Define the term masculinity and feminity. in your opinion where do traditional gender roles come from?

i) Introduction:

Masculinity, feminint, and Jender votes are essential concepts within the realm of gender studies, unders tanding there concepts is essential for examining how gender influences! experiences, expectations, and opportunities in society

Strength knows no Gender,
and compassion knows ho
bounds, Embrace the full
spectrum of your homanity. ??

2) Definition of Majalinity:

being the biggest, the fittest, the strogest, or the toughest. Its about the being the being the best version of yourself.?

Joson Event

Masculinity is a socially and culturally constructed concept that is associated with being a man in a give society. The traits of thasculinity can include: Assertiveness, stoicism, independency, strong, dominant, courageous, and many more.

3) Desimition of femininity:

femininty; it is a force that can move mountains and change the world."

femininity is a socially and conditionally constructed availies, because, and roles traditionally associated with being a women. availities of femininity include: emotioned, expressive, defendent, say, emparable, sensitive, caring among others

4) critical analysis of both terms

to general, people tend to pencein ve women to have maxiline traits but in fact any person, requidless of sex, can show any of these two autibutes, there is no fix triteria of being masculine an feminine in world. Even a person can exhibit both autities. For instance a CEO with masculine traits tend to be competitive and believe in direct communication white a cellaborative and believe in relationshipsuilding. Dut there can be a CEO who will exhibit a mixture of both masculine and feminine availables in the both masculine and feminine availables in

5) what are traditional gender riles? Gender roles refer to the cultwally and socially defined enfectations, norms,

and behaviours that dictate specific roles and and behaviours that dictate specific roles and their responsibilities for individuals based on their responsibilities for individuals based on their responsibilities for individuals have historically been ingrained in many socities and have been ingrained in many socities and have historically have expected to act, business beattings farticilities, and interact in various settings of life including family, wante, and community gatherings.

(4) Example of traditional gender voles

- · Men one often expected to fulfill roles

 Such as breadwinners, protectors, and providers.
- · women are typically expected to fulfill roles as homemakers, caregivers, and

6) sources and Development of Grender Voles

Gender roles are not intremently tied to biological differences but are rather expectations and norms that Societies have developed over time. Here are some lary sources and factors contributing to the development of gender roles.

6.1) Historical Traditions: Historical Practices and traditions have shaped gender voles.

For example, in many ancient agricultural societies, men often worked in the fields, while women were responsible for domentic tasks. These historical voles laid the foundation for future Jender expectations.

Children are socialized into the gender

roles through mediage properties with Peers,
media, family, and educational systems,
media, family, and selected appropriate
they searn what is considered appropriate
gent behaviour for their gender for instanunclividuals,
gent from the very young age unclividuals,
are taught about with witch toy a losy
are taught about what toys are considered
appropriate for girls, longs are told to become
appropriate for girls, longs are told to become
a police officer, filet, or engineer while
a police officer, bilet, or engineer while

beliefs can strongly influence gender rules.

beliefs can strongly influence gender rules.

Different contines may have varying expectations from men and women, affecting their votes in family, work, and society. For instance, in some Middle Eastern Curtures, there are strong some Middle Eastern Curtures, there are strong wollesty walves surrounding modesty and dress codes. These norms dictate that women should dress modestly by covering their heads should dress modestly by covering their heads and bodies, while men have less strict dress requirements.

cuso contribute to the reinforcement of gender stereotypes in Societies. For instance, gender stereotypes in Societies. For instance, In many societies, nursing and health care roles have traditionally been associated with women. Economic factor plays a vole into this as nurshi nursing jobs have been historically low-paying as compared to other other Professions. This association between women and

norsing concer illustrates how economic conditions can keinforce gender voles in modern times.

6.5) Media and Polular Culture: Media
representations of Gencler can reinforce stereotypes
and expectations. These Portrayals can shape
how people perceive and adopt gender roles.
for Instance, advertisements of boosehold Products
and beauty products products and directors mostly
target women and in advertisements related to
automative industry they mostly target men takes
perketrating gender votes in society.

6.6) Religion: Religious Institutions Play of Pivotal role in Shaping gender roles. Different religions have different set rules about gender voles. The roles of women in islams are different from the roles of women in christianty. According to Dhami and Shaikh Gender roles in musum families are centered on the importance of family units.

Contribution was not necessary. These restricted womens there women to the possion of the possion that women the possion of possion that women to the possion that women to the possion that women to the possion of possion that women to the possion of possion that women to the possion of the pos

laws not only limited women's participation in public life but culso reinforced the mindset tuck women should not be involved in decision-making Process.

7) NATUre Vs. Norture debate / Theoretical Perspectie

The nature vs. Nurture debate regarding gender revolves around the au whether soles are determined by biological factors (nature) or by social and environmental factors (nurture). There are many theories of gender which helps up to understand how society constructs and enforces gender related expectations.

ges Conventional notions of gender and sencer lity. It explores how societal norms construct and limit our understanding of gender roles and seeks to deconstruct these norms. This theory emphasizes that individuals may not conform to traditional gender roles and may have diverse gentler identities. Queer theory draws from Judith Butler's Concept of a gender performativity," which suggests that Jender is not something unrale but is Performed and Constructed through actions and behaviours.

Proposed by Jean Piaget, this theory focuses on how children actively (onstruct their Understanding of gender. 9+ suggests that

as individuals children meeture Cogninitually, they clevelop geneler schemas that influence their forcephons and behaviours for instance, a Young child may ferceive geneler in a simplistic way, associating certain elothing or rogs with boys or girls. After being member Cognitively, they may find and that their mather takes core of the household chover, leading them to develop a schema household chover, leading them to develop a schema

The Principle good of education in the Schools should be creating men and women who are capable of cloing new things, not simply reap.

what other generations have done, it

Jean Piaget

Critical Analysis

Examining the Question whether Chenden votes are Socially Constructed on not, one will go through many throwich defending both nurture debate and nature debate. But one can not deny the fact that our sacred; Institutions flay a Pivotal vote in Shaping Gender votes, why our society do hot accept male chiefs, or why men one

		and the second
	nound their surroundings they will	
conf	up with many stereotypes such	
C4:		
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	not supposed to nelp your.	
page profession on	wife in latchen, "	terik tal and and pro-
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	Police Sector. 22	energians con describes
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Conclusion

In conclusion, femininity, masculinity, and Gender roles are complex and multi-faceled conce-Pts deeply interwined with cuture , history and societal norms. femininity encompasses q wide range of behaviors cusociated with being a woman, but it is a dynamic and evolving Construct that varies across culture and time. The same is with masculinity there are no fixed criteria for it, every society has its owen setting being a man Besidel, gender voles, rooted in historical, traditional, and societal expectations didate specific behaviours, responsibilities, and exteribules based on their Genden. Relognizing the fluidity of directity femininity, mascolinity, and gender roles crucial in challenging stareotypes and promoting greater gender equality

the mind of a child is

a blank state (tabula

corsa) at birth and knowledge and Personality are
formed through experiences

and education. 17

John Locke

overall good answer!!!

improve the paper presentation, headings quality and the references.