenie of extremist religious groups, exerts pressure on the people to repressing themselves. There has been a notorious practice of harassing and attacking religious scholars and media journalists; / forbiding them to share their opinions and ideas These hundles in freedom of speech have farastic effects on the democracy and political stability of Pakistan. These problems must be addressed through the promotion of interfaith dialogue among religious figures and encouraging ethical journalism in media outlets. There is no derrying of the fact that the freedom of speech in Pakistan is subjected to many challenges especially of religious extremism and media censorship. Nevertheless, some tholistic approaches need to be taken to address this long festering issue.

The freedom of speech is a universal and global right that allows each and every individual to openly and without any hesitation portray their perspertive and ideology to public and state. Pakistan also follows thus not only as a goobal right but also a state religion night i e Islam has given compute authority to man to have access to right of freedom of expression It is the duty of the state and government to protect this right of civilians. The Article 19 of the constitution of Paxistan clearly highlights the importance and significance of night to preedom of expression. It stakes tvery citizen shall have me right to freedom of speech and expression and there shall be preedom of press subject to any reasonable restrictions imposed by law in the interest of glory of Islam or integrity --In the light of this article, Pakistan provides citizens including media to openly and pearlessly forward their opinions. Moverer, the situation

is not wat simple at all Pespix being a part of constitution, preedom of speech has never been so easy in Pakistan primarily due to religious expremism and media censorship. Where are thousands of weeks that warry proved that preedom of speech is spruggling to be a basic civil night. The main reasons for this struggle are law faristan's inability to tackle the religious niots and media propaganda through proper rule of law thus, it has become a parasite to the democratic norms and public liberty in Pakistan

heligious entremism is the new challenge that proverdes obstacles in the preedom of speech right of general public. The manipulation and misuse of blaspherry laws terrifres common public; that they could be attacked or murdered if they put forth any of their odea or ideology related to Islam or Propriet (PB) The history of this misinterpration forces them to stop questioning about religion. Even the people are seared to ask their queries or confusions from religious figures thomaing that any of their statement could be molded into anything blasphemous or inappropriate for religion Under section 295 and 298 of Pakistan's Penal code, indruiduals are prohibited from nonverbal and verbal actions deemed insulting to religious belief and practice Pawistan is one of the only three countries in me world - the

ouriers being Iran and Mauritania mat enforce vie auatu penalty against individuals for insulting the Prophet Muhammad and the Islamic faith Rowever, these blaspheny laws are manipulated to spread haved and year in people and prevent them from preedom of speech for example time Asia Bibi case of 2009 portrays this manipulation where Asia bibi, a chréstom woman got into an argument with her to workers and was convicted for blasherry. Dough many sources say that it was mure manipulation of her mords, yet she was held quity in the case such sunarios make it diffigut for people to express their liewpoints freely The violence and intimadation by sertarian groups also varises questions on the smooth functioning of greedom of speech in Pakistan. The extremist parties and contra rebels misuse Islamie aspert to undermone state religion It enhances tensions among different sects of people particularly causing Sura-Sunni divide this rift does not let the public to express their sentiments freely. The Hazara community in Pakistun, primarily Shia Mystems have falled sevore affairs in Quetta These invidents abstrin feople to avoid freedom of expression They are put in fear that their any conversairon may prove controversial and ultimately fatal for them Thus the threat to life and

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even respect does not allow wiem to talk freely. These extremest groups do not even hesitate to brexually and physically hapass people and particularly their momen. The fear to lose honor and restegrity causes hinder uieupoints. arie in freedom to express one's Also, the religious and seiturian minorities are targetted and exploited brutally to suppress their voice. These minor groups are treated like untouchables and are forced to compromise with every situation. Their demands and needs are not heard very well by the state and government The's gets more worse when they profest and the religious extremest give an extreme reaction to this. The minorities are bullied and Inistreated by the majorities; so that they keep gruet and do not convey their demands without any fear of exploitation. These reactions and aggressive airs shatter the confidence of the minorities and they have no courage to speak even for themselver Naumana Suleman, South Paria Cooldinatol at minority higher yeoup International will "In Pakissan minority-religion members face discrimination daily.... I country That is 96 percent Muslim, we targeting of its religious minorities (3 per cent) is widespread; especially for Shia, Ahmadis,

