Current Affairs (Special CSS 9-2)

(fuestion:

Pakichan's economy is userently under serves stress
with low foreign reserves,
a depreciating currency and
exponentially high inflation. what
measures can be taken in
the short and medium terms
to stabilize the delesionating
economic conditions.

Mooduchin Pakistan is constantly suff leving from low foreign reserves debreciating currency and high inflation. This phenomenon is not new and Pakistan is in this vicious circle fior past warmy accades. The primany reason of these broblems are lack of directional approach and no mechanism to enforce reforms and lack of policy guidhines. Political Stability, law and order Situation inside the country and mostile neighbourhood, etc thece all have also made an impact on country's economical deterioration, To overcome there issues country has to take some calculated, long term and short term measures Those measures will be discussed m below paragraphs You need to elaborate three major factors mentioned in the question 10 de lesionation.

OVERCOME

the financial coisis

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hunifies of growth and restrict the outflow of resources. For that mades country should adopt the following measures.

Overcoming trade deficit INCREASE + ROJE: Decrease impost

Unfortunally, Pakistam is an import based economy, due to this, there is more outlow of dollows and less inflow. Outlow of dollows but pressure on Pakistami currency, resultantly rupe depreciales against dollows. To avoid this phenomenon it is necessary for the country's policy.

makers to custo the imposts and

b Industrialization:

ûncrease exposis.

To increase the expost it is necessary to have well oiled industries. A country count trogress while her industries do not progress. The greatest example in this regard is china which is the most industralized country in the world and china has sucked out the 1.4 billion of her

population through undustralization and china is known as factory of the Use another word Assiculturalization To wake a country an industrial country, I is necessary that country must give proper fours to agricultural growth. During 1960 = Pakistan enhanced its assicultural yield and that eva is known as Soldern era of Pakistan. Agricultural output not only increases the expost but it also helps industrial field because because industries acquire raw malerial for production and assiculture is primary source of raw malessale. For example, tertile inductory of Particion is entirely based on cotton yield worthout the yield of cotton, Palastans, textile sectox will be doomed. You need to switch Crenerale Sources of Repressión de lack Enersy. Pakactam is facing energy cricis for a long time. It is also a fact that Pakislam has the most

expensive electricity prices in Asia. flusthermore, Pakistan has severe electosicity showlage axisis one of the reasons behind this downling issue. non-revenuable sources of energy generation. It is unfortunate for Pakis tem that it has not shifted its energy generation from non-renewable to revenuable sources. For energy genexation Bristan impost oil and gas. Variation in prices of bil and sas put direct impact on energy seneration. Global scenerio and shifting dynamics in international relations decide the oil bricks make Pulsistan lets disect viction. 17 necessary for Pakistan to shift its energy generation from non-revenible to rememble sources before it sets too lale.

Construction of Domes

According to indergovernment and

Panel on climate change (IPCC) report (2011)

Pakistan is the fifth most vulve or able

country to climate change. According to

World Bank (WB) report (2018), Pakistan

Will become water scarce country by 2015. It is unfortuate that after there reports Palkiestani pulicy makers have not taken any action yet Dams are extremelly necessary to save Pakistan from economic devostation. E.g. The floods of 2012 caused the 108 of \$30 billion (approx) excluding human 1056. In those flades Pakisten faced the inundation of 26 million of works, the Kalabagh dam could have stored the .10 william debte feet of water congle handledly, other dames such as Diamer Bhasha Dam, and Mohmand Dam could have saved the 8.1 million cubic feet and 1.3 million arbic feet of water (WAPDA). If Pakistan would not constant dams Pakistan will always remain vulnerable to floods and so just like other commodifies pakistani will impost water in the fulner.

Short team weakness to save economy.

Apart from long learn meakness,

Palistan should adopt the short team.

i kiliya

weasonses such agas Stop Brain Rein is leaving Pakic remi gowt the country of an alarmong rate. This is yeary alaxming because if Exilled and educated youth leaver, there will be a huge void in every field, eg there will be a leader. ship consiss, lacks of academia intellectuals, shortage of researchers etc. Overall, Pakistam will face diffroulties in international representation. Afghanistan is the country currently facing than coisis of representation because they failed to stop brown drown few years Stop Cosouption and ensure su Parmary region of brain deain is lack of mestocoacy, high nepotiem and corruption. These is no sule of law, indihitimes have failed to give prompt justice, stoping of corruption and ensuring rule of law. Mosti vital institute in to becomble beace and harmony is Police in every country. Unfortunately in

Pakiston, Police is the most notosious for coamphion, not only that Police in Pakishum is politicisized which is slowed the faither of Pakisham policy wake, xs c Provide Bosic Necessities Pakietam also required to 100vide basic vecessities by its ungens Eyeh as bosic health, poimany educasion and sheller. In human development under Palvistan ranks (161/1911. This shows the poor states of affairs form Pakiestand policy makers. Paliistan needs to promote quality education, provide health care fac-This content is fine CoAnd references and switch with black pen Add pictorial presentation as well Conclusion partas well cannot believe eco rome development will, all Pakictonia aretitudes do not work together for development. All oneth het must work on their flows and rechim it. It is the job of policy makers not only to implement policies, and to monitor it for! country's south and brosperty.