

1. In every country people imagine that they are the best and the cleverest and the others as are not so good as they are. The Englishman thinks that he and his country are the best; the Frenchman is very proud of France and everything French. The Germans and Italians think no less of their countries and many Indians imagine that India is in many ways the greatest country in the world. This is wrong. Everybody wants to think well of himself and his country. But really there is no person who has not got some good and some bad qualities. In the same way, there is no country which is not partly good and partly bad. We must take the good wherever we find it and try to remove the bad wherever it may be. We are, of course, most concerned with our own country, India. Unfortunately, it is in a bad way today. Many of our people are poor and unhappy. They have no joy in their lives. We have to find out how we can make them happier. We have to see what is good in our ways and customs and try to keep it, and whatever is bad we have to throw away. If we find anything good in other countries, we should certainly take it.

where is the title and the word count?



The Author says that everybody thinks
good of themselves and their country
like Germans, Italians, Frenchmen and
Englishmen. ~~the~~ But no country is purely
perfect, good and bad are present
everywhere. (He further says that
whatever is good, according to traditions,
must be accepted and bad must
be thrown away.) The same good
things about other countries must
also be accepted and the bad
must be rejected.

this sentence makes no sense

this makes no sense and the precise is incoherent
basic requirements of precise are missing 0/20
do it again