

Q

Write a comprehensive note on
autonomy versus integration
debate in gender studies.

Answer-

Introduction

'Gender Studies' is
debated on autonomy
and integration
term. Recently.

(- Belenky, 1986)

Debate in 'Gender Studies'
on autonomy and integration
is prevailed since the twentieth
century. Several phenomena
agree and disagree on
integration, as well as, on
autonomy. There is, auton-
omy versus integration debate
in gender studies. It is
ongoing today.

2-

What does autonomy refer
to?

"Autonomy advocates
independence of

Gender Studies."

(- Jeremias)

Autonomy refers to 'Gender Studies' as an independence subject. Hence, it focus on only 'Gender' related issues.

3- What does integration refers to?

"Integration is a co-operating of 'Gender Studies' with other subjects."

(- Jeremias)

- OR -

Integration is all about of merge of 'Gender Studies'.

(Belinsky)

Integration is a connective term. In fact, integration means 'Gender Studies' with other subjects as an inclusive.

Therefore, integration advocates co-ordination of 'Gender Studies'.

4-

Origin of autonomy of 'gender'.

"Gender Studies got significance from feminism
began in the 19th

century."

(- Belinsky)

Gender Studies initially got origin from feminism movement. In fact, it first began in the Netherlands and in France in 1878. Later, it got popularity in the Britain, in 1890.

In 1910, the USA also advocated feminists in the early 20th century. Therefore, Gender Studies got origin from feminism.

Origin of 'Gender Studies'

← 1874	the Netherlands and France
← 1890	the UK
← 1910	the USA

5-

Debate on autonomy of 'Gender Studies'

"Autonomy is the result of feminist work."

(- Belenky)

Autonomy leads to 'Gender Studies' significance. In fact, autonomy has more potential in advocacy of 'Gender Studies' as a separate discipline. Therefore, autonomy is preferred by feminists.

6. Debate on integration of 'Gender Studies'

"Gender Studies is not the result of feminist work."

(- Belenky)

However, 'Gender Studies' as an integration has not been advocated by feminists. In field of rights of genders, integration debate is less supported by feminists.

Therefore, integration debate has less potential as compared to autonomy of 'Gender Studies' ✓

7. Proponents on autonomy versus integration debate for 'Gender Studies'

"Autonomy is an essence of 'Gender' rights." (Belenky)

Autonomy is positively introduced by feminists as a need of separate discipline. However, after argue in favour of integration as:

"Women is as 'ghetto'." (Simone-de Beauvoir)

But, in 1986, Belenky and her colleague favoured autonomy as a separate discipline in 'Gender Studies'.

"Autonomy of 'Gender Studies'
will solve 'gender'
problems."

(-Belensky, 1986)

Hence, a great debate on
autonomy versus integration of
'Gender Studies' is prevailed

8- Implications of autonomy of
'Gender Studies'

'Autonomy will encourage

feminism."

(-Jermoluk)

Autonomy will support feminism.

In fact, autonomy is a part
of feminists work. Hence,
feminists will be encouraged.

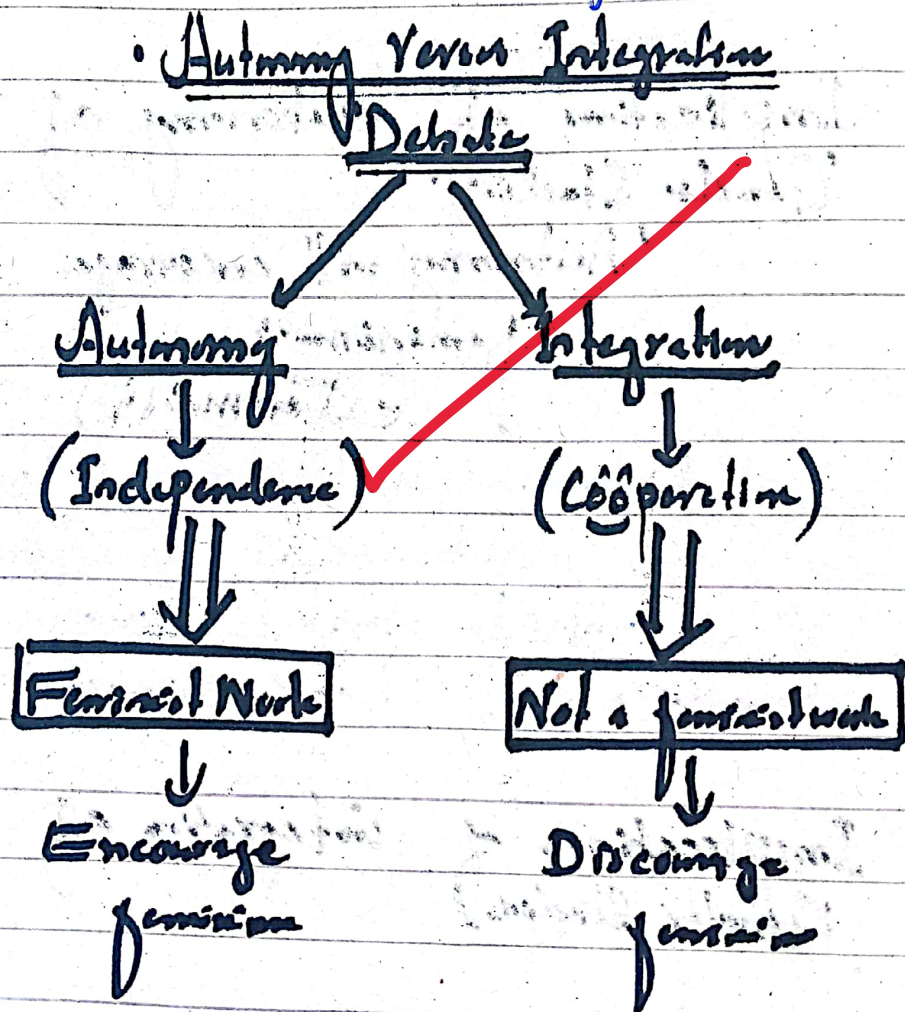
9- Implications of integration of
'Gender Studies'

"Integration of Gender
Studies will suppress
gender rights."

(-Belensky)

discuss these implications part in a bit detail by giving subheadings.

Integration of Gender Studies
will suppress gender rights.
In fact, gender rights already
are under patriarchal
expression. Hence, integration
will discourage feminism.



10-

Conclusion

One is not born
to become woman,

one to have to
become one."

(Sigmund Freud)

Autonomy versus Integration

debate in 'Gender Studies' is

a significant debate. In fact,
perspectives of autonomy and
integration are related to
gender.

Therefore, autonomy

versus integration is a
debate in 'Gender Studies'.

work on the structure. increase the proportion of the aspect primarily asked.