## Comprehension 6: USS 2017

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow: Education ought to teach us how to be in love always and what to be in love with. The great things of history have been done by the great lovers, saints, men of science and great uning the problem of civilization is to give every man a chance of being a saint, a man of science or an artist. But this problem cannot be solved unless men desire to be man of science and artists. And if they are to desire that continuously they must be taught what it means to be these things. We think of the man of science, or the artist if not of the saint, as a being with peculiar gifts who exercises more precisely and incessantly perhaps, activities which we all ought to exercise. It is a commonplace belief that art has ebbed away out of our ordinary life, out of all the things which we use, and that it is practiced no longer recognize the aesthetic activity as an activity of the spirit and common to all men. We do not know that when a man makes anything he discought to make it beautiful for the sake of doing so, and that when a man buys anything he ought to demand beauty in it for the sake of that beauty in it for the sake of that beauty. We think of beauty if we think of it at all, as a mere source of pleasure, and therefore it means to us an ornament added to things for which we can pay extra as we choose. But neatly is not an ornament to life, or the things made by man. It is an essential part of both. The aesthetic activity, when it reveals itself in things made by men, reveals itself in design, just as it reveals itself in the design of all natural things. It shapes objects as the moral activity shapes actions, and we ought to recognize it in objects and value it, as we recognize and value the moral activity in actions. And as actions empty of the moral activity are distasteful to us, so should objects be that are empty of the aesthetic activity. But this is not so with most of us. As we do not value the aesthetic activity in ourselves, so we do not value it; do not even recognize it or the lack of it, in the work of others. The artist, of whatever kind, is a man so much aware of the beauty of the universe that he must impart the same beauty to whatever he makes. He has exercised his aesthetic activity in the discovery of beauty in the universe before he exercises it in imparting beauty to that which he makes. He has seen things in that relation which is beauty before he can himself produce that relation in his own work, whatever it may be. And just as he sees that relation for its own sake, so he produces it

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for its own sake and satisfies the desire of his spirit in doing so. And we should value for its own sake and satisfied that relation in all things made by man if we should value his work, we should desire that relation in the universe, and if we knew that when the his work, we should desire that relation in the universe, and if we knew that, when we see it, we are habit of seeing that relation in the spirit and satisfying a spiritual desire. And we see it, we are habit of seeing that relation in the spirit and satisfying a spiritual desire. And we should know exercising an activity of the spirit and satisfying a spiritual desire in the exercising an activity of the wears unsatisfied spiritual desire in the worker; that it is waste of life and a common evil and danger, like thought without truth or action without righteousness.

(4 marks each)

Comprehension 2017 Answer no! The author is law enting about the fact that now a days people do not value outh die actuity. It is now recognized in ourselves, nor in the works realed by other people. People think of beauty as a source of seeking pleasure and nothing else. Moreover, it has become a firm belief that art fee been removed from day-to-day life and is not practiced by anyone newerno 3: Artist is a person who has a projound understanding and inight of the beauty of universe. He sees relation between or among things to show that beauty to people which he sees in this univere. In contrast, to sommon man is deprived of the necessary insight to see this selation on and bearity in this universe. th Ansular no 3: We can make our lives beautiful and charming by contemplating the relation between or among different things in this sunwise; because enly aw in this way we will exercise and practice Spiritual activity. By practice ing it with will latis Jy our spiritual desires; which will uttimately makes our life charmful, beautiful, and worth living - "Unexamined life his is not worth living." (Locrates). ness Answer nol; From the selected exerpt the writer means that beauty is not rot just on embelishment to life or the work of men but it is a necess any part of both natural and artificial preation. Without beauty, any thind of existion, whether it is natural or artificial, con not fulfill the witheren or reature the criterion of a genune work of art. Hence, beauty is not just an ornament to lige, but an indispensable part of it. atures-Answerno 5: Indeed 1 art and heavy offect practical lize and morals in a projound manner. By observing the relation between various phenomena in the universe of the project of the projec the universe, we can practice spiritual activity, Julie our spiritual desires and elevate our moral level. More over we could also make aquaintance with the truth hard that is to the truth because according to John Reale, "Beauty is truth and truth is beauty. We can also make one pradual life better by trying to complete every test with absolute perfection