Hindus and Christians." These sort of events crease an atmosphere of tours fear and pressure that documes an unavoidable chavenge to freedom of speech in Pakistan Digging deeper into this visue, another Challenge that imposes thelat to preson of Speech in Pakistan is the restriction on artistic preedom by harassing scholars. One isignificant event in this negated is the 2017 case of Professor Pervez Hoodbhoy, a prominent physicist known for his outspoken views on secularism and withism of religious entremism. The faied severe backlash and threats forwing him to limit his public interactions. It underscores the broader issue of academic and artistic repression in Pakistan where scholars and artists often face intimadation and violence for expressing dissenting views thereby severly impairing treedom of speech. Any such yewark or statement by any surolar or artist that does not winnede with the extremist view points is regarded absurd by them. Such chaos and violence based attitudes procauses fromble in the freedom of speech in Pakistan especially to celebrity artists and scholars who are apaid for meir life before giving any statement.

In Pakistan, the pressure on media to conform to religious norms also significantly hinders une freedom of speech. Media outlers often face direct and indirect coacion to align their consent with conservative religious expertations, which restricts me diversity of viewpoints and critical discourse essential for a vibrant democracy. Journalists and media organizations are frequently subjected to censorship, threats and even violence if they publish material deemed blasphemous or offensive to religious sentinglis. A notable issuent that illustrates this scenario ish Pakistan is the 2019 cauxdown on the television channel 4EO TV 4EO TV aired content that was declared controversial and against Islamic values including statistical shows and dram. as that tourned upon sensitive issues This led to severe backlash from conservative groups, resulting in the temporary suspension of channel's Grad cast It clearly indicalis now media in Pakistan is pressunzed to adnere to religious norms, significently curbing freedom of speech and press freedom The other sector that imposes major challenges to keedom of speech in Pakistan is media censorship. There has been a rack record of blocking and banning of media content by une states government. If government feels that

media does not show the picture of domestic

and nationals affairs to public in the way may actually want, barning the media is the foremost solution for it one such event was observed back in 2018 when there was a temporary shutdown of the television news champel Dawn news It published an interview with former Prime Minister Nawat Sharif in which he made controversial remarks about the involvement of Pakistani millitants in the 2008 Mumbai attaine It led to severe backlash from the military establishment, resulting in the channel being taken off air in various parts of country. It exemplifies how government actions, often influenced by powerful institutions like the military can severly hindre freedom of speech by restricting media operations. The journalists and anchors of the media maustry are attacked and threatened in Pakistan that alsturbs lie freedom of speech here The news anchors and television journalist who probably being neutral depict the true and clear picture of the recent happenings are harassed and forced to neep quiet; especially if the analysis they present is not in the favor of nigher authorities and establishment These jouenalists are given death threats, face harassmett and are threatened for their Security The Committee to Protect Journalists (CPJ) 2020 report noted that Pakistan is one of the deadliest

countries for journalists, with numerous reporters being hilled, attacked or mreatened each ... The journalists who wass me red lines set by the military of who covered sensitive topics such as religion and cossuption face harassment, abduction and even muraer. With no other option left, and having no feeling of security the anchors and spotresperson of news and media theep quiet do not present their view points openly. This causes a huge Challenge to preedom of express ion in Pakistan and also consibutes in hiding the truth from public Furnumore, self-censosship in the Pakistani media due to economic pressures is hone of the major challenges in freedom of species. The economie pressures are used as tool by the state to influence media consent. The fear of losong adversting revenue or facing financial audits ileads many media houses to avoid publishing or broadcasting content vitial of the government or Powerful institutions. The media industry in Pakistan being heavily dependent on government advertising becomes extremely vulnurable leading to willespread self censorship as media nouses avoid antagonizing the government to ensure their financial vigorility A 2019 report by Reporters without Borders (RSF)
highlighted now media outlets in Pauistan face.... economi coerción by stating

