Original Passage: From the moment we are born, we cannot be alone; We stand in constant need of support from all around us, body and soul and spirit; We need clothes that other men make; Houses, which other men build, food, which other men produce; We earn our living by working for others, others earn their living by working for us.

As children we need our parents to be our comforters and take care of others: we cannot live a day without our peers; We need teachers to educate: books and masters to teach us trades; And when we learn it and settle ourselves in life, we need laws made by other men who died hundreds of years before we were born, to secure for us our rights and property, to secure our comfort in our station; And we need friends to comfort us in our sorrows and share our joys. (161 words)



09/09/2023 CC Teci o Title: Humans are dependant on rom the moment a person the Woold he need support Others - Mumans Dyhon thoughs.



## **EXERCISE 147**

Read each of the passages carefully and answer the questions given below it:-

Liaquat Ali Khan was the first prime minister of Pakistan (1947-51). Born the son of a landowner, he was educated at Aligarh, Allahabad and Exeter College, Oxford. A barrister by profession, like his leader, Quaid-e-Azam Mohammed Ali Jinnah, he entered politics in 1923, being elected first to the provincial legislature of the United Provinces and then to the central legislative assembly. He joined the Muslim League and soon became closely associated with Jinnah. By degrees he won first the respect and then the admiration of the Muslim community for his share in the struggle for Pakistan; when independence was won in 1947 and Jinnah became the first governor-general, Liaquat Ali Khan was the obvious choice as prime minister. In this post his achievements were outstanding. If Jinnah founded Pakistan, Liaquat established it, laying down the main lines of policy, domestic and foreign, that afterward guided the country. After Jinnah's death, Liaquat was acclaimed as Quaid-e-Millat ("leader of the country"). Liaquat Ali Khan was assassinated in Rawalpindi in 1951 by a fanatic who resented his steady refusal to contemplate war with India.

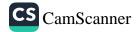


## QUESTIONS

- About whom is the passage written, who was he?
- Name places he received his education from.
- What did he established and how?
- What was he acclaimed as? 5.
- How and when he died?



Comprehension Answer #01: the Answer #02: iggat Ali Khan was an educate lenson. It tho many Drofessiona early education College Canivorsity, for studies



\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_/202 Answer #63: By profession Lingal Ali Khan profession like his leader Quaid E-Azen Munammed All Jinnah This Droves he was or true follower of Quaid-E. AZOM. Answer #04: Liagar Ali Khan was or most capable wousen, and intelligent Person When he entered in positions and join mor jinnah the was the Oberious Choice as PM in this post his achierment were outstanding the Can say that it Jinnous founded Paristan no doubt ligget Afi Khan established it the established main policies domestic and foreign appails that was too much benisivel for the (ountry) Arbur # 05: It then Quaid - E-Azam was died Liggat Ali Khan was audlaime as Quaid-e-1 Millet ( leader of the (aunty). + le got the dittle because he know a thick and sensible leader of the country. Finswe #66 The year 1951 Pakistan Gost this great personality. I wen of

