

15/06/2023

"Essay"

Day: Thursday

TOPIC: "Democracy in Pakistan: Hopes and Hurdles."

Demographic Thesis Statement:

Pakistan is a democratic country since it has become independent. Democracy is one of the main pillars for the development of a country.

Democracy plays a vital role to maintain the rule of law in a country. There are many reasons due to which the democracy in Pakistan is facing hurdles like instability in politics and Martial Law culture. For smooth democracy, there must be independence in every institution of Pakistan.

Outline:

- (1) Introduction
- (2) An Overview of democracy in Pakistan.
- (3) Hopes for democracy in Pakistan.
 - (a) Strong political system.
 - (b) Public share in decision.
 - (c) Transparency and accountability.
 - (d) Free and fair justice.
 - (e) Strong economic system.
 - (f) Independent institutions.
- (4) Hurdles/challenges in the way of democracy in Pakistan.
 - (a) Personal interests of political leaders.
 - (b) Poor economy.
 - (c) Dependence on foreign aid.
 - (d) Un-equal distribution of resources.
 - (e) No moral code of conduct.
 - (f) Nepotism in Pakistani politics.

(5)

Way forward to stabilized democracy in Pakistan.

- (a) Empowerment of Local Govt.
- (b) Distribution of resources must be equal.
- (c) Awareness among people.
- (d) Encourage educated and talented youth toward politics.
- (e) Equal laws for every citizen.

(6)

Conclusion:

"The ignorance of one voter in democracy impairs the security of all." (John F. Kennedy).
 The role of voter ~~play~~ is very important for a strong democratic system. It is very important that every citizen should participate in election process by using their right of vote. The inactive participation in voting process may lead to weaken democratic system. Since the creation of Pakistan in 1947, the democracy in Pakistan has been witnessing both hopes and hurdles. Quaid-e-Azam the founder of Pakistan was always in the favour of strong democratic system. After the death of Jinnah many other leaders like Liaquat Ali Khan also struggled for a stable and smooth democratic system. However, there were many barriers which became an obstacle in their way of democracy. The imposition of martial law by dictator Ayub Khan was one of the major factors. The personal interests of political leader, poor economy, dependency on foreign aid and unequal distribution of resources

Become major barriers in the way of democracy. Thus, the democratic systems in Pakistan do not achieve that much success. As we know that Pakistan is a democratic country since ~~1947~~ it became independent. No doubt, democracy play vital role in the development of country. For smooth democracy, there must be rule of law empowerment of local govt and awareness among the people is necessary, instead of this the participation of educated and talented youth can play very important role in the success of stable democracy.