

# TOPIC: HYBRID WARFARE AND REGIONAL DYNAMICS OF PAKISTAN

## OUTLINE:

### 1. INTRODUCTION:

Thesis Statement:

“The developing sphere of hybrid warfare marked by the conventional and unconventional military tactics is deeply connected with the regional dynamics of Pakistan. This includes the neighbouring tensions and global geopolitical concerns making it a critical challenge for country's stability. Effective measures should be taken in order to deal with this vital issue for the regional stability and security.”

### 2. ASPECTS OF HYBRID WARFARE RELATED TO REGIONAL DYNAMICS OF PAKISTAN:

### 3. CAUSES OF HYBRID WARFARE IN PAKISTANI REGION:

3.1 Longstanding Conflict over Kashmir

region between India and Pakistan.

3.2 The presence of various militant groups within Pakistan has provided opportunities for hybrid warfare.

3.3 Cyberattacks have increasingly becoming common tool in hybrid warfare.

3.4 Influence of Economic Coercion through trade embargoes and sanctions is creating void.

3.5 Lack of border security contributes increasing influx of terrorist groups.

#### 4. IMPACT OF HYBRID WARFARE ON REGIONAL DYNAMICS OF PAKISTAN:

4.1 Escalation of violence through funding of separatist groups operating within Pakistan.

4.2 Undermining peace negotiations and reconciliation efforts by the government.

4.3 propaganda is misleading public opinion further leading to instability within Pakistani Society.

4.4 Disruption of operations of Pakistani security forces through cyberattacks.

4.5 Increasing tensions with neighbouring

Countries affecting regional stability.

## 5. HOW TO CURB HYBRID WARFARE TO MAKE PEACE IN REGIONAL DYNAMICS OF PAKISTAN:

5.1. Active engagement in diplomacy with neighbouring countries especially India and Pakistan.

5.2. Development strategies to ~~find~~ fight security challenges in order to combat militant groups.

5.3. Collaboration with neighbouring countries and international organizations to address extremism.

5.4. Promotion of transparency in governance and security operation to build public trust.

## 6. CONCLUSION.