(20)

Globalization is viewed by its proponents as a process of cementing economic, cultural and political bonds between peoples of different countries of the world. One may regard it as a process by which they are welded into a single world society, to be termed as global society. It means internationalization of production and labour leading to integration of economies of developing and developed countries into global economy. To quote Rosaberth M.Kanter, "The world is becoming a global shopping mall in which ideas and products are available everywhere at the same time."

Globalization is a natural outcome of computer networking and electronic mass communication. Information technology has made it possible for nations of the world to contact one another beyond their national borders. Besides, globalization is also promoted through the growth and proliferation of multinational companies and corporations that operate as transporter networks. Anyhow the flow of capital technology and labour across the borders of countries has accentuated the process of globalization.

Deregulation, liberalism and privatization being assiduously pursued in the developing countries are some other manifestations of globalization. These countries are opening their economies to follow these trends. The size of the public sector is shrinking for the private sector to assume an increasingly important role in the economic development of the Third World countries. The downsizing of the public sector is in line with the spirit of market economy. This is suggested as a measure to cover up their fiscal deficit.

Questions:

(4 marks each)

- 1. Define globalization.
- 3. What does the term Third World denote?
- 5. Explain 'liberalism' in the above context.

- 2. What is electronic mass communication?
 - . What is privatization?

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Past Paper (2020) Comprehension: QUESTION 1 =) Globalization is actined as the process settling the economic, cultural & political bonds between the citizens of it is also called the global society QUESTION 2 Electronic mass communication means the communication we do in social media to interact with different people ground the world through internet by using electronic devices. WESTION. In this passage, the third world denoted the states that are poor or developing their economic conditions. They are facing different problems for the dere lupment of their country LUESTION Privatization means selling the shares government institutions to private companies on they run that institutions generate revenue of will and country

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QUESTION 05

liberalism that is government is unable to basically withis the country and intervention opposes government in the economy and it is st being has been liberalism m developing countries. in the state of th

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Q. 3. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given at the end.

In its response to 9/11, America has shown itself to be not only a hyperpower but increasingly assertive and ready to use its dominance as a hyperpower. After declaring a War on Terrorism, America has led two conventional wars, in Afghanistan and Iraq, demonstrating its overwhelmingly awesome military might. But these campaigns reveal something more: America's willingness to have recourse to arms as appropriate and legitimate means to secure its interests and bolster its security. It has set forth a new doctrine: the right of pre-emptive strike when it considers its security, and therefore its national interests, to be at risk. The essence of this doctrine is the real meaning of hyperpower.

Prime Minister Tony Blair has consistently argued that the only option in the face of hyperpower is to offer wise counsel. But increasingly this is a course that governments and people across the world have refused. The mobilisation for war against Iraq split the United Nations and provoked the largest anti-war demonstrations the world has ever seen. And through it all, America maintained its determination to wage war alone if necessary and not to be counselled by the concerns of supposedly allied governments when they faithfully represented the wishes of their electorates. Rather than engaging in debate, the American government expressed its exasperation. The influential new breed of neoconservative radio and television hosts went much further. They acted as ringmasters for outpourings of public scorn that saw French fries renamed 'freedom fries' and moves to boycott French and German produce across America. If one sound-bite can capture a mood, then perhaps it would be Fox News' Bill O'Reilly. At the height of the tension over a second Security Council resolution to legitimate war in Iraq, Mr O'Reilly told his viewers that the bottom line was security, the security of his family, and in that matter 'There's no moral equivalence between the US and Belgium'. It is, in effect, the ethos of hyperpower articulated and made manifest in the public domain of 24-hour talk. And America's willingness to prosecute war has raised innumerable questions about how it engages with other countries. Afghanistan has seen the removal of the Taliban. But there are no official statistics on the number of innocent civilians dead and injured to achieve that security objective. The people of Afghanistan have witnessed a descent into the chaos that preceded the arrival of the Taliban, a country administered not by a new era of democracy under the tutelage of the hyperpower, but merely by the return of the warlords. Beyond Kabul, much of the country remains too insecure for any meaningful efforts at reconstruction and there is enormous difficulty in bringing relief aid to the rural population.

ENGLISH (PRECIS & COMPOSITION)

Questions: (4 marks each)

- 1. Why does the doctrine of power set by neo-imperial America deny space to counselling?
- 2. What is the essence of 'moral equivalence' whereas War has no moral justification?
- 3. Why do countries occupied and under the tutelage of hypepower have no peace?
- 4. Arguably Europe and hyperpower US are at cross purposes over the concept of war. Are they? Why?
- 5. What Tony Blair's meant by 'wise counsel', and did it prevail? Scanned with CamScanner

HAST PAPER (QUAI) Comprehension

QUESTION 61

America deny space to counselling between after 9/11 America wants to dominate as a hyperpower They want to secure its interests and bolster its security. America can get into war within ling and Afghanblan alone and they don't want to be counselled by their allied governments.

Question 02.

is that if America wants to settle
issues they had to sit on the table
and have the talks instead of getting
into war making loss of many
innocent people lives. The result
should be peacefully executed instead
of getting into dight

Question 03

the countries occupied and under the thelage of hyperpower have no peace because they want to protect their state at every cost They have many external threats from the states in which they stated. wars for their national interest

9 vestion =) No, they are not at cross purposes over the concept of war because America engaged other countries they ar can larticulate the hyperpower with that Countries QUESTION G- SIN ny Blairs meant 14 wise counsel that ionly interesting the face of hyperpower is the wise counsel. America need to counselled to le agressive sterte No, Tony Blair did not prevail 1111. the concep of America ut being hyperpower/11