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Expedited dispensation of justice

Fairly delivery of justice will not only boost the credibility of judiciary as an institution but also contribute to ameliorating fragile governance structure in Pakistan. Absence of dispensation of justice, expeditiously and impartially, basically emboldens the hostile elements to perpetrate crimes at will and impunity, flagrantly violates the fundamental rights of individuals including security of life and liberty, and protection under law. Unfortunately, Pakistan is in throes of a derelict judiciary, which is starkly evident from the 3.5m cases lingering in judicial domain as pointed out by the Law and Justice Commission of Pakistan (LJCP). People being provided with justice in quick manner will deter transgressions of human rights, thereby breeding a newfound trust by the public in judiciary and strengthening the rule of law governance institution in Pakistan.

Land reforms and governance

Initiation of land reforms in Pakistan will help the government improve its fragile governance structure. Feudalism is a cancer in every society, which usually hinders its development and growth. Despite reforms in past, feudal still possess thousands of acres of land in Pakistan. Most of the land of these feudal is unproductive because holding such a vast land is difficult. Land reforms will ensure these feudal get their hands washed of land that is superfluous, thereby raising the productivity of agriculture sector. Moreover, small landlords will have reduced influence which would mean they can not longer wield control of state institutions, making them subservient. Above all, the government will be enabled to levy taxes on the highly lucrative agriculture sector, fetching it more tax revenues, which can be spent on public service delivery. Thus, land reforms will strengthen governance in Pakistan.

Boons of the AI technology for humans

The advancing AI technology is emerging as a catalyst to provide medical solutions and improve humans safety. This technology is able to read, comprehend and interpret a vast amount of data, which is turning out to be immensely helpful in medical research. The AI research tools are providing new breakthroughs in the medical field, discovering cures to diseases. During the Covid-19, pharmaceutical companies greatly leveraged the ability of AI in their pursuit of quickly discovering an anti-virus vaccine. Similarly, the AI prosthetics are enabling people with disabilities to get over their handicaps. More significant benefit of the AI technology to humanity is minimizing the safety concerns. For instance, the driverless cars have reduced the chances of occurrence accidents, leading to safe transportation. Hence, ever improving AI technology is turning out to be a boon for the humanity, healing and protecting precious lives.

Extremism in Pakistan

Extremism is on boil in Pakistan, necessitating the State to wake up from its slumber and manacle this predator at large. Many prominent ^{figures} and rank and files have fallen victim to extremism in Pakistan.

The assassination of Salman Taseer on the accusations of blasphemy was the extreme of extremism. It is the lack of will or deliberate banay by the government that has emboldened and nurtured this threat, becoming so formidable that it has now challenged the writ of State by passing decree to kill the top chief of judiciary. Luckily, it is not too late and the State can still restrain this beast on loose by steps such as apprehending those involved in provocations and anti-state actions. Moreover, the government should close down madrasahs of outfits that work to mar peace. Above all, it is essential to regulate and register madrasahs. Thus, it is high time to capture the beast of extremism.

The menace of climate change

The menace of climate change is destroying languages of small communities, and leading to erosion of culture in Pakistan.

As a result of climate change, the frequency and intensity of natural disasters have shot up, wreaking pernicious dangers on human beings.

One of these dangers by the climate change is being posed to the little-communities old languages and cultures.

For instance, the communities residing in the hilly areas of Gilgit-Baltistan and KPK are facing threat to their languages because of natural disasters induced by climate change. Yidki, Shina, Torwali are the languages that are at verge of extinction as people speaking these have largely migrated due to climate change and they are now speaking languages of the regions they have settled in. Thus, climate change is emerging as a peril to languages and cultures in Pakistan.

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Privatising SOEs.

The privatization of SOEs that are making losses will pave Pakistan's way to strengthening its poor governance. A governance structure of every country is predominantly dependent on its economic strength; a country with weak economy will be submerged in governance issues, as it is seen in Pakistan's case. Unfortunately, the SOEs that are supposed to provide respite to the country's economy are further exacerbating its ailment by devouring taxpayers' money. Reported by the Dawn, Pakistani SOEs are making 9 billion rupees losses every year. This money in losses not only hampers public delivery, and reduces state's revenues, but also mars governance. Given this, privatisation of the SOEs will prevent engineer's bleeding, leaving the country with enhanced revenues to invest in social fabric and developing human capital, thereby improving overall governance.

A request to you, Sir: Kindly highlight my
shortcomings regarding Paragraph writing here pls.