

Youth bulge in Pakistan: An Asset or Liability?

Outline

I - Introduction

Thesis Statement:

Youth bulge is an asset of Pakistan which is ignored by government and push them towards destruction. The government must learn and adopt the strategies of developed countries so, that the youth is able to contribute to the country's development.

II - Youth bulge as Asset of Pakistan.

A - Asset for Economic development

B - Promote Entrepreneurship and Innovation

C - facilitate the adoption of cutting-edge technologies

D - Promote social welfare programmes

E - Create a more equitable society.

F - Investing more on Education

G - Bring out of school children into school

H - Cultural Exchange and Tourism promotion

I- Invest on ^{Establish} non vocational Education

J- Technology Parks

K- Export Young labour to increase remittances

L- launch scholarship programmes

M-

III - Conclusion.

Youth bulge is a common phenomena in many developing countries, and especially in the least developed countries. Pakistan is a developing country which has the large number of population. As per the first post independence population census in 1951, Pakistan's population stood at 34 million which is fastly increased in 76 years about 27 million. As per recent digital census of 2023, Pakistan population stand on 241.49 million which make it world's fifth most populous country. According to Pakistan National Human Development Report, 68 per cent of the population is under the

age of 30 and ^{about} 27% of the population
is between the age of 15 and 29 which
is a big asset for Pakistan but it
is ignored by government and do not
get focus on them which lead them
towards destruction. they get used to
drug addiction, robbery, murdering, and
suffering from malnutrition and unemployment.
but if government of Pakistan focus
a lit bit on them ^{it} ^{it} ^{They} would convert
into a big asset. They can help in
capital development and human development
of country, Through them we can promote
tourism and culture and can also increase
remittances through sending them in
developed countries for work and Pakistani
government need to focus on them to
make them asset rather than liability.