



IS TECHNOLOGICAL DEVELOPMENT GLOBAL JUSTIFIED BY DAMAGING THE ENVIRONMENT? este during Allow trade boost Pandemics 2 2 Educati connects people (Brozil candiquake) Significance of Tech Heath Development. Saving Lives predicine Industrial-Exploration Tech revolution earth and Grev novier space Global - dimite warming any Deforestation Loss of ultural Rise in population Screen values ed spatth issues eyes mpacts Increase in ne Global Global wars posture) Environment Cyper bullying Destruction of Pollution Natural Habitats PAOSS extinction 1 Accumulation of of species .1 . waste. offers? Depletion Technological Development of natural resources. what one we lossing for Suggestions/Solutions Tech notogical advancement? La Use of eco-friendly options what can be done to is scheduled screen time. Lo Dependence of renewable energy maintain balance This is good reflected in your outlineons La Waste disposable options 3) Is use of tech to spread more peace than whatred. is Protection Laws to be implemented

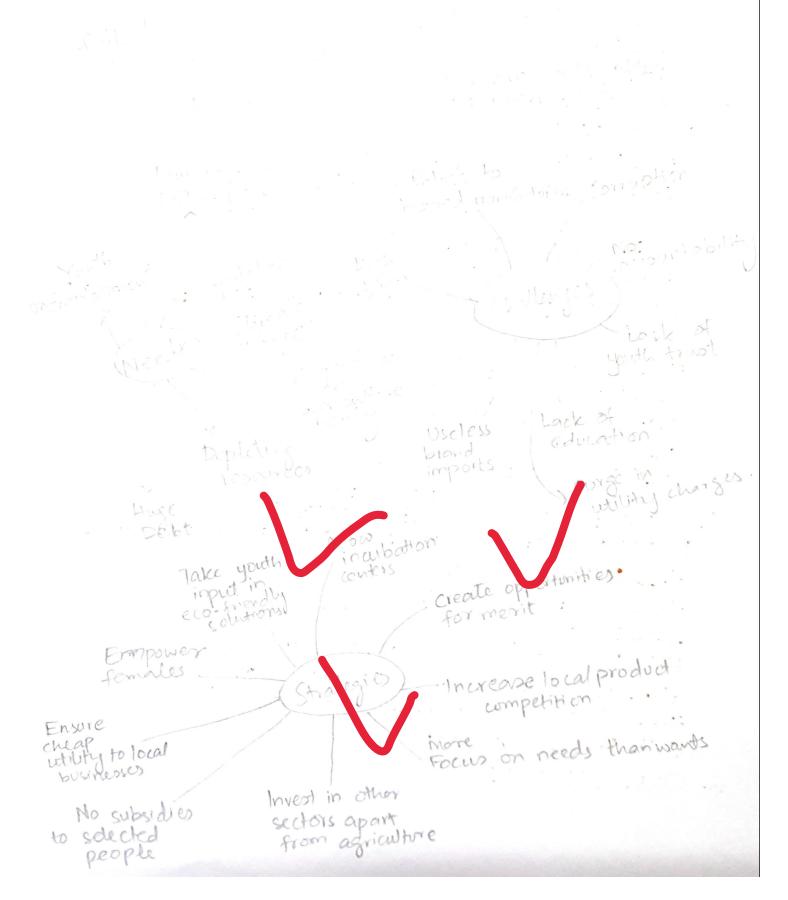


OUTLINE

A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
1. INTRODUCTION
2. WHAT DOES TECHNOLOGICAL DEVELOPMENT
OFFERS?
2.1. connecting people worldwide
2.2. Boost in global trade 2.3. Health and medicine Improved health and medicine
2.3. Health and exploration
3. WHAT ARE WE LOSING FOR TECHNOLOGICAL
ADVANCEMENT? 3.1. Global warming
3.2. For deficing growing Unbridled growth in population control
3.3. Defore station 3.4. Increase in glabal unrest
3.6. Accumulation of waste Widespread pollution
3.7. Pulution Constarol Perouvces
3.7. Pullution of Natural Resources 3.8. Depletion of Natural Resources 3.9. Loss of cultural values
3.9. Loss of culture
4. WHAT CAN BE DONE TO MAINTAIN BALANCE?
4.1. Protection Lows
4.2. Eco-friendly Options
4.3. Educate people
5. CONCLUSION



NEED AND STRATEGIES TO RECOVER THE STALLING ECONOMY OF PAKISTAN.



