

Economic stability

1. Introduction

a) Hook

b) General Statements

c) Thesis Statement: Focusing on human development is considered to be an incredibly significant factor that not only accelerates but also promises a better quality of life for the public at large. Ensuring persistent and efficient spending on human development helps build up an educated and healthy workforce, increased productivity and growth, the benefits of which are equitably distributed.

2. Main Body

2) An overview of human development and economic stability and their correlation.

3) Debunking the relation between human development and economic stability.

4) How human development and economic stability go hand in hand?

4) Educated citizens fostering innovations in society

Case in point: advancement of Tech and AI

4.2) Human development augmenting the governance system in the country

Case in point: Nelson Mandela as a ray of hope for South Africans.

4.3) Educated citizens promoting a gender inclusive society.

Case in point: Policies in Nordic countries.

4.4) Healthy individuals boosting productivity and entrepreneurship initiatives

Case in point: Health programs of Silicon valley

4.5) Sound economic policies raising people's living standards -

Case in point: China's economic reforms.

4.6) Economic stability promoting social equity in society.

Case in point: ~~Norwegian~~ Norway Sovereign Wealth fund → invests in global financial market.

4.7) Economic stability promotes/minimizes negative environmental impacts

Case in point: Germany circular economy policies.

5) Challenges in the way of human development and economic stability.

5.1) Poverty

5.2) Chronic Political Instability

5.3) Exclusive economy empowering the elite.

6) Recommendation to overcome the challenges

6.1) To eradicate poverty

6.2) To ensure political stability

6.3) To promote an inclusive economy.

7) Conclusion.

I. Introduction

a) Hook

b) General statements

c) Thesis statement : while the pursuit of equality is a noble goal, achieving absolute and universal equality in all aspects of life is ultimately undesirable and completely a utopian concept.

II. Main Body

2) Debunking the term Human Equality is utopic.

3) Significance of Universal Human Equality.
Case in point : Frances Wright said ; Equality is the soul^{of} liberty ; there is, in fact, no liberty without it.

4) Current Status of Gender Global Inequality

4.1) Income Inequality

4.2) Educational Disparities

4.3) Gender Inequality

4.4) Racial and Ethnic Inequalities.

5) Debonking why Human Equality is utopic.

5.1) Social inequality

5.1.1) Racial Inequalities.

Case in point: Dalits in India and Arabs in Israel.

5.1.2) Religious Inequalities

Case in point: ~~Street~~ Mob violence of Christian community in Pakistan.

5.1.3) Prevalent Gender Disparity.

Case in point: In 2022, global gender disparity gap has been closed by 68%. It will take 132 years to reach parity.

Economic

5.2) ~~Political~~ Inequality

5.2.1) Divide between haves and have-nots.

Case in point: The richest 1% of the world holds global wealth (Economic Inequality Index).

5.2.2) Climate Change Policies

Case in point: Rich countries global emitters affect on developing countries.

5.2.3) Covid pandemic chasm b/w

developed & developing countries.

Case in point: Developed countries signed contracts for the largest share ^{increased} of vaccination.

5.3) Political Inequality.

5.3.1) Biased humanitarian interventions of peace organizations in wars

Case in point: A huge disparity of consensus on Israel Gaza

5.3.2) Immigrants lack equal opportunities

Case in points: In USA, immigrants often report experiencing discrimination

(Pew Research Center, 2020)

6) Some endeavours of the world organizations for the realization of Universal Human Equality.

7) Conclusion.

& Corruption It is imp

I. Introduction

a) Hook

b) Thesis statement

b) Supporting sentences

c) Thesis Statement & Even during counterrring terrorism and corruption, it is necessary to not violate human rights and violations- civil liberties.

II. Main Body

2). Looking over what is Terrorism and Corruption and how it violates human Rights.

3) Debunking what are human rights.

4) Some human rights that can never be compromised.

4.1) Right to life

4.2) Prohibition of Torture

4.3) Prohibition of slavery

4.4) Right to a fair trial.

4.5) Abolition of Death Penalty.

5) Impacts of Terrorism and Corruption on human rights.

5.1) Erosion of Democratic principles.

2.3) Violation at international level

2.3.1) Contribution to Air Pollution.

2.3.2) Denial of access of students to higher education.

2.3.3) Discrimination based on Alliance or bloc politics.

