

Energy Crises in Pakistan.

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Understanding is good but the topic has been dealt superficially in outline and intro. YOU need extensive reading for the topic as it is an important one. It is an evergreen question in any of the papers: essay, current af, pak af. Read quality material, make self explanatory headings and add indepth info and unique perspective to pass as well as score good in it.

Outline

1) - Introduction

Thesis Statement:

2) - Crunch Paragraph

3) - Causes of energy crises in Pakistan

(a) lack of investment in new power

generation capacity.

(b) Outdated and inefficient Power Plants.

(c) Inadequate transmission and distribution infrastructure.

(d) Wastage of energy → clarify how?

(e) High cost of fuel →

(f) Lack of renewable energy sources. infrastructure?

(g) Lack of dams ✓

4) - Effects of Energy Crises on Pakistan.

(a) Slowdown economic growth → how?

Attempt again only outline and with hook. Intro

(b) Badly affects the industries of Pakistan. → clarify

(c) Higher electricity prices → synonymous to point 3e

(d) Increased unemployment → how

(e) Increase inflation → clarify

5) - Solutions to counter energy crisis in Pakistan.

(a) cheaper agreements with IBP's ?

(b) Installation of cheaper and efficient local energy power projects.

(c) Updating the system of transmission and distribution.

(d) Development of renewable? alternative sources of energy; wind, solar, biomass, Tidal.

(e) Construction of dams; long term dams, medium term dams, short term dams.

6) - Conclusion.

Energy is the life of a nation.

The economic engine and the wheels of industry, agriculture and business need energy to move forward. The main causes of the ^{energy} crisis are the rising global demand for natural gas, the depletion of gas stocks, and the disruption of supply chains. The high price of gas make it more expensive to produce electricity, especially in countries that rely on gas-fired ^{power} plants. The energy crisis also threatens the stability of the economy and the environment, as well as the welfare of millions of households. The energy crisis had severe consequences for the economy, leading to a decline in productivity, rising costs of production, and reduced competitiveness in global markets.

Not mentioned in outline