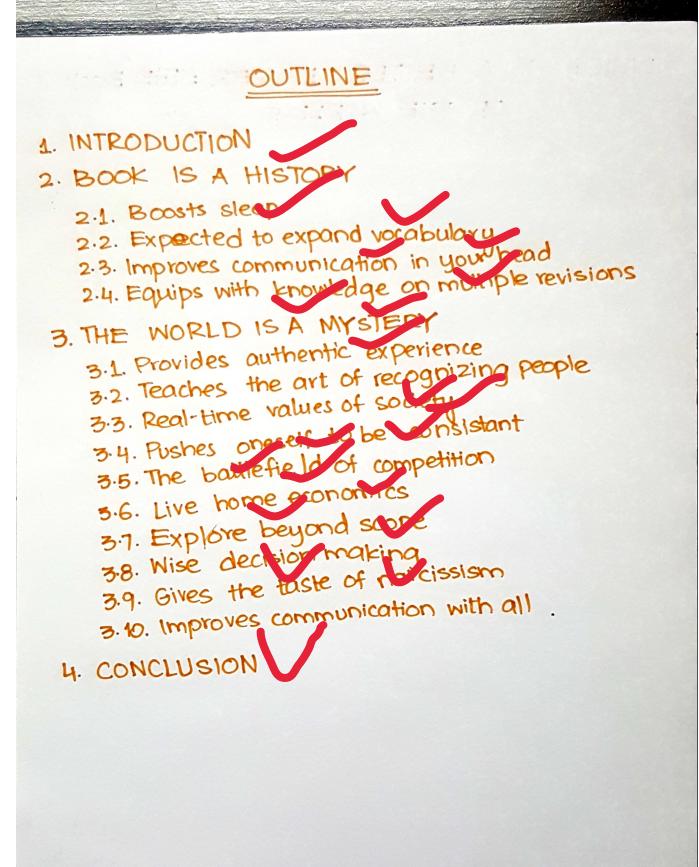


OUTLINE 1. INTRODUCTION 2. BACKGROUND 2.1. Funds for Pakistan after independence 2.2. Failed governments 2.3. Failed policies 2.4. Loans after Loan 3. THE URGENT NEED TO RECOVER PAKISTAN'S ECONOMY 3.1. Low income per capita 3.2. Population boom and unexployment 3.3. High dependence on agriculturé sector 3.4. Climate change crisis 3.5. Huge deuts on state. 4. CHALLENGES FACED BY PAKISTAN'S ECONOMY 4.1. Reliefs to biased manufactures 4.2. Useless morts 4.3. Lack of aucath Write complete snd meaningful 4.4. Surge in taxes sentences 4.4. 4.5. Lack of public youth trust ECOVER PAKISTAN'S 5. STRATEGIES TO DE ECONOMY THAT IS ON A BRINK OF COLLAPSING 5.1. ANTI · corruption reforms U can make well 5.2. Incubation centers 5.3. Local business competitions directional phrases 5.4. Focus on breds' rather than'wonts' 5.5. Invest in other actors of economy 5.6. Strip off unleserving from subsidies 57. Feedback Loop. 6. CONCLUSION



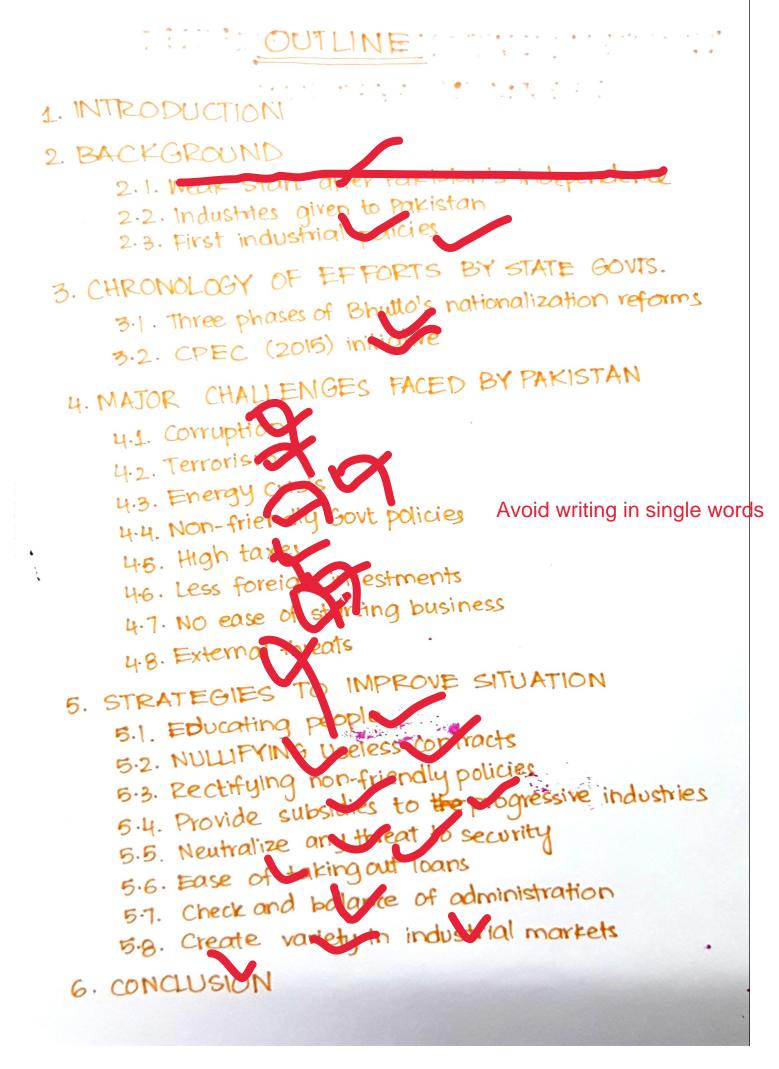
WHICH IS A TEACHER : THE BOOK WORLD? OR LASTOry reep Exponds toquips vocab knowledge moroves Communication 2 Enhances Exper Imagination (O GNYSING Re peoples' real foces 4. C. world Teaches you how to tackle mproves narcanist communication battlefield with every one Maks you consistant The cost of reality. 1 11.73 he economics values of society Books of while







