

**Q.2. Write a précis of the following passage in about 120 words and also suggest a suitable title:**

**(20)**

On the question of freedom in education there are at present three main schools of the night, deriving partly from differences as to ends and partly from differences in psychological theory. There are those who say that children should be completely free, however bad they may be; there are those who say they should be completely subject to authority, however good they may be; and there are those who say they should be free, but in spite of freedom they should be always good. This last party is larger than it has any logical right to be; children, like adults, will not all be virtuous if they are all free. The belief that liberty will ensure moral perfection is a relic of Rousseauism, and would not survive a study of animals and babies. Those who hold this belief think that education should have no positive purpose, but should merely offer an environment suitable for spontaneous development. I cannot agree with this school, which seems to me too individualistic, and unduly indifferent to the importance of knowledge. We live in communities which require co-operation, and it would be utopian to expect all the necessary co-operation to result from spontaneous impulse. The existence of a large population on a limited area is only possible owing to source and technique; education must, therefore, hand on the necessary minimum of these. The educators who allow most freedom are men whose success depends upon a degree of benevolence, self-control, and trained intelligence which can hardly be generated where every impulse is left unchecked; their merits, therefore, are not likely to be perpetuated if their methods are undiluted. Education, viewed from a social standpoint, must be something more positive than a mere opportunity for growth. It must, of course, provide this, but it must also provide a mental and moral equipment which children cannot acquire entirely for themselves.

2023

~~The~~  
~~Title: Freedom of education in children~~

in children???

The author highlights three perspectives regarding freedom of education in children. First one, advocates the complete freedom of children regardless of their behaviour. Second, favours absolute authority over children, without concerning their reaction. Third perspective believes freedom of children, with the exception of morality and ethics. He argues that education from social perspective should provide growth and development including mental and moral development, which cannot be achieved by children on their own. He disagrees with the third group which is too individualistic and neglects the importance of knowledge (87 words)

title is incorrect

precise is not according to required word limit

write word count properly

main idea is picked and discussed and write total words too need improvement

in expression and basic grammar ... 6/20