2017 PAKISTAN HEFAIRS DAY MIT	
Q: Pakistan's mational culture reflects unity in diversity.	Elaboratc.
OUTLINE	1
I. Introduction	*
II. Iduology of Pakistan; Foundation of Unity	
1. Change in Sir Syed's View; Urdu-Hindi Conflict	white There
2 Illiama Mihammad Tajbat-Strong Advocate of 2N 3. QUAID-E-Azam; Activism for a Suravate State	anon manu
II. DIVEKE National Collum of Praistan VIIII	20
Der 1-Ponjab	10
2 Sindh	- Land
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1. National Unity	
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3. Conforming to Islamic Teachings	
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INTRODUCTION	1.1.6
The National College of Pakestan is the blend of mul	Jaid
divisite athere groups including . Pinjable, sindhis Po	1
and Balochs. Eveny ethnic quarp has it own colt	1
norm and value which blinds and bealthibilly	
The National culture of Pakishan. This drussly of	
groups are reflecte unity due to the binding for	
and Islamic teachings, which forthermore integra	
mational peace and security. The ghout the hist	
Non-state actors and rival focus tried to disinte	
the nation but remained failed. As Quaid-e-A-	
Muhammad Ali Jinnah Said, Thure is no power of	
that can undo Pabistan. Pabistans comu undu	. the

DAT	T/OS
	Diverse p cultural contries of the world. The mitrial (
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	respect and maintaining internal sovercignly reflects
	the mutual cooperation of the paper
	peak and hammony. Palato vour boadings to the
	TDEOLOGY OF PAKSTATON INDATION
K'N	LDEOLOGY OF FARSIONE AND AND DE TOURS
_	OF UNITY and adding to melless to adding the second in The
_	OF UNITY advertisi
	Although the Muslim reformers like, Sheikh Ahmad Sirhindi
	Although the Muslim retormens needed this value of
	and shah Walivillah have understood the value of
	a sp supervation separate state for preserving piece mushim
	identity, the Wars of Independence and achivism of
	Sir Syca Altmad Khan madie the muslim matian mon
	natization of a muld of I scipentati state. Later on.
	Albana Muhammad Raybal and Quaud-e- Apam Muhammad
	Ali Jinnah made this realization possible by winning
	an independent state for Muslim from Cotonical power
	and the second
	CHANGE IN SIR SYED'S VIEWS; URDU-HINDI
1	CONFLICT:
	Sir Syld Ahmad Khan, initially, was a
	swang advocate of Hindu-Muslim unity as he used
	to say, "Hindu and Muslim and hundriful eyes of a
	chamming build." The Hindri-Undu anflict changed his
-	
	mind. After the conflict he tilted his activism towards
_	Muslim's education only. He started believing that
-	Hindus and Muslims are two sparate and totally
	different social systems and cannot be integrated
	together. He also wrote the letter of the first Muslim

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president of Indian National Conques, criticizing the would national that India is inhabited by different sociou groups and the word indianal is so indivent to the count dynamics of India. ALLAMA MUHAMMAD IQBAL - STRONG ADVOCATE OF TWO NATION THEORY, UT Throughout his life, Allama Muhammad Taybal had hird to minform the willim Identity among the muslim of the sub-continuit, whether in the form of speeches on poetry. The most famous Allahbad Address Can be considued as a corner a stone of the independence of Pakistan. Allama Taybal also and red that muslims and totally different from Hindus in mo of religious values and traditions. By living within the mined religious groups muslim have already lost the Islamic tendencies and Further living in such diverse state can totally manipulate the real Islamic teachings. He used to encourage people through his famous portries. For enample, Allama Raybal says in hus famous Jawab-e-Shikwa, HONIC قوم مزيب سے سے مزي حوابس تم او اس حذب بالم جو ليس ، محفل الج لع ليس _ QUAID-E-AZAM MUHAMMAD ALI JINNAH - ACTIVISM FOR A SEPARATE STATE: Nurburid among the pro-separate state. Jinnah was also been of a balicy that Mullim and Hindus are two different nations. Juaid - e-Azam said in a speech that "How can such nations can live together in which one's heroes are the intrudens on others." Further, Page No._

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Congress muinistries (1937), fould the separatist iduology and muslim withissed the cruelty and enviormen of Hindur against muslims. Quard-e-Ajaim M.A Jinnah also pointed out the significant difference actushopping of viluars and haditions among the two nations. HUAMA MUHUMMAD TREAD STRAN DIVERSE NATIONAL CULTURE OF ИОЛТАИ PAKISTAN Use elaborate, specific, self PUNJAB: explanatory and relevant headings runjabis the most popolous populous and prosperson province of Pakistan. It has the significant contribution in the GDP. Punjab is also called the land of Suhi due to the famous shrines of Bachuddin Lakaniya Multan. Forred uddin Masoud Gamj-c-shakar, and Data Ali Kig Hajvari. Punjab is which in culture and different from other provinces. SINDH: who live in Sindh are called Sindhis. Sindh is also known as Bab-ul-Islam because of the famous Muhammiad Bin Qasim entry in the sub-continent. Sindhi and the old civilization, tabil mame ruflictuit hobbing Ind (Indus) - Hind - Sindh . Sindhis are also with in 207 culture and one formous for this hospitability. KHYBER-PAKHTUN KHWA: The Khyber Perkhhun Khwa is inself a diverse province. The people have rook with the Persian Add and highlight Page No.__ references/examples against these Scanned with CamScanner arguments

Empire. The people of things perchiting things preformout to this working mannue. It has a long history with the bardwing areas of Afghanistan Pashtums are also famous for this browery, and comittment to the makamal integrity. BAWCHISTAN Ballochistram is the largest province of Pakistan in terms of ancia: The Sinhabited by different tribes for enampu. Bughi, Zehri, Khan of Kalat etc. Balochy and formous for this bravery and resistance. This province is the only province that warmt under the control of Colonial power duc to this usistance and lighting tach is. The people of Baluchistan also play harmonic will in maintaing the nation maintaining national integrity. NATIONAL NOISCORN FIRM IDEOLOGICAL BASIS: The people of Pakistan, no matter from which province on ethnic groups do they belong, understand and believe that Pakistan was made for Muslims, not for Punjaloi, Sindhi, Pashhun, or Baloch. This mentality environ that the people from different ethic groups are standing under the one umbrilla of Islam. The provision of Prominent-Mullim leaguesi politician show that the state is made for a muslim can place this religion peacefully without any fear After the separation, people of pakiston have same national interest.

CONFRONTING ANTI-STATE ELEMENTS: From it incuption Pakaton is confronting anti-state elements in the form of Pashhum moviment fulled by Afghaniston and Balach liberation Federation (BLF), fulled by Indian agencis. But with the mutual support of public Pakistan forces are able to diminate the threat of disintegrations internations CONFORMING TO ISLATMIC TEACHINGS: The main reason behind this unity amidst the diverse nature of province is conforming to the teachings of Islam which are totally against of racism and discrimination of other people. The Prophet Monammod (PBUH) says, A Muslim is a butter of another Muslim. He does not oppress him, not does he leave him at the muncy of othyard mentionang Briefats) in this pattern ONCLOSTON TRM TOSOLCOLLER BASES Pakistan release unity amidst the presence of multiple ethni. gurups is just because of multipli layou of strong itudograal sis and conforming to the teaching of Islam. For Pakistani people, Islamic teachings are the first priority over cultural differences and this also displays the branky of Islam that how a ruligion is working as a binning rorce for the sake of peace. harmony and national integration.