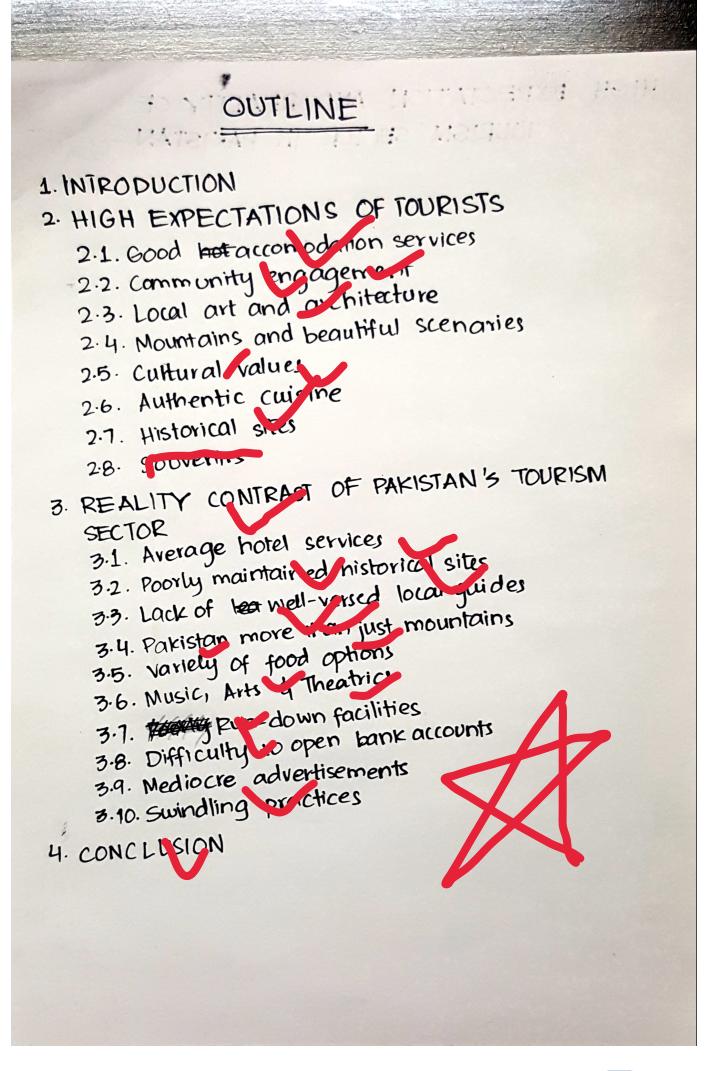
INDUSTRIALIZATION : AN UNFULFILLED DREAM IN PAKISTAN · . 1/1 / . . first industries Background protiotive of industrial Efforts depending : 1.9 . The nationalization reforms by Bhutto Sahab - second round of nationalization by Barpazir Sahiba - Third round in 2012 by Yousuf Raza Saliab Ly To empower PIA, Railways and Rakistan Nawaz sharif's tenure bied improving infrastructure - Nawaz sharing si anare or an proving infrastructure to facilitate industrialization - Motorways being the most important. - OPEC 2015 - started for the promotion of industrialization and allow Pale: 10, manage its, economi properly. and allow Vale. to industrial development. La Quard-e-Azam solar Park La Special economic zones Challerges - Terrorism - Loss foreign investors Non friendly govt policies Energy Crivis High taxes



