

The one who uses force is afraid of reasoning

1) Introduction:

This statement: Individuals use force for various reasons which have certain negative implications. However, the benefits of reasoning are far more fruitful.

2) What does the proverb "The one who uses force is afraid of reasoning" signify?

3) Why individuals use force instead of reasoning?

a) They are incompetent and want to hide their insecurities

b) Nurturing plays a vital role in future behavior

c) Those who are bullied at early age

d) Those who are over-ambitious

4) The fallacy of force

a) Violence leads to human rights abuse

b) It leads to gender-based violence

- c, it breeds separatist movements
- d, it is one of the main reasons of wars among nations

5) The Power of Reasoning

- a, conflicts can be resolved through reasoning and dialogue
- b, Many scientific innovations are the result of curiosity and reasoning
- c, Reasoning breeds intellectuals
- d, Through reasoning one can achieve one's goals

6) ~~Balance~~ In what circumstances force can be justified?

7, Conclusion

Individuals use force for various reasons which have certain negative implications. However, the benefits of reasoning are far more fruitful. During mid-20th century in US, African Americans faced widespread racism and discrimination. This prompt civil rights leader Martin Luther King Jr. to lead The Civil Rights Movement.

Rather than resorting to aggression, he relied on reasoned arguments and moral persuasion to challenge the existing oppressive system. The opponents of civil rights movement, instead of engaging in rational dialogue, responded with violence.

Ultimately, these non-violent and reasoned methods bring about significant social and legal advancements in the fight against racism. The success of civil rights movement emphasizes the power of reasoned arguments in challenging oppressive systems. So, from the above example it is evident that in the battle between force and reasoning, reasoning will ultimately win.

Those who prefer force over reasoning are incompetent, over-ambitious, got bullied and are grown in an uncondusive environment. But, this has negative implications as it leads to human rights abuse, Gender-based violence, Separatists movements and is one of the primary causes of war among nations. Contrarily, the advantages of reasoning are far more fruitful as it resolve conflicts, breeds intellectuals and it is through reasoning that one can achieve one's goals.

The term "force" implies fear and ^{weakness} insecurity while "reasoning" signifies strength and confidence. It means that when ^{People} someone resorts to force or violence to achieve ^{its} ^{their} goals or resolve conflicts, lacks confidence in their ability to convince others through logical arguments. On the other hand, ^{People} people who use reasoning are seen more powerful and effective in resolving disputes. Therefore, it suggests that those who are confident in the strength of their reasoning

are less likely to resort to violence or forceful measures.

After defining the proverb, it is pertinent to mention why do individuals use force.

Most important of all is that they are incompetent and want to hide their insecurities. When they ~~go~~ failed to achieve what they want because of lack of confidence in their own skills, ~~a~~ knowledge and abilities, they use force to assert dominance and avoid situations where their incompetence may be exposed. For example, Adolf Hitler exhibited a range of insecurities. When ~~he has~~ failed to uplift Germany from economic crisis, he pursued a policy of expansionism and launched WWII. His use of force and propaganda aimed to hide his own insecurities and project an image of strength. Therefore, being incompetent is one of the major reasons individuals use force.

Apart from being incompetent, those who are bullied at an early age also exhibit violent behavior. Bullying inflicts emotional toll on people. Individuals who are bullied at an early age harbor resentment and are more likely to express it in future behavior.

For instance, Joseph Stalin experienced a challenging childhood marked by poverty and abuse. His experiences in his formative years made him ruthless and aggressive. Stalin rose to power within Soviet Union and used force to maintain control and suppress dissent. Hence, bullying contributes largely to violent behavior.

Similarly, ⁿ Nurturing plays a vital role in future behavior. Socialization shapes one's behavior. When individuals are exposed to violent environment, specifically that in broken homes, are tend to embody such behavior.

According to a research "Children and Violence" in Social Policy Report, the trauma to exposure to violence in childhood sow the seed of violence. That is why, growing up in a certain environment shapes one's future behavior.

Apart from that, people who are over-ambitious use force to impair their will on others. When they want to achieve their idealistic dreams, they adopt any means necessary. Furthermore, when their all ill-cooked measures fail to bring about any advancements, they resort to force. For example, the utopian ambition of Alexander the Great was to conquer the entire world. So, he started conquering territory after territory through force. Hence, those who are over-ambitious will resort to force in order to achieve their goals.

Having considered the various factors behind using force, it is also important to discuss its negative implications.

Foremost, violence leads to human rights abuse. Those individuals, whether in position of authority or ordinary, when use force will always violate human rights, such as rights to life, property and liberty. Atrocities of Indian forces in Indian occupied Kashmir is one prime example of how ^{using} force violates human rights. The people of Kashmir exercise their right to peaceful protest, however, it is ~~suppressed~~ suppressed through force by Indian troops in which many innocent Kashmiris lost their lives. Therefore, the use of force will always violate human rights in one form or another.

