Queition NOHO2. crive a critical analysis of Asistotle's classification of government ((11-2016) what is Aristotelian classification of States ((1) 2021) In context Born-died 384-322 (Stagirauseece) 889 Ancient cirees Philosophy tdeningy Empiricism Main interest Political virtue Representative government, Notable ideas syllogism, Aristotear Ethics Influences Boby Plato, Scrates, Perminidies Influences on Ibn-Rushal, St Thomas Acquinal, scholaticism, Neg-Platonism Nicomachaen Ethics, Key works Polifics, Rheotoxic Meta-Physics

Bebore Aristotle Apter Aistotle 13-th century St Thomas 431BCE: Alhenian stateman pericles Acquinas mosporated states that pemoura Asistotic ideas into provides equal justice christian reachings posall. 380-60BCE: Trine 11thcentury: 7bn-Rushd Republic, Platogives popularized Aristotle the idea of Philosopher in Europe king who possess wisdom 1 INTRODUCTION Man by nature is social Animal Aristotle was born in Macodonia. His pather was a physician which has huge influenced on his thought. He joined Plato academy at the age of 20. However, He thought dipperent hoom his teacher. He was realistic

____/___!__:Ert ADTIMOTION STATISTICA PARA in his ideology and believed in Objectuation and analysis techniques sather than idealistic. This vary nature of Aviitotle led him to study the various constitutions of small city-Itates. After completed analysis the concluded that throughtout the woold the constitutions or the classification of states is based on two brinprinciples according to the number of swers and according to the pature at the onless. Thus, his dassification at states has previded a rational outlook about How states punctions in a society. do not leave these lines.....

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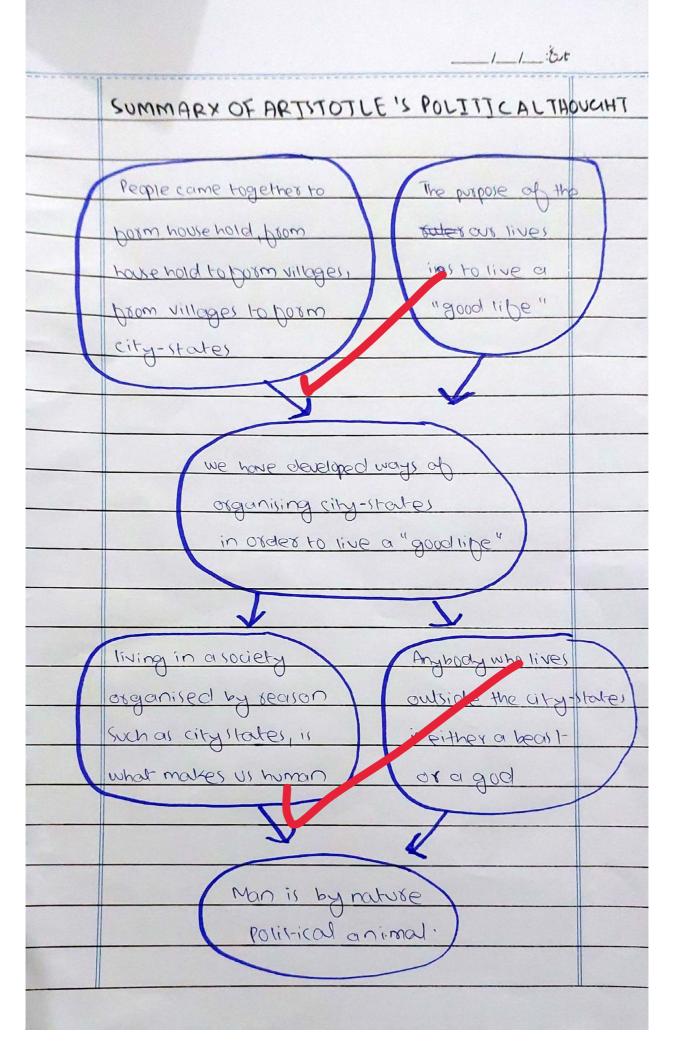
2) AMARTS TOTLES CLASSIFICATION OD STATES Rule by Number Normalitate Perverted state ap persons Monaschy 1yranny one Few Aristocracy oligarchy Democracy POlity Many According to the Aristotle, the classification ab states is based on two principles: one is on the varia of order and other is on the basis of nature or interest of the rule r. 2.1) Monarchy Monarchy is the born of government in which one man rule the country. It is government por me people because monarch gives inputance to the national interest rather than self-interest.

1_1_:6,1 8.2) Tyranny Asistotle established that when a government started seeking self-interest it converted into tyranny. It is government in which surer of the state seek of bear. 2.3) Aviltocracy Aristocracy is the government by the ben people who regard nation's interest pixer It is a good borm of government 2.4) Oligarchy when an aviito way become cossupt and seek to bulfill his personal interest then the go converted into aligarchy. Il the perverted form of government

______:.t 2.5) Polity It is a form of government in which many people sule the country. It is a good of government because it inculcates good governance and of the community. 2.6) Democracy It is the worlt or perverted form of government because in this government rules become corrupt and prioritize setti-interest over national interest. 3) ARTITOTLE'S CYCLE OF POLITICAL CHANGE Monarchy Demoway Tyramy Polity Aristorray > oligarchy

_1_1_:Ert CXCLIC POLITICAL CHANGE Superior Perion in the lociety emerged as a king 1 king began to exploit masses, tyranny establishe People didn't wo to revate, so long, this type of administration and they gave soverieng power to a pew intellectuals, establishing arist day with the Laple of Time, Aritheracy become corrupt establishing oligar ch J when oppositunity came, people made a succession revolt against oligarchy, establishing Polity However, with time, polity became perverted establishing pemolyacy People rise again democracy Again, the people elect a warrior stateman as their administrator, thus established Monarch

4) LEGALY OF PARTITOTLE'S CLANIFI-CATION OF GOVERNMENT 4.1) The history of Greek city states etas Asistotle's classification of government is the prominent example of cireek city-states in which political change is determinent by the nature of the government 4.2) COL. Namer in Egypt col- Nailer was the nationalist dictator in Egypt. After his death the government way taken over by oligarchy, Later on, Egypt established a democracy. Son Aviltotelian classification of states monifests polifical cycle of Egypt.



5) CRITILISM 5.1) Asistotelian classification of states is unscientific The major witicism on the existotles classification of state is that it is un-scientific. It is recause governments donot bollow Axistotelian cycle of political change. 5.2) Aristotelian classification does not distinguish between government and state (Bretrand Runel) Avistotele does not distinguish between the government and state. In contemporary world, state and government are seperate entities. Thesepore, Bretrand Russel called Adistotle elassification a a outdated.

5.3) It does not cover all form of modern states Aviitatelian classification of states donot support all porms of modern states For instance, nationalist dictator hips had emerged after the worldwar 2 similarly, constitutional monarchy in the U.K does not follow Oristoteliar classification of government. 6) CONCLUITON TO SUMUPI AVISTOTLE is referred as pather of Political science vis work on political governments and their constitutions have provider a legal frame work box the states. Although his fleory has some demerily, it cannot be neglected in the modern political thought. good answer!!!!