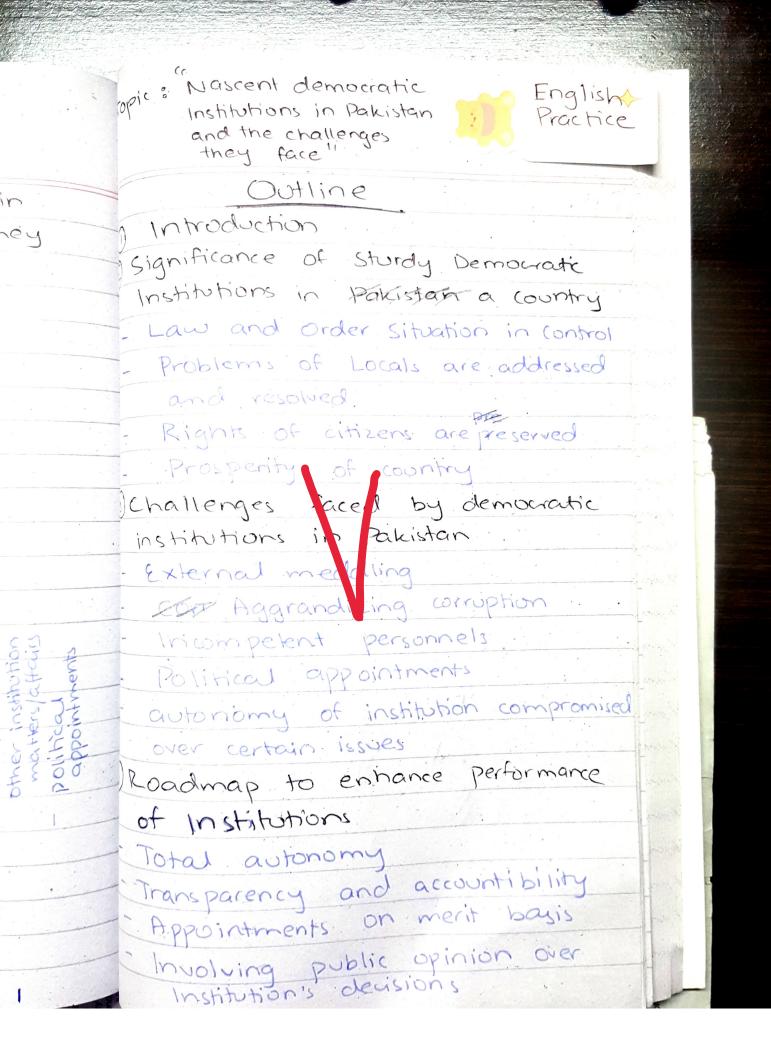


HIGH EXPECTATION AND REALITY OF TOURISM SECTOR IN PARISTAN SP11.1 196019 And Wold IX 1 wit and architectur Expec Duthent famous on monuments 5000 29712 Mogris Cultural Archeological values Community 12-70160 engagement ety attr Frands . " in pullitian No bank 191 policy for tourists enintraver 1.21 Hot Wast barro . 7. 5 Mairtan 241 1 Music, rence Art and estilion illines Theatricaria Dopitality S. DAN WHIL stranditions advertised to * to swindling prochers Iconic visiting L. CONCLUSION Spots







