" Resources can be rich only when properly utilized." Outline :-Focus on proper deconstruction of the topic Introduction: Thesis statement: Both natural and human resources posses ent value but their richness is only beneficial when utilized property, tack of political will, management issues and technical expertise lead to improper utilization of resources. Therefore, there is a dire need to revisit the policies to get maximum out of avaible resources. 2) Correlation between resources and their utilization :-Why resources are not property whilezed ?-Poor Planning of projects results in scaraty of resource lack of political will and correspion Interprovincial conflicts over resources Overutilization of non-renewable energy resources Less focus on thiman Resource development lack of technical innovation lack of infrastructure impedes the process of resource distribution Irrelevant details Implications of Improper utilization of resources: Emergence of energy crisis and food shortages Trade deficit because of over reliance on Imports

4 The project of national cohesion remains unfinished
d) unemployment prevails as a result of poor management
of human resource.
e) Poverty because of we equal distribution of resources
of Environmental degration is the result as a result of
over relience on non-renewable resources.
5) way perward : Make proper phrase
a) Political will and Policy reforms are required.
b) Sustainable Management of resources
c) Shill based education should be provided for human development
d) Increased investment in research and development should
be prioratized.
e) Conclusion :-
Weak understanding of the topic
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Hazrat Omar (R.A) used to say that if a dog dies out of hungerat the river of Euphrates, I mar will be responsible for his death on the day of judgment. His words clearly indicate how important it is to manage resources so that their utilization would be proper and equally distributed to everyone Pakistan is blessed with abundent resources like coal, it, gas, minerals and a huge young population. However, poor planning, lack of political will and corruption anonterprovincial conflicts are the hurdies in the way of efficient management of sessour resources Moreover, over whilization of resources, less focus on human development, and lack of technical and infrastructural development adds insult to injusy These hurdles result in persistent energy crisis and poodshortages trade defiut, unemployment and poverty Various ethnic and environmental issues are a result of improper utilization of resources & To address these issues it is important to have a political will sustainable management of resources along with skill based education and increased investment in research and development would solve the issues . Hence, Both natural and human resources possess great value but their richness is only realized when utilized proporty. lack of political will and technical apertise lead to improper utilization of resources Therefore, there is a dire need to revisit the existant polices to get maximum out of available resources

Resources constitute all those thing which an be used for the benefit and betterment of society these resource wild be natural, financial, technical or human with whereas, the utilization of resources means that how effectively a + these resources are used to pulfill the needs of hum a society when it comes to Pakistan, Pakistanis among those wuntries which are rich in resources but sen faces resource curse because of improper utilization. Poor Planning of developmental projects by the government is a leading hurdle in the efficient management of resources. Refere starting and gary developmental project. planning is a crucial step rakistan faces water crisis and one of the reason of this crisis despite having a whole channel of compals and ground water is inaproper whan planning, for Instance, urban cities like lahore use most of the water while nearby areas face water shortage. This unequal distribution of water between urban and rural areas due results in water scaraity in rural proces. There is a lack of political will pover the issue of resource utilization Political leac actors are more interested in accumulation of power rather than resolving the issues of common people Almost every sector 13 be it agriculture, industry, tourismor mining requires special D attention of government for reforms. The mining sector of 13 Pakistan & is orucial for the extraction minerals and other resources essential for development but this sector has been largely overlooked by the government Mining is still done by labourers in poor working conditions where as,

developed countries use new technologies such as surface excavation machines . (Analysis of Minerals and Metal Sector in Paleistan, a report by Yasir Nawar Farmer . Therefore Serious Another case in point of tack of political will is the distribution of sui gas . Eventhough, sui gas is transported to the province of Punjab by consitutes 56 % of Pakistan's total natural gas output still Balochistan faces gas shortage. Therefore, it is not the incwailibity of resource but lack of political in which keeps Balochistan deprived of natural gue Interprovincial conflicts over the resources are also a factor contributing to improper management of resources. The conflict over water between the provinces mainly Purjab and Sindh, is the cason ibehind unfinished project of Kalabagh down According to 1991 water Accord, 48% water goes to Punjab, 42% to Sindh, 7% to KPK and 3% to Balochistan / PIDE report ? Analysis of water crisis) Punfab is an uppr riparian province where as Baloch+ Sindh is a lower riparian province, and usually the two remain at daggerends over water management issue Instead, a provincial harmony is required for efficient management of resources. Pakistan's economy is heavily dependent on non-sonewable energy resources such as wal and oil These resources are depleteable and hence overutilization of these resources would result in scarcity Paustan is located in sub-trepical region and is exposed summers are prolonged bear

Hence, solar energy is a viable option for the production electricity instead of was In addition to this wind energy can also be stituted with non-renewative energy resources to preserve them from depletion Therefore, renewable energy resources are potential substitute of joint juels for en meeting the energy crisis of Pakistan. Palustan hasa huge youth bulge also, which is a potential resource but, this resources is also not y benefiting the wuntry as is it should benefit because of unskilled youth . Autording a report "National Human Development Survey" by UNDP, Palustan's 64% of Population is bellow so year age while 29% is bellow between 15 to 20 years. This youth can be the significant asset of pountry leading to development if managed properly, installed young people would serve as a ticking bomb to, being blessed with large number of young population require efficient management and skill developmental prets. Apart from this, country largly lacks behind when it comes to technical innovation and expertise New technologies enhance the efficiency and increase production capacity. Agriculture is the largest sector of Pakaslan and accounts for 23% of GDP. (Pakastan Boureau of statistics). Despite agriculture being the largest sector, it is dependent of traditional methods of irrigations New technologies and methods such as drip irrigation can not only save the water by also would result in increased productivity rates Technological advancement conlead to better exploitation of resources an

