Saudi Arabia - IRAN Peace Deal:

> introduction:

- · Saudi and ivan officials recently agreed to revive the 2016 Saudi-ivan peace deal. Ching intiated the two-way discussions in beijing resulted in the saudi-Iranian primalisation.
- The rivalary between these two countries has long been a source of instability in the region and the potential normalization deal has been a topic of speculation in recent years:

what was the conflict between Iran and saudi Arabia? 1- Religious differnces:

Ivan is a pro-dominantly shiite Muslin country, while saudi-Arabia is predominantly sunni Muslim. The two sects have different beliefs and practices and this was led to tensions and conflicts between the two countries. 2- Political influence:

Both Iran and Saud Arabia are major powers in middle east and have sought to increase their political influence in the religion. This has led to competition and conflicts over issues such as control of oil resources, support for different political fact in Prunctuation requires attention Yemen, Syria and Iraq.

3- IdeoLogical difference:

Ivan is an islamic republic with a revolutionary government, while saudi Arabia is an avolute monarchy with conservative religious values. These is ological differences have contributed to tensions between the two countries. X4- Historical grievances:

Iran and Saudi Arabia have a Long history of animosity dating back to the early days of Islam. They have been involved in conflicts and power struggles for conturies.

5. Oil Prices:
Ivan and Saudi Avabia are both major on producers, and
their competition for market share has led to diagreements
over production levels and prices. This has further strained
relations between the two countries, particularly as oil
prices has fallen in recent years.
> About to the Saudi-Iranian Normalisation Deal:
The key outcomes of the Saudi-Iran peace deal are.
1 Both countries plan to reopen their embasies in Riyadh
and lengan.
2- Both countries will respect the soverignty of other countries
and get morele in place choices
For example, Sauchi-Arabig agreed to report tran
International, o salellite news change. On the other manch
Iran has agreed to curb cross-border attacky on Saudi-
Arabia by Houthi rebels in Yemen.
3- Agreed to implement a security cooperation agreement
signed in 2001 and a general economic, trade and
investment agreement signed in 1998.
Apart from these, both countries will also get together to
workout the details of peace deal. Ching will organise a
conferrence between Iran and the six Gulf monarchies to help
maintain peace in the region.
maintain peace in the region. Diplomatic Challenges in implementing the Saudi-Ivanian
vear;
1- Reviving the resolving regional tensions: There are ongoing vivalvies and conflicts in the region
There are ongoing vivalvies and conflicts in the veri

diplomatic efforts to manage and reduce tensions.

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2- Reviving the JCPOA:

The Joint Comprehensive plan of action (JCPOA) 9 nuclear agreement with Iran, needs to be revived and renegotiated to ease sanctions and address concerns about Iran's nuclear program busever, domestic politics in the US and Israel could pase challenges to this process. Engaging with China:

China's growing role in What are the possibilities challenges for Indian diplomacy. India needs to engage with china in the region and work togather to further mutual and regional interest while also prioritizing the managemen of its ties with Ching. GLOBAL Implications of Sauci-Ivanian Deal: I- Regional stability:

The two nations are involved in contrats in Syria, Yemenand Ivary, among other places. Normalisation could lead to a de-eschalation of these conflicts and a reduction in the regional tensions.

2- Global Energy markets:

Saudi-Arabia and Iran are two of the world's largest oil producing nations and their relation ship impacts global energy markets. Any agreement between the two nations could affect the price of oil and gas globally. 3- Religious divide:

The sumi-Shia divide has been a some of tension between Saudi-Avabia and Iran and it has fueled conflicts in the region. The saudi-Iran peace deal could help ease this divide and reduce religious tensions. 4- Geopolitical balance:

Saudi Arabia and Iran are two of the most influential countries in the middle east and their normalisation could shift the balance of power in the regime.

5- China "quasi-mediation diplomacy:

China has signed a shift inits approach towards the middle east. It is moving away from hard security concerns towards "quasi-mediation diplomacy". The strategy aims to promote china's commercial, diplomatic and political interests. The recent Saudi-Han accord is the first menifestation of this approach, reducing regional tensions and paving the way for further dialogue. Implications for Pakiston:

- Iran and Saudi Arabia attempt to resolve their issues through negotiations. Improved regional peace and stability may increase Pakistans commercial and ennomic engage ment potential with middle east and central Asia.
- Pakistan can use this opportunity to seek crucial investments from both countries to ensure the China-Pakistan Economic Corridor's success. Saudi Arabia and Iran are participants in the BRI.

 This normalization would bring both parties to resolve issues through negotiations, which could help reduce sectarianism and entremist groups influence putside their borders through provies. -> Investing in Pakistan:

Iran has vast resources of tapped natural gas and energy resources that could help pakistans gas and electricit transmission systems to overcome the burgeoing energy evises. Similarly, it would benefit Pakistan to attract investments from Saudi-Arabia to developits oftend gas sector — particularly in exploration and prediction — which could help reduce the country's reliance on imported oil, shoring up foriegn exchange reserves. Support multiLateral forums:

Pakistan and India are members of the shangai cooperat Organization (sco); Iran recently joined, and laudi-Arabia

Increased collaboration between Iran and Saudi-Arabia with in the SCO could create an opportunity for Prastan and India to engage it constructive dialogue

For instance, in a recent positive development, Pakistan's foreign minister agreed to attend the May 2023 SCO foreign ministers meeting in India. You have got potential Try attempting a question on it Good luck!

> Incorporate maps and flowcharts Explore more about implications on Pakistan