"Government agencies have been known to withhold advertising revenue from media outlets that do not toe une official line. The outlets face severe financial constraints, that fones them to day off numerous journalists and Cut salaries, backing to increased self censorship among its staff to award further economic repercussions Admist the sey unsorship of media, internet censosship and surveillance also hinders me freedom of speech in Pakistan. There are numerous cases where the authorities continued to block arress to political, social and uniteral websites and arrested and intimated internet users; claiming that they expressed views deemed to be blasphemous, offensive and inappropriate. The Pakistan Telecommunication Authority (PTA) has been given broad powers to censer online content and monitor internet users. This leads to suppression of online dissent, with bloggers, journalists and activists frequently targetted The Human Rights Waren (HRW) 2020 report on Pakastan éllustrakes the impact of these measures by stating that the Pakistani governments increasing use of internet Shutdown, online censosship and surveillance has created a climate of fear among internet users. Henre, these factors lead to self censorship and a stifting of free expression online

Most Emportantly, but manipulation and misuse of deformation laws after wime laws and press ordinances also aus issues in the freedom of expression in Paristant There has been an observation of misuse of me Paristan Electronic Crimes Art CPECA) that it has been used to target journalists, bloggers and activists who withelize government the law's vague definitions of offenses and harsh penalties have created a drostic effect on freedom of expression A hallmark event highlighting live use of defamation laws, aybercume lays and press ordinanus to control media es the 2017 case against Journalist Cyril Almeida. Ne was charged with treason under Pakistanis defamation daws after he published an article in Dawn newspaper that reported on a high level security neeting discussing the military's alleged support for militant groups Hence, the vagness and misconception of these laws result in their manipulation and causes punishment for freedom to express onis finions These factors of religious extremism and media censorship, causing huge obstacles to freedom of spean gith, leave far reaching effects on Paristan. Lack of access to speak freely becomes the reason for exosion of democracy and political stagnation. Democracy is preferred over all other forms of government as it acrows public to put form there needs and express rueir emorious freely without any pressure or fear but if despite being a demou-

atic state, people are agraid to speak openly, it results in nothing but failure and exission of deplocacy. One sun notable enample is that of Russia. Under President Vladimir Putin, Russia had severly untailed freedom of speech and press freedom. The lack of free press containered to me erosion of democratic institutions and leads to political stagnation. These both impais hinder the political growth of the country There is no stability and uniformity because the public does not get satisfied with the government Though in democratic society, freedom of speech Sure as a cornerstone for healthy public discourse, but Patristan's pervosine censorship on media and religious extremism have stifled these critical processes. Secondly, lack of opportunity to speak tones people to lose trust in government and State which leads to anarchy The public feels frustrated and develops hatred for the country because they are not allowed to speak and one fored to be quiet and remain oppressed. According to a research titled, "The Decline of Reedom of Expression and Social Vulnerability in western Democracy by Aniceto Masferrer of University of Valencia, Spain, the decline of freedom of expression makes most people more vulnurable and jeopardizes the whole demonatic system. The public sees no option and no way to express their sentiments that puto mém into belief etrat the state and government

do not care for them. Instead, they are further suppressed and forced to stay away from raising voices such circumstances create environment of rebellion and insurgency where the public becomes against of the grate This delicate situation often paux way and weaks opportunity for foreign actains thus, absente of freedom to speak and enpress becomes the prime cause of public inopelessness and analy A wide communication gap between state and public is another major effect that is imposed due unavailability of preedom of Speech in Pakistan. There is a vactum in the path of public and government invhich increases charles of instability and restlessness in the country. Aussaine to Amousty Internationals 2020 Governments that silence their critics, including fournalists, activists and ordinary citizens deprive themselves of the information and perspective needed to create informed policies and address social problems effectively? It highlights how roskicting freedom of speech not only limits individual rights but also undermines governance by preventing diverse viewpoints from reacting policy makers. Minen government will not be aware of public demands, it will not oning any reforms accordingly. To bring change it is important to be well informed of the civilian needs and demands and that is only possible when public states its opinions publy

