(D) The judgement in Marbury Vs Madison (1803) rase by the US supreme count empowered it as a guarantar of the constitution - (20) 

Maxbury VS Madison (1803) 2) D Introduction: Marbury vs Madison is a land mark supreme court case in us that established the principle of judicial review. Heard in 1803, 9t tail the Foundation For the courts power the interpret the constitution and determine the constitutionality of laws passed by congress, thus shaping Maxim Maxim

the balance of power among the branches of govt.

2) Back ground:

Day / Date

In the final days of his presidence, John Adams appointed a significant number of justices of the peace for the District of coulumbia, one of whom was William Warbury However, Marbury's commission was not delivered before the new president, Thomas Jefferson, took office The new secretary of state, James Madison, refused to deliver Marbury's commission, leading te Marbury's Legal artion.

3) legal Proceedings:

Marbury petitional the Supreme (our) seeking a writ of mandamus, which would compel Madison te deliver the commission. The case landed in the supreme court under chief justice John Marson

4) <u>Key</u> <u>9ssues</u> 4) <u>Turisdiction</u>:

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Day / Date The first question the court had te consider was whether it had the jurisdiction to heave the case. Marbury relied on the judiciary Act of 1789, which granted the supreme court the power to issue write of mandamies. 4.2) Constitutional Question: The second and more critical, issue was the constitutionality of judiciary Act 1789 Marbury's Legal team argued that a section of the Act exprended the court's original jurisdictor beyond what was allowed. Court's Ruling: 5·1) Juvisdiction: 5) 6) May shal held that Maybury had a legal vight to his commission, and therefore, the court had the jurisdiction to hear the case. 5.2) Constitutional Review: Maxim

Day / Date Marshall vieled that the section of the judiciary Act of 1789 granting the court the power to issue writs OF Mandamus was un constitutional. He argued that it vio lated the constitution's seperation of powers by extending the courtis original jurisdiction beyond what the constitution allowed. 6) Significance: need more debate in this topic 6.1) Establishment of Judicial Review: Marbury v Madison established the principle of judicial review, affirming the suprema courtis authority to review and invalidate government actions inconsistent with the constitution 6.2) Charks and Balances: The case solidified the concept of checks and balances, ensuring that no single branch of government would have unchecked power. Maxim

Day / Date Strengthoning the judiciary: 63 The ruling enhanced the status of the judiciary, making it an equal player in the gasmmental system, alongside the exercitive & legislative branches. (onclusion: 7) Madison Marpun Summary, VS pivital moment iy marked pivotal a shaping the vole history, American legal judicity and defining power to its constitution -influence American a logacy that interpret the ON times juris prudence te Chis day ans is too short for 20 marks

need more debate on the 2nd part which the main theme asked in the question

6/20