3. Impacts of terrorism across the Globe.

4. Recommendations for countering the menace of war.

5. Conclusion.

All humans are born equal Date: 10-8-24
in dignity but they are
in shackles everywhere

I. Introduction

- a) Hook
- b) Supporting sentences
- c) Thesis statement: Even though all humans are born equal yet they are in shackles everywhere due to various societal, social, political factors including racial segregation, lack of freedom of expression, authoritarian regimes and gender discrimination.

II Main Body

- 1 Debunking what are Human Rights.
- 2 Looking over international treaties on Human Rights.

Debunking how the factors due to

4 Historical Violations of Human Rights.

4.1) Abolition of Slavery

Case in point Jim Crow laws

4.2) Totalitarian Regimes

Case in point ; Nazi Germany

4.3) Racial Segregation

Case in point: Apartheid in SA

4.4) Cultural and Religious persecution

Case in point: Chinese revolution

4.5) Gender Discrimination

Case in point: Taliban blockade of girls' education.

5 Contemporary violations of human rights

5.1) Political Repression

Case in point: North Korean restrictions

5.2) Censorship of digital media

Case in point: China's control over media.

5.3) Gender Based Violence

Case in point: Increased cases of domestic abuse, Necrophilia and pedophilia in Pakistan, India and Bangladesh

6 Challenges faced by International organizations to ensure human rights

7 Way forward to ensure Human Rights

8 Conclusion.

The Essay

Imagine a world where a child is born with equal dignity, but before they take their first steps, invisible shackles of poverty, discrimination, and oppression are already fastened around their tiny ankles.

This is a paradox of our time; a global society that proclaims human rights for all, yet systematically denies them to billions.

Similarly, whereas, acc to UN, equality, inclusion and non discrimination in other words a human rights based approach to development is the best way to reduce inequalities. On the other hand, human rights are being violated for a while now, -from historical to contemporary violations. The violations are the abolition of slavery that comes up with more violence afterwards. The role

totalitarian regimes that leads to a huge catastrophe. The racial segregation like that of Apartheid in South Africa, cultural and religious persecution like that of Chinese revolution, Gender discrimination like Taliban's blockage of girls education in Afghanistan. Whereas, when it comes to the contemporary issues, Political repression and censorship of digital media are top on the list. Political repression comes in the form of ~~restriction~~ restriction of parties on the basis of any anti-state opinion. The challenges faced by ~~governmental~~ ^{International} organizations are lack of political will, lack of infrastructure and lack of strategic planning - for the implementation of these treaties. Furthermore, there are some way forwards through which these issues will be addressed, empower local communities, addressing root cause of violation, improve national level accountability and strengthening international mechanisms and ^{united} cooperation. Even though all human are born equal yet they are shackles everywhere due to various factors.

To begin with, debunking the fact that what human rights are. According to UDHR, human rights are rights we have simply because we exist as human beings, they are not granted by any state. These universal rights are inherent to us all, regardless of gender, race, nationality or ethnicity. They range from the most fundamental - the right to life, to those that make life worth living. Hence, human rights are most basic thing of a human's life.

Then, there are treaties to exercise all these rights, international treaties like Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR), ICCPR and ICESCR, provide a legal framework for protection of human rights. These treaties outline specific rights and obligations that states must adhere to, establishing standards for human rights globally. By ratifying these treaties, states assume legal obligations to protect, respect and fulfill human rights. This includes refraining from activities that violate human rights, protecting individuals from abuses, and taking positive

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steps to ensure the realization of these steps. However, the effectiveness of these treaties ~~can~~ often depends on the political will of states to implement them.

Starting with the factors due to which human rights are shackled everywhere

Furthermore, first historical violations of human rights were so terrible that they are even remembered till today. To begin with Abolition of Slavery, for centuries millions of Africans were taken from their homes and enslaved in America and other part of the world. Abolition movement in 19th century aimed to end this brutal practice. However, the aftermath saw the emergence of systemic racism and practices like Jim Crow laws that perpetuated racial discrimination and inequality. Even though, the movement was to end this practice, yet they ended up in a more brutal phase than before.

Moreover, Totalitarian regime played another major role in historical violations. When Adolf Hitler or the Nazi regime systematically want to stripped Jews and disabled individuals as well as other marginalized groups of their rights, freedom of expression and individuality. All this leads to a Holocaust, that is remembered till today. During Hitler's time human rights, individual liberty, freedom of expression everything is in denial. All these totalitarian regimes lead to extreme decline of Human Rights.