This gap leads to ignorance of the government mat furmer leads to political and social restlessness giving birth to a vicious cycle of anarys lack of speech fuedom and political instability. The crisis of freedom of speech is an alarming issue and must be tarkled with delicacy and attention to detail the Host and foremost Step in this regard is to address religious extremism by particularly promoting interfaith dialogue The government must bring scholars of each selt unda one umberalla and ensure narmony through them. for example, the "A common word Initiative was launched in 2007 by Muslim Scholars and deaders who reached out to Christian leaders worldwide emphasizing commonalities between Islago and Christanity for promoting interfaith dialogue. This environment of tolerance and respect is essential for protecting and enhancing freedom of speech, allowing individuals to express diverse religious and secular perspertives without fear of retribution knowaging interfaith dialogue can thus prove beneficial to enhance the Freedom of speech in Paxistan

The government of Pakistan should encourage etnical journalism by supporting media outleis free from entremist influence. Media channels, spokes person and journalists should be

given they should be made sufficient\_ given points they should be made sewe enough mat no religious group can presurize them and mat no medom to talk, express and write. De religious extremist groups should be controlled and not allowed to directly or indirectly influence for example, ranks high in media affairs. Finland consistently ranks high in Pres Geedom Indexes due to its strong supposet for independent journalism and media integrity. Such invironment allows journalists to report freely without any tear of censorship or entremist influence, promoting robust public discourse and democratic -Also, there is a need to impose a positive unsorship on media to avoid any chaos and sou'al whrest. There should be a moderate balance between completely banning and completely giving freedom of speech to media outlets Media Should be made well aware of its limitations and extent to which they can go while covering publishing and broadcasting a certain news gt 15 important to control media's actions in order to avoid any entreme reactions. The media should be treated in an optimistic manner by implimenting positive censorship so mat no right of treedom of speech is violated by along with Tesperting the Sentiments of other groups as Well. for example in me United Kingdom, media

regulatory bodies like 07 com has set broadcasting Standards that prohibit consent inciting harred or violating privacy. These regulations aim to protect public interests without stifting freedom of expression. Another strategy that can prove extremely helpful in promoting preedom of speech in Paristan
is to strengthen the chil sovery by facilitating public deiscourse The Soundarity movement in Poland and similar civil society movements in Easter Europe during 1980s played a crucial role in challenging authoritorian regimes and challenging preedom of speech these movements engaged in public dialogue to gain freedom of expression A vibrant civil society is essential for protecting homedom. Ot provides space for diverse viewpoints to be heard, fosters d'alogue among citizens and holds government accountable to their commitments to numan signis and demouatic principles. Hence, it should be the prime duty of government to ensure a strong civil society in order to face the issue of preedom of speen in Paristan rotorious countries of the world that faces extreme challenges in the way of freedom of speech

mainly que to religious extremism and media censorship Under President Abdel Fattah el Sixi, vie government has tightened its grip on media and expression, often citing national security and the fight against extremism às justification. Me cuimaic of Year discourages open discourse on sensitive topics ispecially religion and politis: The assassinations of smolars, secular activists and journalists exemplifies the dangerous environment for pree expression in Egypt As a vexult, Egypt has been Jaing social, poutical and religious crises from a very long time. Paristani government must look upon trus example and take a lesson that how inability to provide preedom and liberty to express oneself epenly can lead to a vulnerable and vinstable state. To sum up, it can be clearly said that lack of freedom to speak and express is one of root causes of Pakistan's instability and restles mess. The harsh and violent actions of religious parties combined with the media consorship serve as the main hurdles for public in disclosing their thoughts and ideas freely. These two factors immensely affect the free will of people and create an environment of fear among public. This terrifying atmosphere Grachles their confidence and they choose to Stay quiet rainer man stillzing their right of preedom of speech. It is the need of the how that the Pakistani government must take

necessary steps to avoid and ultimately tamove these challenges, ensuring a strong and smooth path to the right of freedom of enpression. This way it can strengthen the entire nation and bring them together as a binding fone where everybody is open to hear, tolerak and respect each others opinions and ideas.

Free expression is the bose of human

rights, the root of human native and mother of the Kuth. To Will free speech is to insult human rights, to suffe human nature and to suppress Kuth."

(hin Xiabo-Chinese critics and activist)