

the coordination of activity towards the accomplishment of these objectives. The system of coordinated activities must be maintained so that each contributor, including the manager, gains more than he contributes. (CSS 1982)

330/3 = 110 words.

PRÉCIS EXERCISE 4

(98)

Q: Write a précis of the following passage in about 100 words and suggest the title: (20+5)

An important part of management is the making of rules. As a means of regulating the functioning of an organization so that most routine matters are resolved without referring each issue to the manager they are an essential contribution to efficiency. The mere presence of carefully considered rules has the double-edged advantage of enabling workers to know how far they can go, what is expected of them and what channels of action to adopt on the one side, and on the other, of preventing the management from behaving in a capricious manner. The body of rules fixed by the company for itself acts as its constitution, which is binding both on employees and employers, however, it must be remembered that rules are made for people, not people for rules. If conditions and needs change rules ought to change with them. Nothing is sadder than the mindless application of rules which are outdated and irrelevant. An organization suffers from mediocrity if it is too rule-bound. People working in will do the minimum possible. It is called "working to rule" or just doing enough to ensure that rules are not broken. But this really represents the lowest level of the employer-employee relationship and an organization afflicted by this is in an unhappy condition indeed. Another important point in rule-making is to ensure that they are rules which can be followed. Some rules are so absurd that although everyone pays lip-service to them, no one really bothers to follow them. Often the management knows this but can do nothing about it. The danger of this is, if a level of disrespect for one rule is created this might lead to an attitude of disrespect for all rules. One should take it for granted that nobody likes rules, nobody wants to be restricted by them, and, given a chance, most people will try and break them. Rules which cannot be followed are not only pointless, they are actually damaging to the structure of the organization. (CSS 1981)

write only title at the top

marks
 $300 = \frac{230}{5} = 110$ words

CSS 1981

Precis: ① Directions of rule-making
Title: ② Rules making - an important part of management

Rule making is an important in management as it regulates the functioning of an organization but also increases the efficiency. Carefully made rules set directions for the employees (workers) towards goal achievement. Set rules act as constitution for everyone in organization. If any organization is too rule bounded, relationship of employee employer do not strengthen worker just make to ensure not to break the rule instead of working efficiently working. Some rules are illogical and inappropriate that people do not want to follow them. Rules which cannot be followed are futile and provide harm to structure of organization. So, the ~~key~~ ^{the thing which must be kept in mind} thing must be kept in mind while making rules, that they follow by everyone.

this sentence is too long

this sentence makes no sense at all

no sense of basic grammar

(115 words)

main idea is picked but the precis makes no sense at all
there is no coherence in the content or any clear meaning
0/20
not satisfactory
need improvement