

Q.1 Write a Précis of the following and suggest a suitable title:

(20+5=25)

(THE GREATEST civilization before ours was the Greek. They, too, lived in a dangerous world. They were a little civilized people, surrounded by barbarous and always threatened by the greatest Asian power Persia. In the end they succumbed, but the reason they did was not the enemies outside were too strong, but that their spiritual strength had given way.) While they had it, they kept Greece unconquered.) Basic to all Greek achievements was freedom.) (The Athenians were the only free people in the world. In the great empires of antiquity. Egypt, Babylon, Abyssinia and Persia splendid though they were with riches and immense power, freedom was unknown.) The idea it was born in Greece and with it Greece was able to prevail against all the manpower and wealth arrayed against her. At Marathon and at Salamis overwhelming numbers of Persians were defeated by small Greek forces. It was proved there that one free man was superior to many submissively obedient subjects of a tyrant. And Athens, where freedom was the dearest possession, was the leader in those amazing victories.)

(Greece rose to the very height, not because she was big, she was very small; not because she was rich, she was very poor, not even because she was wonderfully gifted. So doubtless were others in the great empires of the ancient world who have gone their leaving little for us. She rose because there was in the Greeks the greatest spirit that moves in humanity, the spirit that sets men free.)

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Batch 0-39

Precis:

Greek were the Greatest Civilizations that even barbarous and threatened by Persia. After this all due to their spiritual strength towards Freedom they got Success. The Athenians were only people who slave the Great empires Egypt, Babylon, Abyssinia and Persia. At Marathon and at Salamis Persians are defeated by Greek forces. it proves the Athens, A victorious leader. Poverty did not come in their way because they have spirit of Freedom that liberate Greeks from domination.

Title:

Spirit of Freedom in Greek Civilization.

title:

(20+5)

The man, for instance, who, having wealth, is yet lacking in refinement of mind, who has no education by which he may understand and enjoy the beauties of literature, art and nature, can only use his money for the gratification or sexual appetites and be, therefore, not all-powerful. Any power he may have is the power of a brute which works for destruction rather edification. On the other hand is the man of trained intellect, the man whose soul has been open to the noble influences around him, who has treasured up not gold but a store of precious learning. He looks calmly upon the world around him, scorns its foibles and despises its so-called pleasures. He has within himself a source of intellectual joy in contemplation of the mysteries and problems of the world and its history. He is the Man of Power before whom the Man of Gold must bow down in homage as to a king. Carlyle, in his study, living with his wife on an income of \$100 per annum, but sending forth living words to stir the hearts of his countrymen, was more powerful than an American Millionaire, or any other whose money was used merely for perishable things of the world.

Precis :

The man, having wealth, but lack of education could not enjoy the literature, art and nature. Only have power of brute that is destroying the man. On the other side the man with intellectual abilities, looks calmly upon the world and work on their flaws. he has source of intellectual due to this work on their problems. Man with wealth bow down in front of him because of his intellectualities. Carlyle, the man with less income live with his wife when he talk with pleasure everyone become happy. This is better than any millionaire.

Title : Education is Powerful than Money.