Precis Education Utilization of Purposive divide this sentence into two separate senten it is too long this sentence makes no sense this tuous, Arquably, usie (impulsive sen leunc according) be provide for positive growth basic grammar is very weak sentence structure is not main idea is picked but unable to explain in your words over all below average need improvement 4/20

Comprehension Passage Hoppiness is important to most people who are facing a lot of challenges in their struggling life. They wont spiritual peace. the difference between moterial wealth is happiness, adaches to the paste 2.2 The outhor characterizes the concept this ans is unclear and makes no sense this way that awareness about lessen the consumption of material things to one's influence on the environment. It one's free-will to make changes in to improve splituality. The impact of feared by the growing consumerism of modern society is advertisement pressure with intimodations. Their products are rejectable and unsuccessful. Thus they should be coneful about restrictions. they who?>? incorrect and unclear ans

The influence that makes difficult for people te reduce Fehri consumption patterns is on economic struggle while living with minumal difficulties with poverty and social inferiority. Hence, one should ensures their future resources for utilization. The challonge of voluntary simplicity is they usually designed (sutdated) goods with cheap things. Good quality is hard to find. Moreover, expensive things are good in use. The resources for natione, better more surrounding space, and better life. sentences are incomplete and unclear in meaning ans are not satisfactory basics are weak need improvement 4/20



FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION – 2023 FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

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ENGLISH (PRECIS & COMPOSITION)

TIME AI PART-I(PART-I (MCQS) PART-II	MAXIMUM MARKS = 20 MAXIMUM MARKS = 80
NOTE:	(i)	Part-II is to be attempted on the separate A	nswer Book.	
	(ii)	Attempt ALL questions from PART-II.		
	(iii)	All the parts (if any) of each Question must	be attempted at one place in	istead of at different places.
	(iv)	Candidate must write Q. No. in the Answer	Book in accordance with Q.	No. in the Q.Paper.
	(v)	No Page/Space be left blank between the ar	swers. All the blank pages of	of Answer Book must be crossed.
	(vi)	Extra attempt of any question or any part of	the attempted question will	not be considered.

PART-II

Q.2. Write a précis of the following passage in about 120 words and also suggest a suitable title:

(20)

On the question of freedom in education there are at present three main schools of the night, deriving partly from differences as to ends and partly from differences in psychological theory. There are those who say that children should be completely free. however bad they may be: there are those who say they should be completely subject to authority. however good they may be; and there are those who say they should be free. but in spite of freedom they should be always good. This last party is larger than it has any logical right to be; children, like adults, will not all be virtuous if they are all free. The belief that liberty will ensure moral perfection is a relic of Rousseauism, and would not survive a study of animals and babies. Those who hold this belief think that education should have no positive purpose, but should merely offer an environment suitable for spontaneous development. I cannot agree with this school, which seems to me too individualistic, and unduly indifferent to the importance of knowledge. We live in communities which require co-operation. and it would be utopian to expect all the necessary co-operation to result from spontaneous impulse. The existence of a large population on a limited area is only possible owing to source and technique; education must, therefore, hand on the necessary minimum of these. The educators who allow most freedom are men whose success depends upon a degree of benevolence, self-control, and trained intelligence which can hardly be generated where every impulse is left unchecked; their merits, therefore, are not likely to be perpetuated if their methods are undiluted. Education, viewed from a social standpoint, must be something more positive than a mere opportunity for growth. It must, of course, provide this, but it must also provide a mental and moral equipment which children cannot acquire entirely for themselves.

Q.3. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow:

(20)

The majority of people have always lived simply, and most of humanity still struggles on a daily basis to eke out a meager existence under dire circumstances. Only in affluent industrialized countries do people have the luxury of more goods and services than they need to survive. On the basis of material wealth. North Americans and Europeans should be the happiest people on earth, but according to the 2012 Happy Planet Index (HPI), they are not Surprisingly, what had begun as an experimental lifestyle evolved into a quiet revolution that spread the word through books such as Duane Elgin's best-selling Voluntary Simplicity: Toward a Way of Loft dust Ss Outwardly Simple. inwardly Rich (1981), as well as numerous magazines, alternative communities of the like-minded, and, later. Internet websites, Combined with a growing awareness of the environmental consequences of consumerism, the voluntary simplicity movement sought to reduce the consumption of goods and energy and to minimize one's personal impact on the environment. -Voluntary,' denotes s free and conscious choice to make appropriate changes that will enrich life in a deeper, spiritual sense. -Simplicity- reefers to the hick of clutter, that is, climinating all those things, patterns. habits. and ideas that Lake control of stir lives and distract us from our inner selves. However, this is not to be confused with poverty, which is involuntary, degrading, and debilitating. Neither does it mean that people must live on a farm or reject progress or technology. or do ye/about what is necessary for their comfort and welfare. To practice voluntary simplicity, one must differentiate between what one wants (psychological desires) and what one needs (basic requirements of life). and seek a healthy balance that is compatible with both. Ina consumer society where advertising bombards us with the message that without this. that. and the other product, we are unsuccessful, undesirable, and unimportant. being clear on what you really need and resisting what you don't can be an ongoing struggle. The beauty of voluntary simplicity is that it is a philosophy, and not a dogma. How one goes about it depends on individual character, cultural background. and climate. For this, three Rs (i.e., Reduce, Recycle 8c Reuse) represent the best way to get a handle on rampant consumerism. In economies driven by the quest for ever more, living with less is erroneously equated with poverty and social inferiority. By conserving energy, for instance, you are actually ensuring that more resources are available for future use. By making a frugal budget and sticking to it. you can eliminate unnecessary expenses. Recycling paper, metal, plastic, and glass and reusing building materials and old clothing keep materials in the loop and out of Landfills. Pooling skills and resources through barter networks not only saves money. but sharing with others establishes bonds and fosters a sense of community. With the glut of cheap goods that are usually designed for obsolescence, quality Products that last are becoming progressively harder to find. In the long run, a more expensive but durable and repairable item or even an older used item that is still in good condition is a better investment than a brand new piece of funk that will only break down and end up in the trash. Thus, at the heart of voluntary simplicity is the conscious realization that less is really more. Less consumption means more resources for nature generations. Less activity that brings little satisfaction or reward is more time for yourself and your loved ones. Less stuff is more space to move around in. Less stress means more relaxation and better health. Less worry provides more enjoyment and more fulfillment in life.

Questions:	1.	How important is happiness to most people, and what is the relationship between	
		material wealth and happiness?	

- 2. How does the author characterize the concept of "Voluntary Simplicity" as a movement and as a philosophy?
- What impact is feared by the growing consumerism of modern society? (4)
- 4. What influences make it difficult for people to reduce tehri consumption patterns? (4)
- What are the challenges and rewards of voluntary simplicity? (4)