time management and remembring content; both require practice. Ling luence of the reform movement of Sheikh Ahmad Sirhindi on the history of Muslim India. Answer 1 - Proloque Sheikheshmad Sirhindi, famously known as "Mujadid Alif Sani - The Reviver of Second Millineum" was born in religious family at Sishind and his fancestral order traces back to Hazrat Umer Jaroog-the Second pious Caliph of Islam He is not only truely segarded as true Islamic thinker and reformer of the Sub-continent but of the entire Islamic world's Muslims. With his practical efforts, he pusified the Islam in the Subcontinent of the backers traditions and also helped to Indian Muslims to restore their past glory xising from the abysamal depth of religious, political and socioeconomic backwarnness. He also repudiated all anti-Islamic edicts of Mughal rules, Akbar the Great and helped Mughar court to enfore true Pramic principles dusing Jahangis exa Thus, with his efficient multi-pronged reaching strategy, he refuted Din-Galhi of Akbar, Wahdat-ul Wajood, Bhagti Movement and also

Karamat (misacles) - focused mysticism pravailed during that time. On one hand, he ensured the safety of spiritual contours of Indian Muslims while on other hand, he helped in Journeling the Muslim nationalism in the sub-continent therefore, he is also regarded as the founder of Two Nation Theory (TNT). Thus, his reform movement has profound impact on the history of Murlim India, which are elucidated in the following lines 2-Prevailing Conditions of Sub-continent during his era Indian Muslims of the Sub-continent were undergoing through sesious challenges sarging from seligious, political to socio-economic. The suling emperor of Mughal-Akbar He Great- was determined to wife out the distinct identity of Muslims through pagant philosophy for unifying seligions promoting Din-e-Ilahin in order to strengthen this political hold Similary, Bhagti Movements was prevailing promising the philosophy

of xeligions as equal such that all xeligions take followers near to God. Like Din-e-Glashi, a threat to Muslims & South Asia, Wahdat-ul-Wijood with threatening concept for the ventire essussim Umma and waspropagating at that time Therefore, Muslims of India were stuck in severe ideological, political and social quagmine Din-e-Glahi Movement > Indian Mustinst Bhagti Movement 3- Sheikh Ahmad Sixhindi's Reform Movement and its Influence on Indian Muslim Sheikh Ahmad Sirhindi is truely known as Mujadid-e-Alif Sani for his expective reform movement for the religious and praciopolitical grevival of Indian Muslims. His main focus was based on: i- Promoting Tauheed (Oneness of God)

11- To Follow the true Contours of Islam in- Ittiba-e-Sunna (following the Last Prophet (Peace be Upon Him) in true essence) Thus, keeping above premises as the basis of the reform movement, he adopted following three-pronged strategy to promote and propagate his reformation: a- Preparing Disciples and assigning them mission of promoting true principles of Gusaan and Sunnak b. Correspondence with Muslim Governors, Amirs, Wazirs, and other prominent figures of Mughal Empire These Setters aimed at putting the prominent figures on the tac path of Islam were later published under the title of Maktabat-e- Imam Rabani. c- Taking Nobility of Mughal Empire mto Confidence and Control. eThis multi-pronged reformation strategy proved effective and efficient and brought about significant and long-lasting influence on the history of Indian Muslim. This incluence is discussed in the upcoming lines:

1- Religious Contributions - Wiping out Din-e- Hahi, Opposing Waldatul-Wajood, Courtering Bhagti Movement) The loyal disciples trained by Sheikh Almad Sistincti in Quianic principles, correspondence with the prominent stalwards of Mughal Empire and taking the nobility into his incluence Felped to busy Din-e-Ilahi before the death of Akbar, the Great Thus, Hindu efforts to exase the spiritual contowns of Indian Muslims were curbed in time Similarly, Bhagti Movement was also effectively countered wahdat-ul-wagood, a philosophy of equating Creator gel Creatures, wase also opposed and it was seplaced with wahlat-ul-Shahood Wahatat-ul-Wajood Wahdatul-Shaood Pantheism Monotheism. Thus Sheikh Ahmad Sixhindi promoted wahdat-ul-Shaood, which is propagating Tanheed (oneness of God) in essence In this way, he safeguarded the spiritual borders of Kuslim India and strengthend the passion of Muslimhood and principles of pure Islam.

11- Sheikh Ahmad Sighindi's Reform Movement and Socio-political Impacts The seform movement of sheikh chimad Sixhindi had not only influence on the seligious lives of Indian Muslims but it also had projoured impact on the socio-political aspects of Muslim India. He actively opposed the arti-Islamic situals of Mughal eoust. He reguted Sajda-e-Tazimi, i.e., \$808tation in front of king in respect himself and he was incarcinated For dissespect Similarly, he opposed calling king as Fille-Ilahi (Shadow of God). He also sesisted the growing influence of ethindus in the stately of fairs of Enughal Court His consistent, efficient and effective preaching strategy compelled Emperor Tahangir to soot out Din-e- Glass from state affairs and se-imposed Jazina and ended Sajda-e lazimi Merefore, his seform movement helped to serive the marie influence in the Muslim India and motivated

Muslims to regain their socio-political status. iii-Rise of Muslim Nation hood in Muslim India The religious, and sociopolitical impacts of Reform Movement by Sheikh Ahmad Six hind helped in laying the foundations of Muslim nationalism in India His reform movement not only freed Muslims from the yoke of Hindu dominance but it also compelled excusions of India to sealize their separate identity culture, sideology and sociopalitical and economic system hus, his seform movement had profound impact And role it founding and strengthening the Muslim nationhood in the Muslim India. That's why Sheikh Comad Sishindi is regarded is the founder India and Nationhold in Muslim true father of two nation theory. add more arguments 4- Conclusion & The Reform Movement of

Sheikh Ahmad Sixhindi has projound impact on the seligious, social and Political history of Muslin India. This seform movement eviped out the extra-Islamic situals from Mysticism and sectified Muslim society of Muslim India and promoted true Guxanic principles . It also exased the impacts of the dominance of Hindu situals and political influence from the Mughal empire's court Simillarly, he has also authored and compiled a number of books, which are still illuminating The path of guidance Is Muslims. In conclusion, the influence of the reform movement of Sheikh Ahmank Sixhineli was so profound on Mustin India that it strengthered Muslim nationalism and thus founded the Two Nation Theory, which later on brought the paraligm shift in the history of Muslim Andia and separate state for Muslims-Bakistanwas founded. lengthy introduction. work on the structure of the answer. increase the number of subheadings, keep the description a bit brief.