

Q 1) Write short note on causes of juvenile delinquency in Pakistan

Answer - Introduction

"A child of age of 7 to 17 is not criminal."

(-82 section, PPC)

Juvenile delinquency is about crimes committed by a child. In fact, a child below age of 18 is known as juvenile delinquent and act is called juvenile delinquency. Several factors are responsible for juvenile delinquency in Pakistan. Therefore, juvenile delinquency is a wrong-doing of a child.

2. Definition of "juvenile delinquency"

"A child below age of 18 is juvenile"

and
his criminal act is
known as juvenile
delinquency."

(-Section 83, PPC)

Juvenile delinquency is a criminality led by a child. In fact, a child of immature age when commits crimes, called juvenile delinquency. Thus, juvenile delinquency is about criminal behavior of a child.

3. Causes of juvenile delinquency in Pakistan

Following are

causes:

- 1) Biological: Heredity from parents
Biological heredity from parents is a natural cau-

use of juvenile delinquency in Pakistan. Either mothers or father's criminality is passed to children through genes.

"Criminality of parents, either mothers or fathers or both factors causes juvenile delinquency..."

(Hussain Sulaiman)

Genes transmission

Thus, biological factor is responsible for juvenile delinquency.

b) Family environment

Moreover, family environment also causes juvenile delinquency in Pakistan. Broken family relations affects psyche of juvenile.

- Parents divorce and lack of parental

love causes juvenile delinquency."

(- Structural organization report, 2018)

Therefore, family environment is also responsible for juvenile delinquency.

c) Ill-mannered social groups

Further, illegal social groups also causes juvenile delinquency. Ill-mannered grouping develops criminal psyche of children.

"About one quarter of juveniles are perpetrating juvenile delinquency in Pakistan."

(- Haidi Saleem, Juvenile delinquency, 2019)

Thus, ill-mannered social groups

also causes juvenile delinquency in Pakistan.

4- Conclusion

"Ill-mannered and disapproved behavior of a child, known as juvenile delinquency."

Juvenile delinquency is an illegal and ill-mannered behavior of a child. In fact, a child of below age 18 is called juvenile delinquent when commits specific crimes. Thus, juvenile delinquency is about criminal acts of a child.



Qb Probation and parole

Answer - Introduction

" Probation and parole,
both are beneficial
for societal
reformation."

(- Toqeer Hussain)

Probation and parole
are beneficial in reducing crimes.
In fact, both are responsible
for societal reformation. Thus, proba-
tion and parole are soft kind
of punishment to reform behavior
of criminals.

2. Definition of 'probation'

" Probation is a reformative
measure to improve
behavior of offenders,

(- Hussain)

Probation is a

Soft form of punishment to reform behavior of offenders and makes him capable member of society.

Therefore, probation is a soft form of punishment in criminal system.

3- Definition of 'parole'

"An early release of good conduct of offender, is known as parole."

Parole is the earlier release of offenders who have completed specific period of punishment under certain conditions. Thus, parole is also a kind of soft punishment.

4- Features of probation and parole

Following are features:

a) legal right to probation and parole

Probation and parole are legally defined rights. Both have specific laws.

"Probation of offender act of 1960" and "good conduct of offender of parole release act of 1926"

are followed to release offenders on probation and parole.

Thus, probation and parole are legally defined actions.

b) Probation and parole awarded by specific authority

Probation and parole are awarded by specific persons. Both deal by separate

authorities.

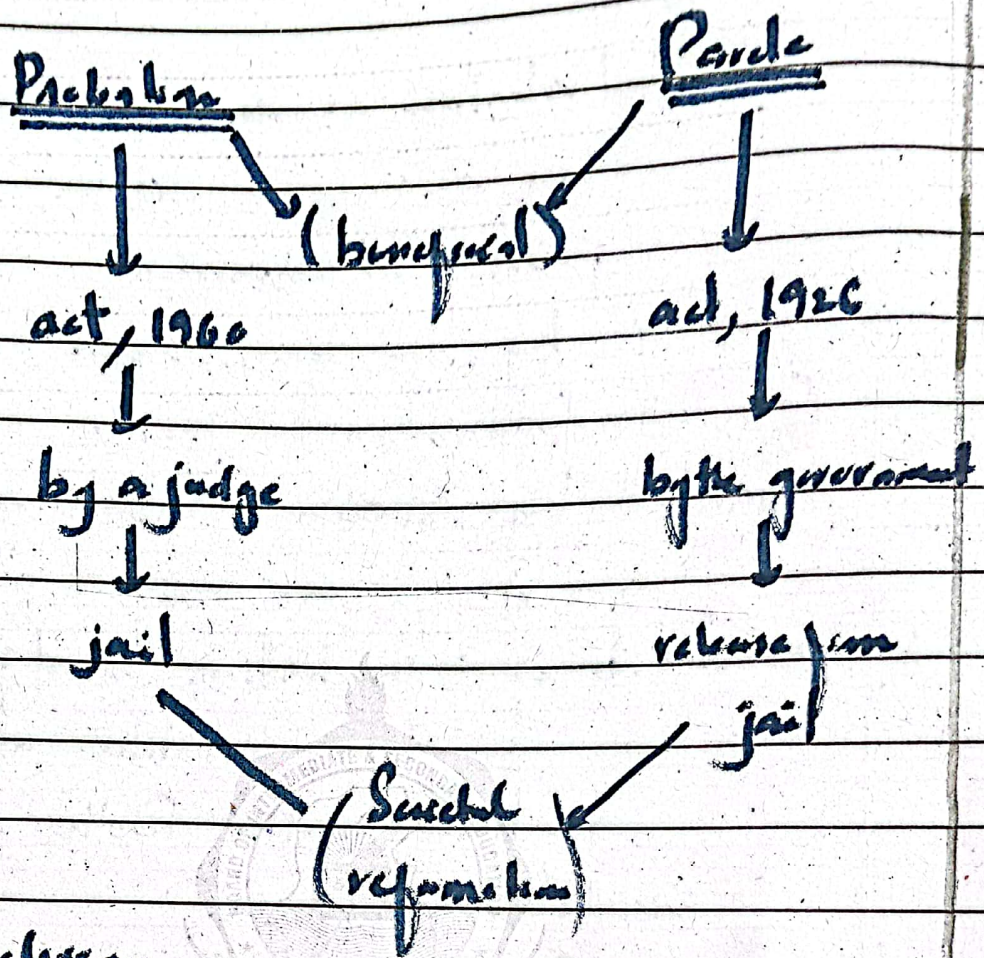
" Probation is awarded
by a judge, while
parole is awarded
by the government.

Thus, probation and parole are
awarded by specific authorities.

c) Benefit of probation and parole
Probation and
parole are beneficial. Both help
in societal reformations.

'Probation and parole
repeal 'sentence
punishment', and
provide employment
opportunities
for betterment of
offenders and society.'

Therefore, probation and parole
are beneficial.



5. Conclusion

• Probation and parole are gifts from the government.

Probation and parole are beneficial for succesful reformation. In fact, both are awarded under certain conditions to improve behavior of offenders. Thus, probation and parole are beneficial acts.