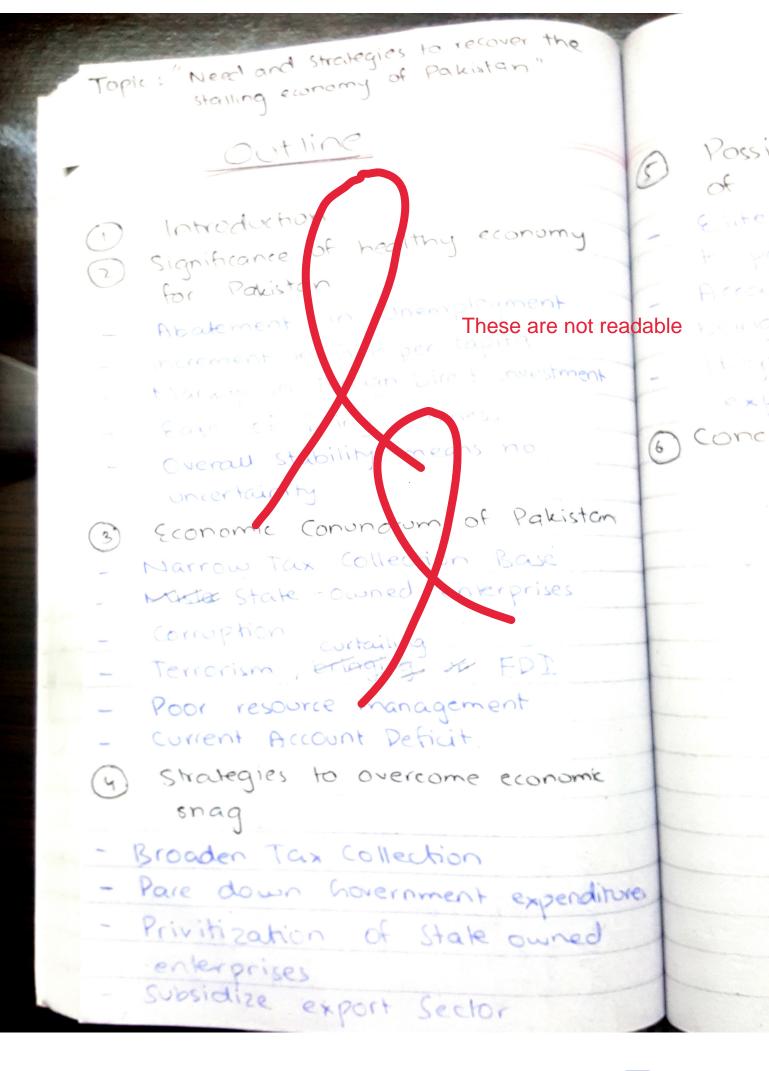




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Outline AIntroduction ACIENESIS of Technological Development lobal of Factors detrimental in razing environment Climale TOUS Green yer debletion Pollution Mpes of various Melting of Citaciers 9 toplications of technological development on environment Natural Disaste Rise in sea herels Aversity Loss of A 0ications Health in D'Roadmap to contail damages melhing Compliance with SDGs pollution dependance on Fossil fuels placier Reduced Life cycle cost Assessment Enhance sustainable Development . 1 6) Conclusion







the Possible bottle-necks in way of solutions Elite or privilege class unwillingness omy to pay full laxes Accountibility Institutions themselves nt being corrupt ia form of loan Huge capital required 1 to subsidize stment export sector 1) Conclusion kistan 2 es omíc nditures ed



Topic: "which is a better teacher: A book or the world "! Dutline. Introduction Significance of knowledge from a book Learning from scrutch cogent bases - comprehensive learning Problem solving ability development 3) significance of known experience: in a real - world Practical schedulio understanding Test of nerves Development of technical expertise 9) Requirements of Modern World Better option Someen book or the world ? 6) Conclusion



ppic : "Industrialization: an unfulfiled dream in Pakistan" Introduction filled Cienesis of Industrialization in Pakistan Government Policies over the years Nationalization dy Privitization china-Pahistan Economic Corridor Factors derailing Industrial growth of Pahistan Energy crisis Political Instability Shrink in Foreign Direct vestment FOT FOT Bureaucratic hordles in Hing up an Industry aint of finished Below - Par Government Policies goods Remedial Measures 0 boost 4 Industrial sector for presperity of Polihial -Pakistan subsidization of Industrial Sector Introduction of frish policies, eradicating outdated policies Research and Intelopment Train traindent and educate professionals to un industries set up special Economic zones Quality control and Quality Assurance



Industrialization. Prospects of 5 for Pakiste employment Mark UP onon B Boost Investment Foreign Dir deficit current acc t Exporting ex of-a common man standard of Conclusion 6



High expectations and reality ropic: of Tourism Sector in Pakistan" Outline ality Introduction Pakistan" Potential of Tourism in Pakistan in fich Six UNESCO world Heritage sites Famous Muntain Ranges Deserts, Lahus and valleys piverse culture and Bo variety controlens of Food Religious Site 3) Significance of Toorism Enhances soft lower supports Economic PWell elaborated Employment Oppurtunities Growth of Local Industries Reality of Jourism Sector broaders of Pahistan Mismanagement & Poor Governance Security Risks Inadiequale Infrastructure NO Ease of Travelling & Tourism not being primary Religious focus of how ment



uplift Tourism strategic in Pakist 5 Empower Local government Digitalization Sector instead Invest in of collapsing PORS Terrorism # Eradication 0 Fresh Policie that supports Tarism Conclusion 6

