The third great defect of our civilization is that it does not know what to do with its knowledge. Science has given us powers fit for the gods, yet we use them like small children. For example, we do not know how to manage our machines. Machines were made to be man's servants; yet he has grown so dependent on them that they are in a fair way to become his master. Already most men spend most of their lives looking after and waiting upon machines. And the machines are very stern masters. They must be fed with coal, and given petrol to drink, and oil to wash with, and they must be kept at the right temperature. And if they do not get their meals when they expect them, they grow sulky and refuse to work, or burst with rage, and blow up, and spread ruin and destruction all around them. So we have to wait upon them very attentively and do all that we can to keep them in a good temper. Already we find it difficult either to work or play without the machines, and a time may come when they will rule us altogether, just as we rule the animals.

And this brings me to the point at which I asked, "What do we do with all the time which the machines have saved for us, and the new energy they have given us?" On the whole, it must be admitted, we do very little. For the most part we use our time and energy to make more and better machines; but more and better machines will only give us still more time and still more energy, and what are we to do with them? The answer, I think, is that we should try to become mere civilized. For the machines themselves, and the power which the machines have given us, are not civilization but aids to civilization. But you will remember that we agreed at the beginning that being civilized meant making and linking beautiful things. Thinking freely, and living rightly and maintaining justice equally between man and man. Man has a better chance today to do these things than he ever had before; he has more time, more energy, less to fear and less to fight against. If he will give his time and energy which his machines have won for him to making more beautiful things, to finding out more and more about the universe, to removing the causes of quarrels between nations, to discovering how to prevent poverty, then I think our civilization would undoubtedly be the greater, as it would be the most lasing that there has ever been.

- Questions: 1. Instead of making machines our servants the author says they have become our masters. In what sense has this come about?
 - The use of machines has brought us more leisure and more energy. But the author says that this has been a curse rather than a blessing. Why?
 What exactly is the manning of laintline in the propriet of laintline in the prop
 - 3. What exactly is the meaning of 'civilization'? Do you agree with the author's views?
 - 4. 'Making more beautiful things' what does this expression mean? Make a list of the beautiful things that you would like to make and how you would make them.

 (4)
 - 5. Mention some plans you may have to prevent poverty in the world. Who would receive your most particular attention, and why?

Mignment on reading comprehension: author rays they have become our masters. In what sense has this come about? Ans. Machines have become our masters because they need proper take care. They must be fed with coal, given petrol to drink oil to wach and favourable temperature, they refue to work or burit. In this serie, the author rays That they become our maiters. and more energy. But the author rays that this has been a curse rather than a bleving. Why?

The we of markines has brought us more rejure and more energy but we we this time to make more and better markines and that will only give us will more time and more energy. We Lon't spend our time on making and thinking beautiful things. That's voly the author says that this has been a curse rather than a bleving. agree with the author's view? The meaning of civilization that making and linking beautiful things. Yes, I completly agree with the authors view that there is freedom of thinking, Living and maintaining justice that is fundamental right.

Making more beautiful things'-what does this expression mean: Make a hist of the beautiful things that you would like to make and how you would This expressions means, freedom in thinking, living and maintaining justice equally between man and man. The list of the beautiful things that I would like to make are as follows: reduce poverty, educate the people, good behavior, provide sheller to homeles people etc. All there beautiful things. All this will happen when we relect good in the world. Who would receive your most particular attention, and why? We may have to prevent proverty in the world by applying following strategies like:

1- Control population. 2-Buld industries 3. Give employment 4. Educate the people 5. amprove the training of farmers. 6-Learn skills. Organizations would review this most particular attention because they work for needy people whom minion is to end there economic crises.



Q2. Here is an excerpt from the autobiography of a short story writer. Read it carefully and answer the questions that follow.

My father loved all instruments that would instruct and fascinate. His place to keep things was the drawer in the 'library table' where lying on top of his folder map was a telescope with brass extensions, to find the moon and the Big Dripper after supper in our front yard, and to keep appointments with eclipses. In the back of the drawer you could find a magnifying glass, a kaleidoscope and a gyroscope kept in black buckram box, which he would set dancing for us on a string pulled tight. He had also supplied himself with an assortment of puzzles composed of metal rings and intersecting links and keys chained together, impossible for the rest of us, however, patiently shown, to take apart, he had an almost childlike love of the ingenious. In time, a barometer was added to our dining room wall, but we didn't really need it. My father had the country boy's accurate knowledge of the weather and its skies. He went out and stood on our front steps first thing in the morning an took a good look at it and a sniff. He was a pretty good weather prophet. He told us children what to do if we were lost in a strange country. 'Look for where the sky is brightest along the horizon,' he said. 'That reflects the nearest river. Strike out for a rive and you will find habitation'. Eventualities were much on his mind. In his care for us children he cautioned us to take measures against such things as being struck by lightening. He drew us all away from the windows during the severe electrical storms that are common where we live. My mother stood apart, scoffing at caution as a character failing. So I developed a strong meteorological sensibility. In years ahead when I wrote stories, atmosphere took its influential role from the start. Commotion in the weather and the inner feelings aroused by such a hovering disturbance emerged connected in dramatic form.

Questions

- a. why did the writer's father spend time studying the skies ? (3)
- b, why the writer thinks that there was no need of a barometer? (3)
- c. what does the bright horizon meant for the writer's father ? (3)
- d. How did her father influence the writer in her later years ? (3)
- e. explain the underlined words and phrases in the passage. (8)

(2005) a. Why did the writer's father spend time studying the skies? The writer's father spend time studying the skies because he had childlike love from this That's why he spend most of his time to searching and studying the autronomical objects. b. Why the writer thinks that there was no need of a barometer? The writer thinks that there was no need of a barometer because her father have accurate knowledge of the weather and the skies of the weather and the skies of knowledge was really good about this. c. What does the bright horizon meant for the writer's father?
Decording to her father the bright horizon meant
the reflection of the nearest river. He always said
to bis children if they were lost follow the bright
brizon then they will find habituation. d- How did her father influence the writer in In her last years when the wrote stories, atmospher took influential role from the start. The starts from the astronomical Knowledge that she gain from her father's, that gives the dramatic enforcesion in her its in her story.