In addition to that, the use of force also leads to ~~Gender~~ ^{Gender}-Based violence.

The use of force is often associated with power imbalances, where one person exerts control and dominance

over another. In many societies, gender inequalities exist, with women having lower social status and fewer social opportunities compared to men.

The use of force can be employed as a means to reinforce these power imbalances, leading to gender-based violence. Therefore, using force contribute to gender-based violence.

Additionally, the use of force breeds separatist movements. When a particular cultural, ethnic or religious identity is suppressed through force, it harbors resentment and a desire for self-determination. If a government or dominant group tries to forcefully assimilate or suppress the distinct identity of a particular community, it can lead to a backlash in the form of separatist movements seeking independence. For example, the emergence of The Irish Republican Army (IRA) is

attributed to the assimilation of Irish identity by the British. The IRA sought to end British ~~rule~~ control and establish united Ireland. The use of force by both sides, including military action, fueled grievances and aspirations for separatism. Hence, separatism is one of the many negative effects of using force.

Apart from ~~not~~ breeding separatism, it is also one of the main reasons of wars among nations. When one nation invades or attacks ~~at~~ another, may it be for natural resources or expansionism, ^{or any other} reasons will always provoke another nation to defend itself leading to war. For instance, The Iraq War, which began in 2003, was initiated by a US-led coalition invasion of Iraq. The use of force by the invading coalition against Iraq led to a conflict that lasted for several years. So, using force is a major reason behind wars among nations.

Having discussed the negative implications of using force, it is time to mention the advantages of engaging in reasoning and dialogue. Foremost, through reasoning and dialogue conflicts can be resolved. When two conflicting parties engaged in a meaningful dialogue, the chances are high that it will yield positive results. For example, during Cuban Missiles Crisis the two nuclear powers USA and Soviet Union were on the verge of collide. The crisis began when the US discovered that the Soviet Union installed nuclear missiles in Cuba, it was a direct threat to the national security of the US. The then US President John F. Kennedy was advised by US air force to ~~attack~~ shoot these missiles, ~~but~~ fortunately, he refused and opt for dialogue and negotiations with the then president of Soviet Union Nikita ~~Khrushchev~~ Khrushchev, they were able to diffuse the crisis and reach a peaceful resolution. Therefore, one can

avoid conflicts through reasoning.

Similarly, many scientific innovations are the result of curiosity and reasoning. Reasoning is an essential component of the scientific process and contributes significantly to scientific innovations. Theory of General Relativity is one such example. It was a groundbreaking innovation that revolutionized our understanding of gravity. Einstein developed this theory through reasoning and conceptual insights. Therefore, reasoning plays a vital role in scientific innovations.

Besides, Reasoning ^{also} breeds intellectuals. The process of reasoning involves deep thinking which helps in developing mental capabilities. In other words, reasoning is a cornerstone of intellectual development. It cultivates critical thinking, problem-solving abilities and logical argumentation. By honing reasoning skills, individuals can foster intellectual growth. That is why, reasoning makes one intellectually sound.



Additionally, through reasoning one can achieve one's goals. Firstly, reasoning helps individuals clarify their goals and objectives in order to identify specific goals and objectives. Secondly, reasoning allows individuals to develop effective plans and strategies. It involves analyzing current situation, potential obstacles and resources at hand.

By doing so, individuals can devise a logical strategy to increase chances of success. Lastly, reasoning is essential for problem-solving, which is often necessary for achieving. It helps individuals to evaluate potential solutions for achieving their goals. For instance, Muhammad Ali Jinnah, instead of resorting to forceful methods, used reasoning to demand separate homeland for Muslims and ultimately he succeeded to accomplish his goal. Therefore, reasoning plays a crucial role in achieving goals.

After discussing the fallacy of force and the power of reasoning, it is also important to mention in that in what circumstances force can be justified. Some believe that always resorting to reasoning is the sign of cowards, it may be rightly said if individuals do not retaliate in case of defence. So, force can be justified if used in self-defence ~~and~~ in case of any foreign invasion.

In a nutshell, force is a symbol of weakness, while, reasoning is a symbol of strength. Force is often used by those who are incompetent, grown in veiled environment and ~~are~~ too idealistic.

By doing so, it can pave the way for human rights abuse, gender-based violence and conflicts among nations. Contrarily, ~~through~~ ^{using} reasoning can lead to better outcomes, such as scientific innovations, intellectual human resource and conflict resolution. Moreover, force



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