

# Brainstorming

## Environmental measures

- ① Education
- curriculum
  - teaching staff
  - e-learning
  - practicality of knowledge given
  - paperlessness

- ② Economy
- value of pkr
  - dollar reserves
  - privatizations
  - promoting cultural
  - taxes payment

- ④ Healthcare
- advanced machinery/equip
  - skilled staff
  - affordable check ups

- ⑥ Technology
- use of new tech
  - teaching ppl about new tech skills
  - cyber security
  - e-learning
  - Online portals

- ② Politics
- political stability
  - Accountability of political figures
  - Transparency of e-commission
  - foreign policy
  - national integration

- ④ Law & order
- justice system
  - efficiency of law enforcing bodies
  - fighting terrorism + violence actions

- ⑤ Infrastructure
- better infrastructure
  - roads + railways
  - Buildings for tourist attraction
  - rural areas' development

- ⑧ Women empowerment
- women workforce in diff work sectors
  - promoting gender equality
  - stereotypes of housewives

## Pathways to Pakistan's Progress

effective media representatives

# Outline

## 1. Introduction:

1.1) Hook

1.2) General statements.

1.3) Thesis statements: Despite the deteriorating condition of Pakistan, it still has the potential to regain stability and prosperity if it works on these factors such as education, economy, politics, law and order, infrastructure, healthcare, technology and women empowerment. All these sectors can help Pakistan to progress if improved.

## 2. Educational improvement:

2.1) Teaching new and contemporary curriculum.

2.2) Appointing skilled teaching staff.

2.3) Promoting E-learning.

2.4) Enhancing practicality of knowledge given.

2.5) Proper career counselling of students.

## 3. Improving economy of the state:

3.1) maintaining value of rupee.

3.2) increasing dollar reserves.

3.3) Utilizing agricultural sector

3.4) Ensuring tax payments.

3.5) Privatization of national institutions for financial stability.

#### 4. Politics: Bringing political stability:

- 4.1) Accountability of the political figures.
- 4.2) Transparency of Election Commission.
- 4.3) Elevating national integration among provinces.
- 4.4) Improving foreign policy and strategies.

#### 5. Maintaining Law and Order

- 5.1) Upgrading justice system.
- 5.2) Ensuring efficiency of Law enforcing bodies.
- 5.3) Fighting terrorism and violence.

#### 6. ~~Infra~~ Developing infrastructure:

- 6.1) Establishing improved and upgraded transportation facilities.
- 6.2) Constructing advanced and modern buildings for tourist attraction.
- 6.3) Developing the rural areas into modernized frame.

#### 7. Healthcare.

##### Upgrading healthcare sector:

- 7.1) Using advanced equipments in hospitals.
- 7.2) Checking credibility of the staff and doctors.
- 7.3) Making health checkups affordable.
- 7.4) Ensuring the efficiency of the doctors.

## 8. Developing technological base:

8.1) Using new technology in all sectors.

8.2) Addressing the need of learning and using technology.

8.3) Teaching and guiding people to be skilled in new technologies.

8.4) Maintaining cyber security.

8.5) Operating online portals for public use.

## 9. Boosting women empowerment:

9.1) Increasing women workforce in different sectors.

9.2) Promoting gender equality.

9.3) Ensuring safety in public sphere.

9.4) Breaking stereotypical idea of homemakers.

## 10. Conclusion.

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## 1. Introduction:

In 1950, addressing the nation of Pakistan, Mohtama Fatima Ali Jinnah said that great achievements require gigantic efforts without which, the progress is quite slower and feeble. Since the birth of Pakistan, it has been striving to survive the disintegrating plight due to mismanagement and lack of concern by governing authorities. The arduous efforts and dedication needed to build a prosperous and stable country are not given that upsets the momentum and potential of growth and development of Pakistan into a developed country. In the past seventy-four years, Pakistan has been unable to achieve a milestone in any sector. In addition to this, it has faced a lot of social issues that keep putting down its image in international sphere. This way, the notion of Pakistan being a prosperous state is shattered completely and it gives Pakistan a very bad setback. Facing these challenges, Pakistan has not lost its ground and is struggling to weave its way into the stream of stable and developed countries. Despite the deteriorating condition of Pakistan, it still has the potential to regain stability and prosperity if it works on these factors.

such as education, economy, politics, law and order, infrastructure, healthcare, technology, and women empowerment. All these sectors can help Pakistan to improve progress if improved.

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