

## Islamic Studies (CSS 2010)

Q) Differentiate between the Din and Religion, state the important points of co-existence among Islam and world religions in the present scenario.

Difference between Din and Religion

While Din and Religion are used interchangeably, they convey different meanings.

Religion is derived from the Latin word "religio" or "religare" which means obligation/reverence and "to bind" respectively. It comprises of a set of beliefs, traditions and social customs. Contrarily, Deen means "way of life" or "judgment". Contextually, it refers to the way of life prescribed by Allah, which is Islam.

Concerns  
Religion deals man's relations with God while Deen concerns man's relation with God and His creation. Furthermore, religion concerns private affairs of life, limited to sacred and spiritual matters. Conversely, Deen involves a complete code of life, it includes all aspects of life, individual and collective, encompassing both secular and

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Sacred aspects. Thus, unlike religion, Deen  
is a complete code of life. In "Towards  
Understanding Islam", Mawduci elaborates  
on how Deen provides a blueprint for a  
Complete way of life.

Moreover, religion is only concerned with the  
Hereafter, whereas Deen encourages man to  
Seek goodness in the world and Hereafter,  
as stated in the Quran (2:201), "Our Lord!  
Give us good in this world (that which is)  
good and in the Hereafter (that which is)  
good..." Furthermore, religion can be a  
man made concept while Deen is a revealed  
~~scripture~~ scripture subject to amendments from time  
to time while Deen is a revealed scripture  
Protected by God as the Quran (15:9)  
states, "Indeed, it is We who sent down  
the Quran and indeed, We will be its guardian"

Additionally, the Quranic verse (5:3) which

outlines prohibitions and guidelines related to dietary laws, is proof that Deen concerns human life beyond mere ritual practice. Contrary to religion, Deen involves political, social and economic aspects. In Allama Iqbal was also of the opinion that deen and Politics are not two distinct domains; if deen is excluded from politics, the result is tyranny. In "Reconstruction of Religious Thought in Islam", Allama Iqbal reflects his view of Deen as a comprehensive worldview.

Furthermore, Deen is practical and relevant in contemporary times whereas religion is practical only for a specific time period. This also The Quran (22:78) states, "He has chosen you and has not placed upon you in the religion any difficulty". This emphasizes that Deen is meant to be practical and manageable, implying its broad applicability to various aspects of life. The Holy Prophet (Pbuh) also practically performed the roles of these different aspects of life, e.g., as an individual, diplomat, peace maker, military strategist and educator. Thus, he

is a role model as the Quran (33:21) says,  
“Indeed, in the Messenger of Allah you have  
an excellent example...”. Michael Hart also  
revealed his reason for ranking the Prophet (pbuh)  
as the most influential person in history, which is  
because “he was the only man in history who  
was supremely successful on both the religious  
and secular levels”. This proves the holistic  
nature of Deen and unlike religion, how  
comprehensive Deen is about every aspect of  
life. Lastly, the points above<sup>also</sup> prove that Deen  
is universal whereas religion is regional.

Co-existence among Islam and world religions