

Topic: Does poverty lead to crime?

1. Introduction

2. Crunch paragraph

3. Living in poverty does not necessarily lead to criminal behavior. (Thesis)

- a). Crime is a moral act, not a social.
- b). Worst family relationships lead to crime.
- c). Defective consciousness or emotional immaturity generate crime.
- d). Poverty is not an excuse for criminal behavior.
- e). Poor class is not involved in ~~some~~ crimes

4. Poverty lead people to engage in criminal behavior. (Anti-thesis)

- a). Lack of opportunities provoke ~~crime~~ crime.
- b). poverty can create stress and ~~instability~~ instability in family and causes criminal acts.
- c). poverty accelerate mental illness that causes criminal behavior.
- d). Social differences enhances the rate



of crime in poor class.

e. ~~use~~ <sup>Temptation</sup> of money forces them to do crime of any gravity.

5. Crime is not related to poverty (synthesis)

a). Modern crime is only accessible for rich.

b). Maternal deprivation in elite class deprives

c). The sense of right and wrong.

d). Poor moral sense generates crime.

e). Poor are having strong moral values than rich class.

f). Fear of consequences stops them from doing wrong.

6. Conclusion.

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Topic: Brain drain is the biggest loss  
of for a nation.

1. Introduction

2. Crunch Paragraph

3. Reasons of Brain drain in Society

a. Economic opportunities; including new and better jobs

b. Lack of religious and basic rights



- c. Political instability and strife
- d. Lack of required educational facilities.
- e. Less chances of career advancement opportunities.
- f. The lack of rule of law is a significant factor in brain drain.

#### 4. Brain drain can be detrimental to a country

- a. Brain drain directly hit the economic growth of a nation.
- b. Brain drain also result in a loss of cultural diversity.
- c. This can lead to shortage of skilled persons in key areas.
- d. This discourages the foreign investors.
- e. Brain drain can reduce a country's capacity for innovations.
- f. Nations will lag behind in the race of technology.

#### 5. Policies required to reduce brain drain

- a. This rate can be reduced by investing in education and research.
- b. By providing better job opportunities and increasing salaries.

- c. By ensuring rule of law to minorities.
- d. Brain drain can also be reduced by ~~g~~ providing regional freedom.
- e. By making a system of "Bonus" for intellectual workers.

## 6. Conclusion.