In addition to, all these there is Racial segregation. This racial segregation leads to the enforcement of laws that stripped the majority. Ex of this could be the Apartheid in South Africa. The apartheid that start from 1948 to early 1990's, where Black community was not given any rights. They don't have the right to access their civil liberties like right to vote, access to quality education, freedom of expression and the freedom of movement. All these were taken away from them just because of their particular race. Thus, people have to face alot just on the basis of their race.

Likewise, cultural and religious persecution was a major violation as well. A major practice was followed in China. Between 1966 to 1976, chinese communist party under Mao Zedong sought to eliminate traditional customs and traditions leading to widespread persecution of intellectuals, religious practitioners. All this leads to a one party system in China. Persecution of all intellectuals leads towards lack of freedom, lack of opinion and resulted in severe restrictions on freedom of

speech and belief. Hence, all these persecution of cultural and religious leaders resulted in a mass human inequality.

Finally, gender discrimination also played a vital role. In many parts of the world genitals were mutilated to protect the sanctity of women. Likewise, in Afghanistan ~~we~~ right of education, right to be in public spaces, right to be independent, right to do job or be in an office everything was taken away from them in a moment. When talibans took over the country before and in 2021 as well. These results in restriction on free speech, free movement as well as freedom of education.

Thus, all these practices were like a huge thing in terms of historical violations of human rights.

Moving forward to the contemporary aspect of human rights violations. In contemporary aspect first we have Political Repression. In political repression, authoritarian regimes surpasses everything. Like North Korea where there is no freedom of expression, freedom of assembly. There is systematic administration discrimination, violence and a denial of human rights.

Government actions led to mass displacement and severe curtailed human rights. Thus political repression resulted in severe inefficient human rights.

Moreover, then there is censorship on digital media. Not just some countries have censored their digital media but individually meta has also censored posts or account till when supporting one particular agenda. Like, all those posts or accounts supporting Palestine in the current genocide were banned from not just meta platform but also from twitter as well. ~~On the other~~

Likewise, China has also banned/restrict social media in their country. To limit narratives regarding issues like the treatment of uighurs in xinjiang. To avoid any anti state stance they have blocked every social media platform there. Thus, all these restrictions worked as a ban on freedom of speech, freedom of expression and digital rights.

Moreover, Gender based violence is like an acid on human rights, with each passing day, an increase is seen in the cases of gender based violence. With an

increase in domestic abuse, acid victims, honour killings, the right to live, is in constant denial. An increased no of cases are seen of pedophilia and necrophilia as in Pakistan, India and Bangladesh. This surge in such cases leads to the denial of freedom of speech and freedom to live.

Until now we have discussed human rights and why they are constantly declining now we'll talk about the challenges faced and what can be done to improve those challenges.

Furthermore, even after multiple treaties organizations faced issues of implementation. It's hard to implement paper based treaties in real life. The main challenges faced while implementing these are lack of political will, lack of infrastructure, inadequate resources and weak enforcement mechanism. Also states may enact laws that contradict their treaty commitment or fail to provide an adequate mechanism as well as lack of individual complaint mechanism and geopolitical tensions and fragmentation. Everything all together leads to inefficiency of international organizations.

Until now everything from human rights to its causes of violations as well as the challenges faced by international organizations to implement it has been discussed now we will look for the recommendations to ensure human rights.

Thus, responsible and effective human rights advocacy by governments or NGOs requires reinforcing consensus, recognizing limits, and remembering that the goal is to enable individuals and societies to determine their own future in dignity and independence.

Firstly, International human rights standards in the form of international treaties and other legal instruments which set out that each state should aim for in terms of human rights protection. Secondly, Monitoring and reporting the impartial gathering of verifiable information to assess the situation on the ground. Thirdly, Technical cooperation: designing solutions to address the issues and concerns identified through human monitoring. All these components help states to ensure that human rights violations do not occur or when they do, that they are halted, and future violations can't occur.

In conclusion, though humans are free yet they are in chains. Thus this essay

Even though, considering that all humans are equal
yet they are abandoned both in past and
present as well. In past, humans were suppressed
politically, socially, ethnically or on the basis
of gender. Whereas, today they are suppressed
in the form of gender based violence, political
repression and censorship of social media.

Then, there were numerous challenges faced by
international organizations to ensure peace.

From political will to lack to resources. Even though
after a huge ~~no~~ ill there are remedies like rights
advocacy by governments and NGOs, monitoring and
reporting and lastly technical cooperation. Thus
as it is said; Human rights are not a privilege
conferred by government. They are very human
being's entitlement by virtue of his humanity.

~ Mother Teresa.