- Stalvance ment of weapon's sations: India is spending rapidly on Conventional weappons So as to increase its power in Indran ocean and South ASPAN region. It was the third Jargest Country which has Envested on militerry about \$76 billion, in 2021. In addition, If was the largest weapons' importer during 2017-2081. It invested on weapons in multiple ways: advancement of the techonology of weapons, procurement at weapons, and improvement of radars System of Submarines. More over, Russia was the largest exporter of Tweepons to India in the various forms of weapons: MICI- 29, S-400 rador Control System, and R 24 helicopters. In addition, France - which was the Ind largest exporter of weapons to India - is first largest emporter's Country from Doll. Now, India towses on reducing reliance on Russia for the sake of weapons, export; nevertheless, Russia is not only provinding advance military equiptment but also Contring maritime controlling maritime and detence controlling System. India, in addition, wants to incouse 18 contentional weaspons and 6 nuclear-power submarines in which it had operated the two neicless - weapon submassine. Moreover It had made and could corried which corried more than 30 aircogts India increasing detence power is not only threat to vasian Countries but also to Pakistan and China. In fact, the India-US Coalition in exchange of Weaponization has been incollasing for several years. The US has given 24 modern gircrafts which has \$2.6 billion As Para worth. In Short, moderanization of weapons is the sign of centric threats in the region trather than peace and prosperty evolyone else in the region.

Reread after writing, the underlined parts make no sense

Too long a Para; too much info crammed into one para