Infrastruce is of great importance when for the distribution of resources Because of in Hastrutural impediments resouces are not managed properly o For instance, Pakistan's energy production electricity production capacity is sufficient but because of the losses in transmission lines and reduced transmission capacity electricity demands can not be full filled's Furthermore, infrastructure such as roads and railways, hotels and internet poor internet connections in norther areas are a course of less sevenue generation of tourism sector. The country has beautiful natural landscapes but due to lack of infrastructural development it is wable to get maximum benefit out of it. It means it is not the scarcity of resource but for infrastructural development which is a problem The hurdles in the utilization of resources result in various consquences which affect the economic development and create problems to -st of societal disharmony and environmental degrations Pakistan faces energy and food shortage crisis every now and then, because of inefficient managment of resources In sumers, energy cris electricity shortage where as in winters gas shortage crisis emerge every other years. These two resource's electricity and gas are vital torun the industries and daily lives of common people Because of improper management the issue of energy crisis

is persistant and requires urgent attention of government. Food crisis is year yet another issue which emerge every year despite large arable land wheat crisis arreged in May 2024 when government refused to procure the wheat emerged in September 2023 because the country faced the shortage of flows for an agrarian country, which even export wheat such a crisis is a result of poor management of agricultural resources The trade deficit of Pakistan in 17.7% for the financial year, 2023-2024. (Economic survey of Pakistan). The trade deficit shows that Pakistan relies heavily on imports to fulfill it's needs. This is a direct impact of inefficient utilization of resources. Palastan's rich resources would have been suffert to fulfill the needs if they were utilized properly. Despite having both renewable and non-renewable energy resources for energy production, the country import oil and gas. Another significant impact of poor management of resources is that the project of national cohesion remains unfinished. Grievences exist between proviences over the utilization of resour Balochistan provides gas, minerals and the Gawadar port, all of which is of utmost importance for the development and progress of wunny pespite having abudent resources, the province remains backward in many ways. This unequal distribution of resources

is the major cause of ethnic disputes and separtist movements in the wunting One of prevailing issue of Palustan is that of unemployment. Omemployment the resultant of poor management of human resource. Pakistan's education sector is not foresing on the skill development of students . 45% of 24% of Educated youth of Pakistan is unemployed This is because of the reason-that they lack the expertise which are required in the job market and also opportunities are less in Pakistan of the sesources human resource has to be preverserved and whilized efficiently along. with addressing then the issue of unemployment can be addressed Poverty is also aby product of ill treatm ill-treatment of resources unequal distribution of resources results in the accumulation of wealth in yew hands. Pakistani society is divided dearly into poorrural and comparatively better developed urban centers the poverty in rural areas is not because of low resources but because of structural problem o Onbalanced development of rural and urban areas is the cause of backwardness of rural areas. There fore, to aleviate poverty proper management of resources is crucial, Environmental degradation is a chauenge of urgent concerns Environmental degration is a phenomenon which emerged as a

consequence of over diance on non-renewable energy resource, Carbon emission because of burning of jossil juels is degrading the environment by causing pollution Palastan is one of those countries which is facing severe impacts of climate change despite contributing very min base minimum in carbon emissions Despite this fact, over reliance on nonrenewable energy resources is visible in Palastan. This needs to cut down to protect the environment To address the issue of improper utilization of resources various reforms are required These include governmental policies to prevent the issue of improper utilization The first and formest thing is to develop a political will and government should revisit the policies. This includes the policies of distribution of resources and reforms in every seiter to capitalize its full potential for example, equitable distribution of water between urban and rural areas must be joursed Properly planned cities should be focused but because it would an expansive project. Concenspus among proviences and political parties is the first step towards the management of resources -Sustainble management of sesources is required for the efficient management of resources . Ground water is a non-renewable resource. Forvests, minero possil fuels all of these resources

can only be preserved if managed properly. Shifting towards green energy such as bioquel, solar, wind and hydro is required sastainable management is important because it ensures the long-term availability of resources by taking into account a holistic view of management and consideration of enter interconnected ness of conomic, soull and environmental system. To capitalize on youth, universities Should update their curriculum and impart skill based and practical unowledge rather than relying on theoretical knowledge . Interpreneural skills should be proiritized students should be encouraged towards STEM ( science, technology, engineering and maths) education start-up culture needs to be promoted and supported by government to utilize the potential of youth for the evenomic development of wanty, There is a need to bring the gap between academia and industry for the solutions of long standing issues of various sectors such as agriculture, mining and energy Partnership between academia, industry and government is an essential stepto develop new technologies and solutions Pakistan need to learn from Netherlands how integration between academia and industry leads to mitigation of issues setherlands is a lowlying country . Approximately 26% of country is below

sea level and faces constant threat of floating. The netherlands has effectively delt with issue by employing advanced engineering technologies techniques and building storm surge barriers etc. To sum up the aggument, richne of resources is only utilized when managed property. There exist The issues of plack of political will, poor planning and technical experstise are a reality. And there is a need to revisit the policies to manage the resources Even though Pakistan is facing a challenge of resource curse because of mefficient management but considering huge reserves of natural resources, population an and young population it is possible to take wuntry out of the issues developmental projects like CPEC and SIFC are an opportunity for Pakiston to use the maximum potential of its resoluces.

